THE WEATHER.

Local showers today and Sunday.

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LORIMER OUSTED; DEFIANT TO LAST

Senate Declared by Vote That Illinois Senator Secured Election by Corrupt Methods and Practices—Senator Simmons Against Him—Marks End of Remarkable Fight—Takes its Decision Calmly.

Washington, July 13.—Overturning the majority of its own committee, and reversing its vote of March 1, 1911, the Senate today took away from William Lorimer his seat as junior Senator from Illinois by a vote of 55 to 28. A member of the Senate since June 18, 1909, Mr. Lorimer today was declared to have been the recipient of votes secured by "corrupt methods and practices" and his election was held to have been invalid.

Technically, Mr. Lorimer will pass out of the records of the Senate as a member of that body, notwithstanding his more than three years' occupancy of his seat. Facing his associates with the declaration: "I am ready," Mr. Lorimer sat in the chamber and heard his fate decreed as the roll call showed the adoption of the resolution of Senator Luke Lea, of Tennessee, the Senate's youngest member.

The man who for three days had held the Senate to close attention with his remarkable speech of defense and attack upon his enemies, rose wearily from his seat, and passed back to a cloak room door. Senators and members of the House gathered about him grasping his hand, and patting him on the back. Outside the Senate door, as Mr. Lorimer stepped into the corridor, friends greeted him again and a party of Sisters of Charity pushed forward to express regret at his expulsion. At his office later, when a physician had attended him, he said he would not leave Washington before the first of next week.

Gained Only One Man.

The outcome of the vote was not a surprise; but the leaders of the fight against him had not estimated a greater vote than 50 to 35. Lorimer gained only one of the men who voted against him March 1st, 1911, Senator Jones, of Washington; while he lost the votes of his associate, Senator Cullom, and of Senators Curtis, of Kansas; Briggs, of New Jersey; Simmons, of North Carolina, and Watson, of West Virginia.

Lorimer's fight for his own official life began in the Senate chamber early Thursday afternoon. When he concluded his eloquent declaration that he was not a coward and "would not run in the face of certain defeat," at 2 o'clock this afternoon he had held the floor for 12 hours, with intermissions and recess to restore his strength.

The moving character of Lorimer's appeal was admitted on every hand, but it apparently swayed no votes. Instead of the pleading defense that had been expected, it was throughout a ringing defiance to those who had opposed him, a declaration of his unfaltering belief in the purity of his election in Illinois and a promise that he would not give up his fight with his eviction from the Senate.

"It has been suggested that I resign," he said in his closing declaration. "He who is so cowardly as to run because defeat stares him in the face, has no place in this body. Though you all vote to turn me out; though every vote has been canvassed and is against me, I will not resign. My exit from this body will not be from fear; it will not be because I am a coward; it will be because of the crime of the Senate of the United States."

Only two incidents marked the few minutes between the nomination, or Lorimer's speech, and the taking of the roll call which resulted in his defeat. One was the charge of Senator Dixon, Col. Roosevelt's campaign manager, that the affidavits Lorimer had introduced to show attempted corruption of delegates to the Chicago convention were "malicious and deliberate falsehoods."

Senator Tillman Wept.

The other was the request of Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, feeble from the effects of paralysis, for permission to have the clerk read a statement from him. It was an affirmation of his belief in Lorimer's innocence, and a pathetic statement of his own feebleness. Tillman wept as it was read, and other members of the Senate exhibited deep feeling.

"Since I was stricken with paralysis 30 months ago," said Tillman's statement, "I have thought often and seriously about death and the hereafter. That I am here at all is in some respects a miracle, and I know I must go hence and meet the Great Judge face to face very soon. I cannot do otherwise than vote as my conscience dictates, and I believe this man is innocent of the charges brought against him."

Senator Tillman expressed the hope that Mr. Lorimer would consecrate the remainder of his life to the purification of politics in Chicago and to the uplift of his fellow citizens in Illinois.

"I believe if he does bravely fight for a purer and better government in Illinois," he said, "God will strengthen his arm and he will return to the Senate vindicated by the people of that great State."

As Lorimer walked out of the Senate door into the Republican cloak room the chief clerk of the House, Jerry South, announced to the Senate the impeachment of Judge Robert W. Archbald, of the Commerce Court.

Lorimer May Fight On.

Discussing the possibility of a further fight for his vindication, Senator Lorimer said tonight:

"I must think things over and talk with my friends before I can say that I shall go into a political fight for vindication. The place for me to make a fight, if I should determine on such a course, would be before the people. The candidates for the Legislature which will select my successor have already been made. Consequently I cannot go into the coming fight. Thus I should have to wait until two years hence. I have not looked that far ahead. Before reaching any decision on that point I want to have a full opportunity to talk with my friends back home."

Senator Lorimer said that he would return to his Summer home, about 50 miles from Chicago, on Monday, unless business called him to New York. He said that he had neglected his business for the past two years and believed he should immediately turn his attention to it.

The Senate, as constituted when the Lorimer vote was taken, had 94 members. The vacancies caused by the deaths of Charles J. Hughes, Jr., of Colorado, and George S. Bixon, of Nevada, had not been filled. Immediately after the vote, however, the Nevada vacancy was filled when W. A. Massey, appointed by the Governor of Nevada to fill Senator Nixon's unexpired term, was sworn in. He had been waiting three days to take the oath of office, but was prevented by consideration of the Lorimer case.

The unseating of Lorimer closed a fight that had not ceased since the publication of the charges of Charles A. White, by the Chicago Tribune early in 1910.

Mr. Lorimer was elected as junior Senator from Illinois by the Legislature of that State May 26th, 1909. He was at that time a member of the United States House of Representatives, having been elected first to the 54th Congress in 1894. He continued to hold his seat in the House of Representatives until June 17th, 1909, nearly a month after his selection to the Senate. He then resigned and was sworn in as Senator the next day.

His election came after the Statewide primary had enforced Senator Albert J. Hopkins for re-election. A deadlock in the Legislature prevented the election of Hopkins and Lorimer's election ultimately was brought about by the support of the 53 Democrats.

The charges of bribery in connection with the Lorimer election were made public by the Chicago Tribune April 30, 1910, when it published a confession of State Representative Charles A. White, that he had received $1,000 to vote for Lorimer. Senator Lorimer specifically denied these charges in a speech in the Senate May 28th, of that year and said he courted an investigation.

The Senate authorized an investigation June 20th, and it began in Chicago September 20, 1909, under the direction of Senator Julius C. Burrows, of Michigan. As a result of that first investigation Lorimer was exonerated by the Senate committee and on March 1, 1911, the Senate by a vote of 46 to 40 affirmed his title to a seat.

The second investigation began June 20, 1911, as a result of charges that new evidence had been found, particularly the statement of Clarence S. Funk, of the International Harvester Company, that Edward Hines had asked him to contribute to a $100,000 Lorimer fund. The second investigating committee, presided over by Senator Dillingham, of Vermont, again affirmed Mr. Lorimer's title to his seat; but the vote in the Senate today was an overwhelming defeat of the committee report as well as of Mr. Lorimer.

Senator Simmons' Statement.

Washington, D. C., July 13.—Senator Simmons said tonight, in explaining his Lorimer vote, first for the Illinois Senator and today against him, that his first vote was cast upon the evidence then before the committee and acting as a juror, he voted for Mr. Lorimer. The second investigation, Senator Simmons says, showed additional evidence which was sufficient, in his opinion, to show that money had been used to buy votes.

"The scope of the first investigation was limited," says the senior Senator.

"And the evidence covered only about 700 pages. Later, when it was claimed that new evidence of great importance had been discovered, and, the Legislature of Illinois, basing its request upon the findings of the Helm committee, asked that the case be reopened, and another investigation should be had, inasmuch as the first investigation was admittedly incomplete, as before indicated, the Senate decided to re-open the case, and a resolution was passed raising a special committee for that purpose. The resolution ordering this investigation was prepared by Senator Martin, of Virginia, the Democratic leader, and submitted by him to the Democratic caucus which approved it.

"The second investigation was a most thorough and searching one. The evidence taken covers 8,700 pages of printed matter. This evidence, I think, shows that the "jack pot" fund which the first committee did not inquire into, because they thought it irrelevant, and immaterial, is not only

(Continued on Page Eight.)

Three Principsls in the Lorimer Case Just Closed

SENATOR LORIMER CHARLES A. WHITE LEE O'NEILL BROWN

Washington, D. C., July 13.—Re-versing its vote of March 1st, 1911, the Senate today unseated William Lorimer as junior Senator from Illinois, by a vote of 55 to 28, the vote being dramatic in the extreme, though the result was not unexpected. Senator Lorimer concluded his speech in his own behalf yesterday afternoon, paying his respects in no uncertain terms to Charles A. White, who first confessed, and Lee O'Neill Brown, who was charged with paying out some of the funds to White and others.

TEDDY IS CLAIMING VICTORY

Declares He Caused Expulsion of Senator Lorimer—Recalls Hamilton Club Dinner—Says It Was His Fight

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 13.—"It was my fight and it is my victory," said Colonel Roosevelt today when he learned of the expulsion of Senator William Lorimer from the United States Senate, "the whole thing began when I refused to dine with him at the Hamilton Club dinner. If I had sat quietly through that dinner there would have been no division in the Senate Committee and the whole thing would have been dropped. I made the stand, and the fight kept growing on and on."

The Hamilton Club dinner, of which Colonel Roosevelt referred was held in Chicago two years ago. The colonel created a good deal of excitement on the day of the dinner by refusing to attend it unless the invitation to the Senator, who was a member of the club, was recalled. He won his point and was then urged not to refer to this incident in his speech that night. He refused to heed this advice, however, and assailed the Senator bitterly.

Colonel Roosevelt said today that he believed the fight on Senator Lorimer would have been dropped if he had not continued to attack him in his writings and in his recent campaign for the Republican Presidential nomination.

"Mr. Lorimer has a right to feel irritated at me," he said. "I intended him to feel that way." Dispatches from Seagirt saying Charles R. Crane, of Chicago, had announced that he would support Governor Wilson apparently were of no concern to Colonel Roosevelt.

"Mr. Crane was never allied with us," he said, "and he never contributed a cent for my campaign. He was for LaFollette first and when LaFollette was defeated he was for Wilson."

CHAMPION AVIATOR KILLED

Smith's Neck Broken In Fall at Palo Alto, Cal.

Palto Alto, Cal., July 13.—Victor Morris Smith, Jr., holder of the world's amateur record for aeroplane speed, was instantly killed at Ravenswood, near here today when his machine fell at the end of a flight from Mountain View. The aeroplane was caught by a gust of wind as Smith was circling to the ground and fell fifty feet. His neck was broken.

The young aviator was a student at Standford University, class 1914, before he took up aviation. He was 20 years old. Smith left his class in civil engineering to devote all of his time to aviation. He was encouraged when, in amateur competition, he broke the speed records at San Diego last April.

A crowd of 400 persons waiting for him to descend watched his fall.

Eyes tested, glasses fitted expertly, carefully and satisfactorily, without any trouble, without any delay, without any cost to you. All eye sufferers can learn the true state of affairs by consulting the expert optician, Dr. Vineberg, Masonic Temple. Spectacles and eye glasses correctly fitted to your eyes for $1 and upwards. . **

FIGHTS COTTON FUTURES BILL

Rucker Charged Bad Faith of Those Behind the Measure—Would Work Hardship on Both Producer and Consumer

Washington, July 13.—Charging bad faith against those behind the Beall bill prohibiting dealing in cotton futures, which was discussed in the House today under a special rule, Representative Rucker, Democrat, waged such a determined fight on the measure that he forced an adjournment. Mr. Rucker declared he had the assurance of the leaders that he would be given opportunity to offer his amendment including in the measure "wool and all food products."

"The rule was so framed," said Mr. Rucker, "that it virtually precluded the submission of amendments."

The Rucker amendment endorsed at a conference of Senate and House Democrats, is supported by the National Wool Growers' Association and the National Grange. Before consideration of the measure is resumed, Mr. Rucker and his associates will seek to reach some agreement with those in charge of the bill.

In the debate Representative Fitzgerald, of New York, Democrat, lead the fight against the bill. He declared it to be unconstitutional and said it would work hardship on both the producer and the consumer of cotton. Representative Beall, of Texas, author of the measure, insisted that it sought merely to prohibit gambling in cotton and to establish a sound moral business code.

OUTLINES

Sensational testimony charging Gov. Cole L. Blease, of South Carolina, with official corruption, was introduced before the Dispensary Investigating Committee at the hearing at Augusta, Ga., yesterday.

Senator Lorimer was unseated by a vote of 55 to 28 by the Senate yesterday. His election was declared void. He made a remarkable speech in which he was defiant to the last and took his defeat calmly.

Speaker Clark and Governor Wilson had a two hours' talk yesterday at Seagirt, N. J. The Speaker told the Democratic nominee about pending legislation. VanHist and Crane were among the visitors yesterday.

American athletes were again winners of honors at the Olympic games. They took the two feature races of the day.

Disclosures of horrors in the rubber industry in Peru is attracting a great deal of attention and steps are being taken to prevent a recurrence of such trocities.

A mistrial was ordered in the Claude Allen case at Wytheville, Va., yesterday. He is alleged to have been one of the participants in the Hillsville Court House tragedy.

New York markets: Money on call nominal, time loans firm; spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 12.50; middling gulf 12.75; flour quiet and steady; wheat spot steady, No. 2 red 1.14 1-3 to 1.16 1-4, elevator export basis and export 1.16 1-4 afloat; corn spot firm, export 84 cents f.o.b. afloat; oats spot firm, standard white 56 1-2 to 57 in elevator.

FEARFUL ATROCITIES IN PERU

Disclosures in Rubber Industry Attract Great Deal of Attention—Would Prevent Recurrence Of Horrors

London. July 13.—The disclosures as to the state of affairs in the rubber industry in Peru published in the Blue Book, just issued by the foreign office as the result of Sir Roger Casements investigation attract a great deal of attention and have caused comparisons to be drawn between these wholesale atrocities and those at one time reported from the Congo Free State.

The British consul general at Rio Janeiro fully confirms the charges brought against native agents of the Peruvian-Amazon Company, a British concern formerly engaged in rubber collection in the Putumayo district.

The gruesome story was first published in the United States and was brought to the attention of the British foreign office by the Washington State Department.

Sir Roger Casement was sent to Peru a year ago and found overwhelming evidence of the murder and torture of defenseless Indians. He discovered that kerosene had been poured over men, women and children, who had been tied to stakes and were then set on fire. The brains of children had been dashed out, the limbs of Indians had been cut off or broken and they had been left to die. The tortures also include deliberate starvation of many people.

The foreign office says that after many months of futile attempts to get the Peruvian government to take measures to prevent the recurrence of such horrors and to punish the guilty persons it had decided with the cordial acquiescence of the United States government that the only course to take was to publish the facts in full.

SAME PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS

Taft and Thirty Party Delegates Are Same In Pennsylvania

Philadelphia, July 13.—After an all-day conference here between former State Senator William Flinn, of Pittsburg, and supporters of Theodore Roosevelt from Eastern counties of Pennsylvania to consider plans for the organization of the third party in this State, announcement was made that the concensus of opinion favored the placing of the same set of Presidential electors on both the Republican and third party tickets. According to this plan the electors are to bind themselves to vote in the electoral college for the candidate on the ticket on which the elector received the highest number of votes.

It is said that if the tentative plan is finally adopted it would amount to fusion in this State of the Taft vote on the Republican ticket and of the vote of the Presidential candidate on the third party tickets; that is the combined vote of the elector on the two tickets would count against the vote received by a Democratic elector.

The Grand Theatre has reduced the price of admission to 5c for both day and night performances. Three good pictures and music daily. **

"Apple Pies."

Interesting and laughable comedy at the Grand Theatre tomorrow. **

SHOWS UP BLEASE IN A BAD LIGHT

Charges of Official Corruption Against Executive Causes Sensation

BURNS' DETECTIVE ON STAND

Tells of Go-Between for the Governor—Records Taken With Telephonic Device—How Convicts Are Pardoned

Augusta, Ga., July 13.—Sensational testimony charging Governor Cole L. Blease, of South Carolina, with official corruption, was introduced before the dispensary investigating committee of that State at today's hearing. A. S. Reed, a Burns detective, and Thomas B. Felder, the Atlanta attorney, were the principal witnesses.

So unexpected was the character of the evidence that after the hearing was adjourned, Chairman H. B. Carlisle, of the committee, asserted that the new adduced charges against the South Carolina Governor would be thoroughly sifted.

Detective Reed's testimony included records taken with a telephonic device relative to negotiations for the purchase of a convicts pardon from the South Carolina penitentiary. The records, Reed testified, were conversations between the detective and Sam J. Nicholls, a Spartanburg attorney, reputed to be a go-between for Governor Blease.

Reed testified James Johnson, a yeggman with several aliases, serving a ten-year sentence in the penitentiary for robbing a safe of $8,000 was the convict about whom the negotiations were conducted.

After making arrangements with Johnson, according to the detective's testimony, he called upon Nicholls and informed the latter that the convict was heir to a large estate, but could only become a beneficiary by securing his pardon.

The detective testified that Nicholls was interested and the former agreed to pay the attorney a handsome fee. As an evidence of good faith, the detective stated he gave Nicholls a check for $4,500 duly endorsed.

Reed then read records taken by the telephonic device of conversation he held with Nicholls in Spartanburg and at the New Willard Hotel in Washington on June 26th, 1912. According to the records, Nicholls told of his influence with Governor Blease and named the terms upon which he would secure the release of the convict. The amount was tentatively fixed at $10,000 or $15,000. The record as read showed that Nicholls repeatedly referred to the amount of proceeds which would go to Governor Blease for signing the pardon. On two occasions this sum was stated at $5,000. According to the record Nicholls was to receive $5,000 and his law partner, C. P. Sims, $5,000.

A number of telegrams were introduced in evidence from Nicholls to Reed, one of which was to the effect that Nicholls had left Spartanburg to confer with Blease about the pardon.

When Reed had concluded Thomas B. Felder testified that a certain amount of money had been put on deposit with the understanding that it was to be released to Nicholls' order as Reed secured a cipher telegram from Nicholls stating that the convict had been pardoned.

"We know," testified Mr. Felder, "that Nicholls left Spartanburg to confer with Governor Blease; that he saw Blease at Barnwell Friday and was closeted with the Governor at Blackville Friday night. We have been unable to locate Nicholls today, however."

Mystery surrounding the adjournment of the hearing from this morning until this afternoon was cleared up by Mr. Felder on the witness stand. He stated that he expected Governor Blease to sign Johnson's pardon during that time, and for that reason the postponement was made.

At the conclusion of Thomas B. Felder's testimony the hearing of the committee was indefinitely adjourned. Immediately after adjournment the committee met in executive session. The purpose of this meeting, it is stated, was to determine whether further hearings should be held.

Augusta, Ga., July 13.—The telephonic device records of the conversation between Detective Reed and Sam J. Nicholls taken at Spartanburg was made the day before the South Carolina delegation left for Baltimore.

The conversation lasted five hours and covered a wide range of topics. While discussing the Johnson pardon Nicholls is recorded as saying that Blease would surely grant the pardon after the election, although Nicholls was not so sure of his action before that time.

"Blease always does as I tell him," Nicholls is recorded as saying, "and if we insist we may be able to get the pardon before he is elected. We have got to get up a petition but I can get anybody to sign it. Blease don't care a damn who signs the petition, all he wants is the petition."

Continuing the record credits Nicholls as saying the only thing he had done since Blease was Governor that caused comment was securing

(Continued on Page Eight.)

CLARK AND WILSON HAD LONG CONFAB

Speaker of House Talks Over Pending Legislation With Nominee

MUCH ACTIVITY AT SEAGIRT

Wilson Declares Speaker's Position Admirable and Generous—Crane and Van Hise Among the Visitors.

Seagirt, N. J., July 13.—Speaker Champ Clark and Governor Wilson talked for two hours today on legislation pending before the House of Representatives. The Speaker arrived after the Governor had been conversing for some time with two other guests, Charles R. Crane, of Chicago, and President Van Hise, of Wisconsin University, both of whom have been prominent as LaFollette supporters. Mr. Crane said he was going back to Chicago to work for Wilson and would be glad to contribute to the Democratic nominee's campaign fund.

Tonight in talking with the newspaper men Governor Wilson said that the subject of contributions had not been touched in his conversation with Mr. Crane and that there had been no pledge of support for the Governor on his visitor's part.

Speaker Clark came up from Washington half an hour before he was expected. He was not met at the station, rode in a hack to the Governor's home and was almost on the porch before any one thought he was within a dozen miles of Seagirt. The Governor excused himself to greet the Speaker, shook hands with him warmly and escorted him with smiling face into the parlor.

"The Speaker was very fine," Governor Wilson said tonight to the reporters. "His position was admirable and generous in every respect. I suppose he told you what we talked about, didn't he?"

"He said you would do that if you saw fit for us to know," the Governor was told.

"What we discussed," he introduced the subject, "was chiefly the business pending in the House and the prospects of adjournment." Governor Wilson responded. "He told me in some detail what the state of business was and what the prospects of adjournment were. Of course, the whole country knows the prospects of adjournment, but he was kind enough to tell me the details of the business. We talked about that most of the time. The rest was chiefly in explaining the very generous position which he takes in regard to the campaign—he will do everything in his power to help.

"I had two other callers today, Mr. Charles R. Crane and President Van Hise, of Wisconsin University. Mr. Van Hise has devoted a great deal of study to the trusts and he wanted to discuss that subject with me. We spent perhaps three-quarters of an hour on that. I wish I had more time to discuss that big subject with him. I was extremely interested in what he had to say. He has the scientific habit of mind that goes into the features thoroughly."

"And did Mr. Crane join in the discussion?" the Governor was asked.

"Mr. Crane accompanied Mr. Van Hise. He paid me a visit of compliment."

"Mr. Crane told some of us this afternoon that he was going to vote for you," a reporter said, "and that he would like to contribute to your fund

(Continued on Page Two.)

Has Blease Up a Tree.

DETECTIVE WM. J. BURNS.

SPORTING EVENTS

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.
At Pittsburg, 1; Brooklyn, 4.
Second—Pittsburg, 3; Brooklyn, 5.
At Cincinnati, 2; Philadelphia, 1.
At St. Louis, 2; New York, 7.
At Chicago, 5; Boston, 4.

Standing of the Clubs:

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
New York	58	16	.784
Chicago	45	28	.616
Pittsburg	43	31	.581
Cincinnati	41	37	.526
Philadelphia	32	38	.457
Brooklyn	30	46	.395
St. Louis	21	54	.280
Boston	22	57	.278

Cincinnati, July 13.—Knabe's fumble of Becher's drive in the ninth, after two men were out, which was followed by Mason's single, gave Cincinnati the winning run and the game here today by a score of 2 to 1. Marsan's hitting was the feature. Humphries' pitching was good.

Philadelphia	001 000 000—1	4	1
Cincinnati	000 001 001—2	8	1

Brennan and Dooin; Humphries and McLean; time 1:50; umpires Brennan and Owens.

Chicago, July 13.—Chicago won the second game of the series from Boston today 5 to 4, after a hard fought up-hill struggle. After Chicago took the lead the visitors bunched hits off Smith and overtook the locals. Perdue weakened in the eighth and an error and three hits gave them the game. The fielding of Sheckard and Tinker was a feature.

Chicago	101 100 02x—5	11	0
Boston	001 030 000—4	10	2

Smith, Richie, M. Brown and Archer; Perdue and Rariden; time 2:00; umpires Rigler and Finneran.

Pittsburg, July 13.—Brooklyn by timely hitting won both games of a double-header today from Pittsburg, the scores being 4 to 1 and 5 to 3. Camnitz and O'Toole were both hit hard. Rucker was always steady.

Pittsburg	001 000 000—1	7	2
Brooklyn	000 001 030—4	10	1

Camnitz, Robinson and Gibson; Rucker and O'Miller; time 1:31; umpires Klem and Bush.

Second game:

Pittsburg	100 010 010—3	4	1
Brooklyn	000 103 010—5	7	3

O'Toole, Ferry and Simon; Knetzer, Kent and Erwin; time 2:08; umpires Klem and Bush.

St. Louis, July 13.—President Lynch, of the National League, saw the St. Louis team get 13 hits off Mathewson of the New York team and lose by a score of 7 to 2.

New York	001 003 111—7	8	2
St. Louis	010 100 000—2	13	2

Mathewson and Hartley and Myers; Willis, Geyer and Wingo; time 1:50; umpires Eason and Emslie.

International League.
At Baltimore 0; Newark 1.
At Jersey City 5; Providence 4.
At Toronto 10; Buffalo 9.
2nd; Toronto 1; Buffalo 9.
At Montreal 7; Rochester 6.

Carolina League.
At Charlotte 7; Winston-Salem 0.
At Greensboro 2; Spartanburg 1.
2nd: Greensboro 0; Spartanburg 10.
At Greenville 10; Anderson 1.

Southern League.
At Atlanta 2; New Orleans 7.
At Nashville 1; Birmingham 0.
2nd: Nashville 5; Birmingham 0.
At Chattanooga 1; Mobile 5.
2nd: Chattanooga 4; Mobile 5.
At Memphis 10; Montgomery 3.

South Atlantic League.
At Albany 3; Jacksonville 10.
At Columbus 6; Savannah 1.
At Macon 3; Columbia 0.
2nd: Macon 2; Columbia 1.

Virginia League.
At Petersburg 5; Newport News 2.
2nd: Petersburg 6; Newport News 2.
At Richmond 6; Norfolk 3.
2nd: Richmond 3; Norfolk 7.
At Portsmouth 1; Roanoke 0.
2nd: Portsmouth 0; Roanoke 3.

Appalachian League.
At Bristol 5; Knoxville 4; (12 innings.)
At Johnson City 2; Morristown 8.

SLOW RACE YESTERDAY.

Lack of Wind Almost Made Yacht Event No Contest.

On account of the absence of a sufficient breeze, the second Class A race of the series for the Jones-Walters trophy, sailed over the regular course of the Carolina Yacht Club yesterday afternoon, came near being no contest. Last night there seemed to be some doubt as to whether the event would be called a race, but most of the members were of the opinion that it would.

The order of the finish was as follows:

No. 78, Capt. E. A. Metts, first, time 2:1:20.
No. 68, Capt. J. VanB. Metts, second, time 2:4:40.
No. 71, Capt. W. M. Peck, third.
No. 66, Capt. J. S. Brown, fourth.
No. 65, Capt. P. W. Davis, fifth.
No. 69, Capt. R. G. Rankin, sixth.
No. 77, Capt. B. H. Bridgers, withdrew.

PITCHED NO-HIT GAME

Spartanburg Pitcher Did Phenomenal Stunt in Second Game

Greensboro, N. C., July 14.—Pitcher "Bill" Smith, of the Spartanburg Carolina Association club, this afternoon registered a seven-inning no-hit game against the local club. It was the second game of a double-header and ended in the seventh by agreement. Only two locals reached first, one by a base on balls, the other being hit by a pitched ball. Lynne, a local recruit from the Charleston, W. Va., club, yielded 13 hits in four innings.

OLD-FASHIONED REMEDIES

Science of surgery and electricity has advanced much in the past thirty years, but the treatment of disease by the old-fashioned remedies made from roots and herbs, has never been improved upon.

This may be seen by the great success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, and known today as the great remedy for female ills.

No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine.

The Grand Theatre has reduced the price of admission to 5c for both day and night performances. Three good pictures and music daily. **

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.
At Philadelphia, 1; Cleveland, 6.
Second—Philadelphia; 11; Cleveland, 2.
At New York, 5; St. Louis, 4.
Second—New York, 1; St. Louis, 6.
At Washington, 4; Chicago, 2.
At Boston, 4; Detroit, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Boston	56	25	.691
Washington	50	32	.610
Philadelphia	45	34	.576
Chicago	42	35	.545
Cleveland	41	41	.500
Detroit	39	41	.488
New York	21	46	.313
St. Louis	22	60	.269

New York, July 13.—New York and St. Louis broke even in their double-header here today, the locals winning the first game by a score of 5 to 4, and the visitors taking the second by a score of 6 to 1. McConnell, who pitched the opener, won his first game of the season. On the first game Zinn tied the score in the sixth inning with a home run with two men on bases.

St. Louis	020 100 010—4	7	2
New York	000 003 02x—5	5	4

Allison and Stephens; McConnell and Sweeney; time 1:56; umpires Hart and Connolly.

Second game:

St. Louis	000 041 010—6	6	1
New York	100 000 000—1	8	3

E. Brown and Krichell; Fisher, Caldwell and Street; time 1:58.

Philadelphia, July 13.—Cleveland split even with Philadelphia in a double-header here today. Poor work by Oldring and Lord helped to give Cleveland the first game, 6 to 1. The second was won by the home team 11 to 2, Krapp being driven off the rubber in the first inning.

Cleveland	002 102 100—6	11	0
Philadelphia	010 000 000—1	6	2

Gregg and O'Neill; H. Barry, Coombs and Egan; time 1:55; umpires Westervelt and Evans.

Second game:

Cleveland	000 000 002—	2	4	2
Philadelphia	710 201 00x—11	8	2

Mitchell, Krapp and Livingstone; Houck and Thomas and Lapp; time 1:40.

Boston, July 13.—Boston took the third straight game from Detroit today 4 to 0. "Buck" O'Brien ably supported, never allowed the Tigers a chance to score. The fielding of Cobb and Jones was a feature.

Boston	010 012 00x—4	11	1
Detroit	000 000 000—0	6	2

O'Brien and Carrigan; Mullin and Stanage; time 1:48; umpires Dineen and Sheridan.

Washington, July 13.—Washington defeated Chicago today 4 to 2. Johnson was very effective in the pinches, striking out 11 batsmen and a majority of the visitors hits were of fluke order. McBride's fielding also featured the game.

Chicago	000 100 100—2	7	3
Washington	111 010 00x—4	6	1

Cicotte and Sullivan; Johnson and Ainsmith; time 1:50; umpires O'Loughlin and Egan.

CAROLINA ASSOCIATION.

Results Yesterday:
At Greensboro-Spartanburg (rain).
At Charlotte, 5; Winston-Salem, 3.
At Greenville, 3; Anderson, 4 (12 innings).

Standing of the Clubs:

Club:	Won.	Lost	P.C.
Anderson	49	23	.652
Charlotte	39	29	.574
Winston-Salem	38	31	.551
Greensboro	29	38	.433
Greenville	23	45	.338

CITY LEAGUE GAMES

Two Contests at Hilton Diamond Yesterday Afternoon

The second games in the City League series were played yesterday afternoon at Hilton diamond, the Athletics defeating the Company B team by a score of 8 to 6 and the Amateurs losing to the Giants by the tune of 5 to 2.

The first game was between the Athletics and Company B, and while the game was a little ragged at times it was nevertheless interesting. In the fifth inning the Athletics bunched their hits, scoring two runs and clinching the game. Both Taylor and Register pitched good games, but the odds were a little in favor of Taylor, as only one earned run was made off him, the other five having been secured by errors of his team-mates at critical stages. The features of the game were the batting of Walsack and Hall for the Athletics, the former securing three hits out of four times up, one of which was a double with two men on bases. Hall secured two hits out of three times at bat. Batteries: Athletics, Taylor and Cashwell; Company B, Register and Wilson.

The second game was started immediately after the first had been finished. The Giants defeated the Amateurs by the score of 5 to 2 and the game was rather slow and uninteresting throughout. The Amateurs lost the game on errors, consisting principally of wild throws. The batteries were: Hines and Bell, for the Amateurs, and Mintz and Moore, for the Giants.

The clubs now stand as follows:

Teams.	W.	L.	P.C.
Athletics	2	0	1,000
Boys' Brigade	1	1	.500
Giants	1	1	.500
Amateurs	0	2	.000

GOING TO SEE WILSON

More Than 80 Members of Congress to Journey to Seagirt

Washington, July 13.—More than 80 Democratic members of the House today signified their intention of joining the official House pilgrimage to Seagirt, N. J., to call upon Governor Woodrow Wilson. The visit arranged at the House Democratic caucus yesterday, probably will be made next Saturday when the committee on arrangements expects that fully 200 Democratic representatives will be on the special train when it leaves the capital. The House will adjourn over Saturday to permit of the trip.

Washington, July 13.—The appointment of William Marshall Bullitt, of Louisville as solicitor general of the United States to succeed Frederick W. Lehmann, was confirmed by the Senate today. The Senate also confirmed the appointment of David F. Bailey, of Virginia, as collector of internal revenue for the Sixth District, to succeed Louis P. Summers.

AMERICAN ATHLETES LEADING

Two Fine Races Feature Olympic Games and Americans Won Both. Number of Exciting Contests Yesterday.

Stockholm, July 13.—Stockholm is becoming almost surfeited with excitement and strenuosity. Today the stadium was much quieter than yesterday, largely because it was not a Swedish day and partly because the spectators were fairly exhausted by a week of continuous tumult. The features were two fine races, both of which went to the United States—the 400 meters and the 3,000 meters team race.

The 400 meters, which the judges decided to run in lanes in the final, was a stuggle between the German Braun and four American competitors. The Syracuse collegian, Charles D. Reidpath, beat Broun handily in 48 1-5 seconds, with Edward F. Lindberg, Chicago Athletic Association, in third place.

The Americans have drawn a few unpleasant surprises in the last two days, but they encountered a pleasant one by wresting the 3,000 meters team race from the Swedes and Britishers. Most of the Americans who composed the team are milers rather than two-milers, and it was expected the British contestants would run away with the event. But the Union Jack came only third, with the blue and yellow of Sweden dangerously close to the Americans for first. The discuss final with both hands was a new game for the Americans as they were not accustomed to throwing with the left hand. The event proved easy for the Northerns, two Finns and two Swedes making the largest double score.

The Adams' brothers, Platt and Benjamin, went much higher in the standing high jump than all the others, except the Greek, with the tongue twisting name, who was a good third.

In the swimming events, Harry J. Hebner, of the Illinois A. C., captured the final heat of the 100 meters, back stroke, in one minutes 21 1-5 seconds. In the first heat of the semi-finals the Canadian rack swimmer, George Hodgson, finished first in five minutes, 25 2-5 seconds, which is a new world's record. Healy, the Australian star, finished third in the second heat, but qualifies for the final as the fastest third. This heat was won by Hardwick, also of Australia in 5:34 4-5.

The other events of the day included fencing and military riding. The Belgian team had four of the eight competitors in the final of the fencing for which no Americans qualified. A protest entered against Anspach, of Belgium by Sorenson, of Sweden, was considered by the judges and decided in favor of the Swede. This greatly delayed the bouts.

The riding was cross country, with many jumps. Four Americans competed, Lieut. E. F. Graham, 15th cavalry; Capt. Guy B. Henry, 13th cavalry; Lieut. Benjamin Lear, 15th Cavalry, and Lieut. John C. Montgomery, 7th Cavalry. There were 22 other contestants, but the result will not be announced until tomorrow, as the number of points have not yet been made up.

The water polo furnished considerable diversion. In the game between Austrians and Hungarians, which the latter won, much roughness was displayed by both sides. The Swedish papers are complaining bitterly of the defeat of their team by the English. They charge the English with rough work and blame the Belgian referee for his disqualifying them.

The score for all sports as announced tonight follows: United States 115; Sweden 78; Great Britain 53; Germany 29; Finland 27; France 19; South Africa 11; Denmark 11; Norway 10; Italy 9; Canada 9; Hungary 8; Australia 9; Greece 4; Russia, Belgium and Austria, 3 each; Holland 2.

The continental Sunday is a day of sport and festivity, and the marathon which will be run tomorrow will be the climax of the Olympic and furnish an ideal Sunday afternoon from the continental viewpoint. A field of from 60 to 70 runners will start, the Americans numbering a round dozen.

No one is attempting to pick the winner, although T. Kolehmainen, of Finland, whose brother shone as the greatest distance runner on the stadium track, is the popular favorite. The South African, K. K. McArthur, and the Canadian, J. Corkerey, lead in the betting.

Johnny Hayes, winner of the marathon at the London olympic, who has had the Americans under his care, thinks that a dark horse probably will develop.

BREAD AS OLD AS MANKIND

Relics of Prehistoric Ancestors of the Present Race Prove That They Used It for Food.

That very respectable and useful couple—bread and cheese—have for so long been closely associated that one might have supposed them to have been born about the same time, and to have been brought up in each other's company through all the ages. It would seem, however, that bread can boast of a much more honorable antiquity than its sister, cheese, which, so far as one can discover, is a comparatively modern invention. There is, of course, nothing to prove that the ancient Britons did not make cheese, but if they did, they failed to leave behind them even so much as a portion of the rind.

The history of bread, on the other hand, can easily be traced back to the earliest times, both in this and other countries. In Switzerland, in particular, abundant proof has been forthcoming from time to time that the art of baking was quite well understood by our prehistoric ancestors, excavations conducted on the site of some of the numerous lake dwellings of that country showing that both milling and baking must have been recognized occupations even so far back as the Stone Age. Stone, in fact, was indispensable to both processes, and not only have stones for milling and baking ovens been discovered, but bread itself in large quantities has been disinterred.

CLARK AND WILSON HAD LONG CONFAB

(Continued from Page One.)

if you would permit. Did he mention contributions to you?"

"No, the subject of contributions did not arise."

"Did he pledge his support?"

"No."

When Speaker Clark left the Governor came out on the porch, sat down in a rocker and told the reporters he was willing to talk on any one of eight subjects, including the copernican theory of astronomy, art, music, the Ninth Congressional district of Missouri and books, but he would not talk on politics. The newspaper men plied him with questions on many forbidden topics.

"The Governor invited me to come here and I came as I thought I ought to do,' he said. "We talked about a good many things. He can tell you about them if he wants to; if he doesn't you will have to let them go. It's easier for us to come down here and see him than it is for him to prowl around the country and see us."

"What do you think of the third party movement."

"I don't know a thing in the world about it."

"What do you think of the platform?"

"I think it's a very good platform. I'm not going to discuss it till I discuss it in a speech. There is not a busier man on earth than the Speaker of the House at this season of legislation. I haven't had time to study the platform in detail.

"When I do study it—as I expect to when I get time—I'll express my opinion about it. It always turns out that there are only two or three issues in a campaign no matter how many planks there are in the platform."

"What do you think of the prospects for retaining or increasing the Democratic majority in the House?"

"The House always goes with the President."

"Do you think there is a chance that the Senate will be Democratic, too?"

"Well, that depends on which way the cat jumps," he replied.

The Speaker was asked what part he thought William J. Bryan would take in the campaign and replied that Mr. Bryan was another topic he would not discuss. When the question was repeated later in a different form, he replied: "I don't know and I don't care. I'm not going to talk about it. Don't ask me any more about it."

Governor Wilson had a long conference with Robert D. Hudspeth, who will convey his message to the National committee at Chicago and other leaders during the forenoon, but declined to indicate in any way his choice for National chairman or any of the topics with which his message will deal.

TRACED TO BENCH AND BAR

Phrases That Have Become Household Words Dropped From the Lips of Lawyers.

It appears that judges and lawyers have contributed a liberal share to the stock of popular sayings, says a writer in the Green Bag.

It is Francis Bacon who speaks of matters that "come home to men's business and bosom," who lays down the axiom that "knowledge is power" and who utters that solemn warning to enamored benedicts: "He that hath a wife and children hath given hostages to fortune."

We have the high authority of Sir Edward Coke for declaring that "corporations have no souls," and that "a man's house is his castle."

The expression "An accident of an accident" is borrowed from Lord Thurlow. "The greatest happiness of the greatest number" occurs in Bentham, but as an acknowledged translation from the jurist Beccaria.

To Leviathan Hobbes we owe this maxim: "Words are wise men's counters, but the money of fools." It is John Selden who suggests that by throwing a straw into the air one may see the way of the wind, and to his contemporary Oxenstiern is due the discovery "With how little wisdom is the world governed."

Mackintosh first used the phrase "a wise and masterly inactivity." "The schoolmaster is abroad" is from a speech by Lord Brougham.

In the familiar phrase "a delusion, a mockery and a snare" there is a certain biblical ring, which has sometimes led to its being quoted as from one or other of the Hebrew prophets. The words are, in fact, an extract from the judgment of Lord Denman at the trial of O'Connell.

Atlanta, Ga., July 13.—Announcement was made here today that "Billy" Carpenter, dean of the Southern Association of Umpires, has severed his connection with that league. According to the announcement, Carpenter left Atlanta tonight for Baltimore, where he will become a member of the umpire staff of the International League.

THIN FOLKS MADE FAT

More than half the readers of Wilmington would give almost anything to be plump and rosy instead of thin and scrawny.

Physicians and chemists for years have studied the problem of making a flesh-forming food but it is only within the last few months that a bright man discovered the prescription that taken with the daily meals give a positive increase in flesh. In fact it was so certain in its action that a guarantee was attached to each package stating that if weight did not increase as a result of using it, the purchase price would be refunded.

This preparation is now put up in convenient form for use under the name of Samose.

They have secured the agency in Wilmington for Samose and as the percentage of satisfactory results from the use of this perscription is so nearly one hundred per cent they feel there is no risk in offering to refund the money if Samose does not do all that is claimed for it.

Everybody that is thin and out of health should begin today the use of Samose with a guarantee like this.

Have You Any Reason

For believing that Real Estate in Wilmington will ever be any lower than it is today? If you have, we would like to know it. If you put your money into any ordinary Real Estate proposition, as a matter of investment, you have every reason to expect a profit of a varying amount and character—but your money is there, and you can keep it there, or get it out any time. We have a number of very fine investments, running from small investments on the "easy payment plan" to some of the largest developments in this vicinity. Our clients have all made a handsome profit on their investments through this agency. See us and "Get in Right."

We are in the business, also, of

Renting All Classes of Property

If you desire your property promptly, courteously and effectively handled, we can satisfy your most critical desire. If you desire to rent

Offices, Warehouses, Residences, or Any Other Property

We would be glad to have you call, look at our lists, and be shown over the property. We are at your service at all times, and will be glad to furnish any information or be of any assistance to buyers, owners or renters.

HANOVER REALTY CO.

L. J. CARTER, ... President
E. C. DOLLAR, ... Secretary
D. B. LEONARD, ... Vice-President

'PHONE 771 — 114 PRINCESS ST.

ALLEN CASE MISTRIAL.

Jury at Wytheville, Va., Unable to Agree on Hillsville Tragedy.

Wytheville, Va., July 12.—After being out since 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, the jury engaged in the trial of Claude Allen for participation in the Hillsville court house tragedy, at 11:40 o'clock this morning reported to the court that they were unable to reach an agreement and were discharged. The jury stood four for acquittal and eight for murder in the first degree. The court entered an order summoning a new venire to be here next Wednesday when the case will be re-tried.

Norfolk, Va., July 13.—While bathing near his home at Engleglide, this afternoon, W. W. Oliver, a well-to-do farmer of Norfolk county, was seized with cramps and was drowned. Mr. Oliver was 68 years old, was in bathing with his two sons, aged 7 to 10 years old, respectively. The boys, too young to realize their father's danger, did not summon help until it was too late. He is survived by his widow and ten children.

New York, July 13.—The statement of the actual condition of clearing house banks for the week shows that the banks hold $10,706,550 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of $16,119,750 in the proportionate cash reserve as compared with last week.

Some Summer Suggestions

Jersey Sweaters with Turtle Necks.
Ladies' Bathing Suits.
Children's Bathing Suits.
Men's Bathing Suits.
Caps, Shoes and Hosiery to Match.
Sunshades, Hair Nets and Hammocks.
Mosquito Canopies.
Hat Trunks, Hand Bags, and All Styles of Trunks.

OUR ART DEPARTMENT.

Our Ad. is incomplete when we fail to refer to our Art Department. The Largest in the State.

Platt & Haar

YOU SAVE THE DIFFERENCE.

AT WILMINGTON ——— OR ———WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH

WEEK'S DOING IN ROBESON

Superior Court Adjourns—Desecration of Old Cemetery—Political Campaign on in Earnest—Farms and Farmers.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., July 13.—The July term of Superior Court, which has been in session for two weeks, adjourned today by limitation, though the work is not done. During the term much business has been transacted. Five murder cases have been tried, four of the number being found guilty in the second degree, while the fifth one was declared not guilty.

Two or three go to the penitentiary and probably 15 to the roads. The trial of Geo. Swann, the negro who killed Mr. Gibson at Red Springs a few weeks ago, began Thursday afternoon and was completed yesterday afternoon. He was sentenced by Judge Bragaw to serve 25 years in the penitentiary.

We have been watching politics for the last 40 years, but the work that has been done by some of the candidates during the past two weeks has been the most persistent we have ever seen. Look any way from early morning until late at night and some office seeker may be seen pleading his cause with some silent listener. There are more candidates for the county commissioners than anything else. Last Sunday we stated that friends were making an effort to induce Mr. C. B. Townsend to enter the race for commissioner, and in accordance with the wishes of a large number of voters in all sections of the county who have called on Mr. Townsend during the week, he has consented to be a candidate. It is no use to tell who Mr. Claude Townsend is, as everybody in the county knows him, and no one will say he is not a high-toned Christian gentleman, as well qualified as any man in the county to fill the place. He served the county for 16 years as clerk of the court; he went in and came out clean, and with a board of commissioners composed of such men as C. B. Townsend, Frank McKoy, Justin Floyd, and others we might name, the county affairs would be safe. Mr. Townsend's announcement will appear in Monday's Robesonian.

Mr. S. B. McLean, chairman of the county Democratic executive committee, has called a meeting of that body to be held here Tuesday, the 16th, for the purpose of appointing managers for the county primary to be held August 10th. In the event that a second primary is held, that will be the 24th. It is to be sincerely hoped that no second struggle will be necessary.

Complaint has been made to Mayor Caldwell that some person or persons, small or large, totally devoid of honor or conscience, have been committing depredations in the Norment cemetery that would cause the most ignorant heathen to hide his face in shame. Rustic seats placed at the grave of loved ones have been broken up or removed; beautiful vases and other receptacles used for holding flowers, have either been carried away or broken to pieces, shrubbery has been torn up and in some instances raked off with sticks and boards or anything the miscreants can get their claws on. It would be a reflection on heathenism to refer to the perpetrators of this outrageous conduct as heathens. If the authorities get evidence to convict, somebody is going to have trouble. It is to be hoped that people living in that section will keep an eye open for the appearance of these fiends and report promptly.

Mr. J. F. Parker, of the Fairmont section, sent to town one day this week the finest lot of hens we ever saw offered for sale on this market. There were 25 in the lot, mostly of the Plymouth Rock variety, all of last Fall's growth. Two families purchased the load, paying 50 cents. Mr. Parker said he had so many chickens he had to dispose of a portion of them to get them out of the way. He also sells large quantities of bacon usually, but the cholera or some other disease has played havoc with his hogs this season, having lost almost his entire hog supply. Mr. Parker is one of those good, substantial, sensible farmers who believes in having the best of everything and plenty of it, from fine horses down to fine chickens. He is one of Robeson's most substantial citizens.

Two weeks ago we mentioned the mysterious absence of Mr. J. H. McLean, of Bellamy, and the anxiety of the family on that account. The Star found him in Fayetteville on the day of publication and he hurriedly informed his people of his whereabouts by coming home. He said he had written his father, but the letter evidently went astray. He says when he got a copy of The Star, his name was about the first thing that attracted his attention.

Lost Sunday we casually inquired through The Star for more light at the postoffice. Sunday night the entrance to the postoffice presented altogether a different appearance as when the current was turned on in the evening a light was shining brightly where heretofore it looked as though the place was deserted. Of course, it was an oversight and the attention of the proper person or persons only had to be called to the matter.

Mr. John T. Barker, Jr., of the Lumberton Drug Company, was yesterday the recipient of a handsome gold watch and chain presented by Mr. W. I. Linkhaw as a token of appreciative of the service rendered by Mr. Barker in recovering the body of his little son, William Linkhaw, when he was drowned on the 3rd. Mr. Barker's initials are beautifully engraved on the case. He is justly proud of it and nothing could induce him to part with it.

One day this week Mr. Chas. Prevatt had his pair of Shetland ponies out on the street leading them around for exercise. They were soon surrounded by an admiring crowd and it was suggested that he take them in a store and have them weighed. They were led into Crump & Floyd's where they mounted the scales one at a time. One weighed 226, while the other could only reach 215. They are gentle as kittens, and as pretty as can be. Mr. Prevatt says they are four years old.

Mr. Joe N. Buie, who for several years served the county most efficiently as Register of Deeds, was in town Wednesday for the first time in a year or more, and was cordially greeted by many friends, who are always delighted to shake his hand. Red Springs has an awfully nice lot of people, but not a more jolly, whole-souled fellow can be found among them than Joe Buie.

Several small loads of small watermelons have been sold here during the week, but exorbitant prices were asked for them. In most cases the quality was very inferior, one trouble being that time was not given them to ripen. Cantaloupes of very good quality are also plentiful and bringing high prices.

Mr. S. H. Hamilton, the clever and efficient manager of the Western Union office, desires us to thank the Lumberton people most sincerely through The Star, for their token of appreciation of his services during the recent National convention, when he remained at the key night after night from four to five hours over time to take the convention bulletins. When the citizens learned that Mr. Hamilton did not receive any compensation for this overtime a movement was quietly started to make up a nice purse for him, and it was useless to say that our people responded promptly, as they generally do. Mr. Hamilton is very popular and justly so as he is ever ready to serve the patrons of his office in a pleasant and courteous manner, day or night.

Raft Swamp Camp No. 164, W. O. W., will unveil a monument erected at the grave of the late Mr. C. P. Stephens in Meadow Brooks cemetery tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. Members of the order have been requested to meet in Woodmen Hall in the First National Bank building at 3 o'clock. If the weather is favorable a large crowd will doubtless be present.

Mr. Archie Collins, sales manager for several lumber companies, has rented an office in the Weinstein building and will open up for business in the near future. We understand that Mr. Collins and family will occupy the residence of the late Mrs. N. J. Thompson, which was vacated Thursday by Mr. Albert Thompson and family, who returned to Rowland yesterday from which town they removed several months ago.

Time was when the name of Tom Branch was one of the most familiar appearing in the Mayor's court in Wilmington. Several months ago Tom landed in Lumberton and now by reference to the records in the Mayor's court here last Monday it will be seen that Tom Branch was fined $5 and costs for being drunk and disorderly.

Visitors to the Pastime theatre, now the coolest place in town, are receiving coupons for a presentation to take place on the 24th, when one of the prettiest clocks in Parker's jewelry store will be awarded to one of the patrons of the show.

A good many of our people are now laying in a supply of domestic coal for next Winter. Wood has gone so high in price that only the wealthy can keep warm when wood has to be depended on.

After reading the papers published in the Sixth Congressional district, there seems to be no doubt about Mr. Godwin accepting the nomination for another term in Congress. If any of the papers failed to publish his card of acceptance we failed to notice it.

Mr. T. C. Evans, who has been cashier of the Farmers & Merchants' Bank since its organization about three years ago, has resigned, his resignation to take effect August 15th. Mr. K. M. Barnes, of Barnesville, has been chosen to succeed Mr. Evans. Mr. Evans leaves Lumberton to accept a similar position at Cheraw, S. C. All Lumberton will regret very much to part with this most excellent family.

Rev. Mr. Noe, of Wilmington, will conduct services for the Episcopal congregation at the Lumberton Presbyterian church next Tuesday evening. It is expected that at an early date this congregation will have its own house of worship, as a lot has already been purchased.

Wednesday, July 24th, is going to be a great day at Maxton. That day will be observed as Educational Rally Day to celebrate the work which has been done on Carolina College. Several good speakers will be on hand, the ladies are going to spread a great dinner, a brass band will furnish music, and everyone present is going to have a large time.

In keeping with other fruits the prospects for an immense grape crop in this section are said to be very fine. We have never seen as great preparations for preserving fruits as are going on now.

A good, many Spring chickens of good frying size have been sold here this week for 20 cents each.

Large quantities of home raised bacon have been sold by the farmers of this county this year, but it is safe to predict that it will not be the case next year as many of those who have been selling meat this year will be buying next year if the epidemic of cholera continues. From all directions come reports of its deadly work. Mr. Geo. G. French says that his loss is not less than $1,500. He raises only the finest breeds of hogs and says it looks like he will lose all he has. Mr. French says that recently he lost a fine mule, and a few days ago a new tenant house, by fire, which added to his hog loss will amount to at least $2,500 on his farms so far this year.

So far this Summer the supply of eggs on the market seems to have been equal to the demand most of the time. One Bladen county citizen brings here every week from 500 to 600 dozen eggs, and the prices have remained high enough to induce many farmers to bring them in, which they would not do if the price was lower than 18 or 20 cents.

New steps have been put to the Opera House and other improvements made inside. The first attraction booked here for next season is "45 Minutes From Broadway," which wil be presented on Thursday, October 2nd, by Mr. Bert Leigh, who made such a fine impression when seen here last season in "The Man on the Box."

When the grocery department of Mr. L. H. Caldwell's department store was opened yesterday morning it was discovered that the place had been entered during the night before. Entrance was affected by boring around the lock with a brace and bit which was left as a souvenir. Nothing of importance could be missed, though it is just possible some country meat was taken, as there are several thousand pounds near the door. There seems to be no clue as to the guilty party.

A tent has been pitched in the alley just back of the National Bank building, which it is said will be used as a box ball alley. We understand it is the property of Mr. Duncan, railroad section master, who has the Lumberton section of the R. & C. The town already had two of these establishments, one of which has been closed for some time. There are many fortunes in imagination.

The big Sunday School excursion which went to Wilmington Thursday, carried 151 passengers from Lumberton and vicinity. Those who went say the trip was splendid; everything passing off pleasantly. No one seems to know why four Wilmington policemen accompanied the excursionists on the return trip, as far as Lumberton. One passenger in the shape of an old ugly rusty razor started on the excursion, but upon reaching the station that morning the gentleman who was acting as escort for the razor, decided that he would go alone as a pal like that might get him into trouble if it happened to show itself by sticking out of his pocket. As usual, a few Lumberton boys, after paying their fare, had to walk to Wilmington and back by chasing back and forth through the train going and coming.

Rev. R. A. Pittman, of Kansas City, Mo., arrived here Thursday night to visit relatives in this county. Mr. Pittman went down to Fairmont yesterday.

Dr. McPhaul stated last night that he was very seriously considering again entering the race for the Legislature, but was not fully decided. We also hear the name of Dr. J. P. Brown mentioned in that connection. They are both natives of the Fairmont section.

Sheriff McNeill showed us yesterday his receipt from State Treasurer Lacy for the county's State tax for 1911, amount being $34,040.44. Robeson evidently does its part in running the State government from the financial standpoint if it does not furnish any State officers. We vote and pay taxes.

Robert, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Wishart, was painfully hurt the first of the week by being bitten clear through a finger by a cat with which he was playing. The wound has practically healed and no further trouble is feared from the bite.

The indications are that quite a number of people from this section will go on the excursion to Johnson City, Tenn., Tuesday. This is the correct time to visit the mountains and the fare is so cheap that anyone desiring to do so can go. Capt. Jones wants all his friends to go with him and have a good time.

Chief Clerk B. C. Schultz was here Thursday conducting an examination for postoffice clerks. Messrs. Blake and Musselwhite in the Lumberton office stood their first examination and made remarkable records, going over 99 on their first effort.

GAME REFUGE BILL

National Audubon Society Would Have Congress Act

New York, July 13.—To enlist the co-operation of every sportsman and bird lover in the United States, to rally to the support of the Game Refuge bill now pending in Congress, is the purpose of a call issued from this city today to the sportsmen and bird lovers of America.

This proposed enactment introduced by Senator Perkins, of California, and known as Senate Bill No. 6109, gives the President of the United States authority to establish by public proclamation, areas of State lands which are adapted for the propagation and protection of the wild mammals, birds or fish, when such lands have been offered in writing by the Governor of the State wherein they are located.

Bird lovers are watching its progress with the keenest interest. Many declare that upon the success or failure of this bill hangs the ultimate fate of the elk, antelope, prairie chicken sage grouse and other rare American birds and mammals.

It is known that in a number of the Western and Southern States, large tractsts of land owned by private indiviruals, will at once upon the passage of this bill, be deeded to the State governments with the understanding that the State authorities in turn transfer the property to the Federal government for wilr game refuges.

"This proposed law is one of the wisest and most far-reaching measures for bird and game protection ever introduced in the Congress of the United States," declared T. Gilbert Pearson today, who, as the executive officer of the National Association of Audubon societies, is urging the fight here for the passage of the Perkins' bill. He further states that if the bill succeeds, the association would at once begin a number of extended natural history surveys in co-operation with State authorities, to determine what unoccupied lands are most available for transforming into national game refuges.

AT CAMP GLENN

Second Regiment Camp—News and Notes of Morehead

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Camp Glenn, Morehead City, July 13.—The Second Regiment broke camp at 6 A. M., and the first special train left at 6:45 and at 8:30 the entire regiment had left for their homes. Everything passed off elegantly and everybody enjoyed their stay of ten days. The First Regiment will go in camp on the 16th for ten days.

Capt. D. V. Conn, of the paymaster's department and general agent of the Norfolk Southern Railroad with headquarters in Raleigh, gave a very elegant dinner party to a few of his friends at the Atlantic Hotel. Mr. DuBois, the manager did himself proud and everyone voted Capt. Conn the "real article." Those who had the honor of being Capt. Conn's guests were Maj. Poyhtress. Maj. Powers, Maj. Meadows, Mr. Pace, Capt. Doughtery, Capt. Black, Lieut Osborne, Sergeant Monroe and Cadet Bullard.

A delightful sail was given Thursday night on board the D. B. Luce, by Maj. Poythress and Maj. Meadows, complimentary to Mr. and Mrs. D. V. Conn. of Raleigh, and other young ladies and gentlemen guests of the Atlantic Hotel. The party cruised up and down the Sound and enjoyed the delightful music and sea breezes. Maj. Poythress and Maj. Meadows are two very popular officers with the ladies. The party was chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. Conn, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Pace, Mr. and Mrs. William Spicer.

Lieut. A. K. Tayloe, of Washington, N. C., commanding the Regimental Hospital, gave a delightful dinner party today. The following were the guests: Brigadier General Francis Macon. Adjt. Gen. Leinster, Maj. Henry Page, Medical Department, U. S. A.; Maj. Poythress, Capt. Strugess, Rev. N. Harding, chaplain; Miss Griffin, Miss Williams, Miss Smith.

THE METHODIST ORPHANAGE

Annual Report of Superintendent Feature of Meeting of Trustees in Raleigh on Friday—Review of the Work.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 13.—Aside from the determination to begin at once the building of the new dormitory, as stated in this correspondence yesterday, the feature of the meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Methodist Orphanage in this city Friday was the annual report of the beloved superintendent, Rev. J. N. Cole.

The trustees who attended the meeting were Joseph G. Brown, R. E. Prince, J. S. Wynne, R. T. Gray, L. S. Massie, J. N. Cole, of Raleigh; Wm. E. Springer, of Wilmington; Judge W. R. Allen, of Goldsboro; B. B. Adams, Four Oaks; Q. K. Nimocks, of Fayetteville, and S. C. Vann, of Franklinton; R. R. Covington, of Laurinburg, was elected a trustee in place of C. W. Munger, of Newbern, deceased.

The annual report of Superintendent Cole, very appropriately divided into sections, was as follows:

Thanksgiving:—It is with profound gratitude to our God that I make my report for the year June 1911-1912. I believe that it has been the best year in the life of the institution hitherto, and our years have all been good years. The Great Father has seemed from the beginning to have kept this work close to his great heart. There has not been a moment in its history when it did not seem to be the object of His watchful care and of His constant love. During the past year we have had only one case of serious sickness—a non-preventable case of inflammatory rheumatism that resulted in the death of one of our little ones, otherwise the institution has had well nigh perfect health. In the administration of the institution we have had fewer difficulties to arise than in any other year; the entire Orphanage household has probably had a happier life than in any other year. The general deportment of our children has shown improvement in every way, and the work in every department has been reasonably satisfactory.

The Ideal:—The first task in the making of an orphanage is to make a home for the homeless orphan and to fill as nearly as possible the office of parenthood to the fatherless orphan. Surely it is the Great Father's will, when His church shall more thoroughly understand His will and when it shall be ready to do His will, that every orphan child shall have a home, and that every orphan child in its tender years shall have protection from an evil world, and that the office of parenthood shall be restored to Him as nearly as possible. And surely it is the will of the Great Father that the orphan child, destitute of estate, shall be educated and trained for citizenship and for the high purpose of heaven.

The Real.—I believe that our workers here are trying to make our institution fill all these offices to the children committed to us. They are building a home here that is strong and pure and sweet, a home that is on the high level of the average best homes of our land. They are giving themselves gladly to the tasks that have been laid down by hands forever folded and by hearts forever stilled. And in all their work they are seeking the guidance of heaven and the illuminating and strengthening presence of the Holy Spirit. The religious life of our children, their personal salvation, the lofty ideals of honor and truth and mercy presented to us in the teaching of Jesus; these are the things upon which their greatest effort is bestowed.

Enrollment.—During the year eleven children have been admitted into the institution and nine have gone out from us. One child was returned to her people as unsatisfactory, one left without permission, one was placed in a home, two were given back to their mother at her request, and four finished with us, and have taken positions of employment. We have now in the institution 140 children—61 boys and 79 girls.

Housekeeping.—All the departments of our housekeeping have been properly administered and the work done has been wholly satisfactory. Cleanliness, comfort, health, a home pure and sweet and strong; these are the things that our workers have sought to achieve. All the cooking, and this is a bountiful task, all the laundrying, which comes every week, all the scouring and scrubbing, and we have lots of it, all the sweeping and dusting, which never stops, all the patching and darning, an endless task, all the dressmaking, a frequent delight, is done by our children under trained teachers and workers. We have no hired labor, we do our own work. Proficiency in these household duties is essential in the education of the true woman, and it is this sort of an education that we are trying to give our girls. We are trying to fit them to be home-makers in after years.

The Farm.—The Orphanage farm is an important department of our institution life. We have two reasons for running the farm; it helps to cheapen the cost of our living, and it is an essential training to our boys. The boy needs the farm as much as the farm needs the boy, it is the choice place for the making of a man. Our farm has been reasonably remunerative.

In an exhibit published last year in the Presbyterian Orphanage paper at Barium Springs, the cost of support per child in the various leading orphanages of the country was given. In this exhibit the lowest cost was at the Methodist Orphanage, Raleigh. This was made possible here by the fine economy of our matron and her workers and by the remunerative returns from our farm and by donations in kind from our friends.

School.—The work done in our school embraces the courses in our city schools grade for grade, through the eighth grade, each teacher having charge of two grades, teaching one in the morning and one in the afternoon. Our children have made reasonable progress in school. We think that it has been the best year's work. Three of our girls will be in college in September.

Boys' Building.—The handsome new boys' building now nearing completion is the last accession to our equipment. We invite the board and our friends generally to a careful inspection of this building. We believe that it will rank with the best of its kind in the State. It is built out of the gifts of many friends of the institution. I suggest that this building be named the Page Building, in honor of the late lamented Mr. A. F. Page, of our city, who was the largest contributor to our institution that has yet arisen. Besides being one of the most worthy and most honored of the State's chief citizens, and besides being one of the largest promoters of the State's material interests, he was the strongest helper of the brave and dauntless Jenkins, as he went forth at the beginning upon his almost lonely task of laying the foundations of this institution.

Gifts:—Among the many gifts that have come to the institution, I record with deep gratitude the recent gift of $10,000 from Mrs. Mary J. Jackson, of Kinston. This money is to go into a girls' building like to our boys' building. This gift comes from one who has long been a friend of this great work. Her gift has filled us with joy and with thankfulness. Among other larger gifts is the furnishing of our Library Room in which our board is now met. This furnishing, not yet complete, is by Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Woodard, of Wilson. When our bookcases shall have been built, this will be one of the most attractive and useful rooms in the institution, and will be called the Jeffrey Robbins Library in honor of the Rev. Jeffrey Robbins, the father of Mrs. Woodard, and once an honored minister of the North Carolina Conference.

Bequests.—A bequest of $500 has been made by the late Mrs. Mary E. Lang, of Farmville, N. C., and a bequest of $1,000 has been made by the late Mrs. Margaret C. Closs, of Durham, N. C. These bequests bearing each respectively the name of the generous donor will be added to our endowment fund. More and more the dear Lord is laying the blessed cause upon the hearts of his people. At no distant day I believe that our endowment is to become one of the great and notable funds of the commonwealth.

Expenses.—The expense account for the year shows the following expenditures: Salaries $5,047.54; provisions, $4,862.99; sundries (dry goods, clothing, shoes, books, stationery, postage, drugs and other sundries), $1,920.98; fuel, $1,378.60; light $250.89; water, $374.31; building and repairs, $2,334.96; boys' building, $8,159.99; farmer's house, $956.61; insurance, $293.13. By adding the first six items above we get the full cost per child for maintenance and education in our institution for one year, which is $98.82, which is $8.24 per month.

Thanks.—It is proper for me to say and I am glad to say that we are under debt to several of the physicians of Raleigh that have shown great readiness to serve our children in sickness, but especially to Dr. J. W. McGee, who is our physician in charge, and to Drs. Lewis and Battle, specialists, and to Dr. Joel Whitaker, specialist, and to Dr. J. M. Fleming, dentist. These friends have never suffered us to lack for any service that they could give and always without charge.

Our Need.—We need to repair the old boys' building. We need a steel and glass floor in the hall on the first floor of the main building. We need for the training of our children in singing a Steinway piano. We need two girls' buildings after the pattern of the new boys' building. One of these buildings is provided for by the gift of Mrs. Mary J. Jackson, of Kinston. I shall look to the other friends of the institution to provide for the other building. When we consider and when our friends consider the fact that I have turned away more children in the last 12 months from our doors than we have here today, we and they will see how urgent is the need for the enlargement of this work. "Lord God of hosts, be with us yet!"

Respectfully submitted,
J. N. COLE, Supt.

July 12, 1912.

The Grand Theatre has reduced the price of admission to 5c for both day and night performances. Three good pictures and music daily. **

SUMMER SUGGESTIONS FOR THE MOTHER

Seasonable Advice on the Health of Children In Hot Weather

Mothers should be careful not to overfeed children during the hot months. No one requires as much food in Summer as they do in cold weather. Serve only the lighter and more easily digested foods and see that the milk is kept cool and the fruit ripe.

It is quite natural to expect some disturbance, such as constipation, indigestion, or Summer diarrhoea, often accompanied by a cold. A mild laxative at bed time will, in most cases, carry off the congested waste from the stomach next morning and by cleaning the bowels restore normal conditions.

Cathartic remedies and purgatives should never be used for children. They are harsh and violent in their action and tend to upset the entire system. The combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin, known as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, and sold by druggists for fifty cents a bottle, is now very generally used to correct stomach and bowel trouble. It is mild and pleasant to the taste and contains no drastic drug, or narcotic, but acts naturally and easily, yet most effectively. A larger bottle, containing more than twice the quantity, is sold for one dollar. If you have never used Syrup Pepsin and would like a free trial bottle, postpaid, write to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 406 Washington, St., Monticello, Illinois.

Going to see Bunny and G. M. Anderson at the BIJOU Monday. 5cts.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective May 26th, 1912. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90, ‡ 3:40 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 13:35 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91, a 1:00 A. M.
No. 51, 5:35 A. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars Between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50, *12:30 A. M.
No. 64, ‡ 5:50 A. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 65, ‡ 6:25 P. M.
No. 48, * 8:30 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49, * 6:15 P. M.
No. 53, * 8:45 A. M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford Through Pullman Parlor Car Service between Wilmington and Greensboro.	No. 52, * 8:05 P. M.
N. 55, * 3:15 P. M.	Chadourn, Conway (‡), Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 54, 1:40 P. M.
No. 62, 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 63, 12:50 P.M.
No. 59, ‡ 6:30 P. M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations.	No. 60, ‡10:15 A. M.
No. 43, * 7:00 P. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman and Dining Car Service. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41, *10:00 A. M.
No. 57, ‡ 7:30 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate Stations.	No. 58, ‡ 8:30 A. M.

* Daily. ‡ Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

To the Beach

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect June 1st, 1912.

WEEK DAYS:

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach
6:30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P.M. 12:00 P.M. * 6:10 P.M.	6:05 A. M. 7:15 A. M. and every half hour until 11:45 P.M.

* Business Men's Express daily except Saturday and Sunday stops only at Wrightsville and stations on the Beach.

FREIGHT:

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach.
6:00 A.M.	7:15 A.M.
10:00 A.M.	12:15 P.M.
4:00 P.M.	6:15 P.M.
7:00 P.M.	8:15 P.M.

Freight depot open daily except Sunday from 8:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M., and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

SUNDAYS:

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach.
7:00 A.M.	7:15 A.M.
8:30 A.M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P.M. 12:00 P.M.	7:45 A.M. 9:15 A.M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:45 P.M.

FREIGHT:

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach.
11:00 A.M.	12:15 P.M.

Freight depot open Sundays from 10:00 A. M. to 11:00 A. M.

Express trains stop only at Wrightsville and stations on the Beach.

TELEPHONE 667

for information about train movements and all matters connected with transportation department.

W. B. & S. R. R.

Schedule in Effect Sunday, July 14th, 1912.

P. M.		A. M.
*3:15	Lv. . . . Wilmington . . .	Ar. 8:30
4:05	" . . . . . Town Creek	" 7:35
4:20	" . . . . . Bolivia	" 7:20
4:55	Ar. . . . . Southport	Lv. 6:45

* Daily, except Sunday.

Special train operated Sunday only, leaving Southport, 6:45 A. M., arriving Wilmington, 8:30 A. M. Returning, leave Wilmington 7:30 P. M., arriving Southport 9:00 P. M.

H. E. GOODWIN, Traffic Manager.

jy12-tf

We Are Booking Orders

for future shipment of Bagging, Ties, California Dried Fruits, such as Peaches, Prunes, etc., as well as Fall delivery of Canned Goods, namely, Peaches, Tomatoes, Corn, Beans, Succotash, etc.

Send us your orders, or ask for quotations on future shipments.

THE STONE CO.

Wholesale Grocers and Distributors

Wilmington, North Carolina.

BURETT H. STEPHENS

ARCHITECT

38-39-40 GARRELL BUILDING.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CANDIES ! CANDIES !

A FINE ASSORTMENT

Guaranteed Under Pure Food Law.

WM. H. GREEN & CO.

DRUGGISTS.

J. F. LEITNER

ARCHITECT

27-28-29 Carroll Building.

SEABOARD

Air Line Railway

SCHEDULE

EFFECTIVE APRIL 9th, 1912.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON, N. C.

No. 45—5 A. M. arrive Hamlet, 9:05 A. M. Leave Hamlet 9:25 A. M.; arrive Charlotte, 12:10 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with train 66, at 9:05 A. M. with through train for Raleigh, Norfolk, Richmond and points North. At Monroe, with train 53 for Atlanta and points South. Daily sleeper for Charlotte. Open for occupancy at 10 P. M.

No. 39—3:25 P. M.; arrive Hamlet 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet 8 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 11 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa. Also Norfolk, Richmond and all points north. Pullman chair car between Wilmington and Charlotte, and sleeper between Wilmington and Atlanta daily. Through to Birmingham Sundays and Wednesdays.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON, N. C.

No. 40—12:30 P. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 44—12:10 A. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.

For further information, telephone or apply to the undersigned.

CLAUDE MURRAY, Union Ticket Agt. 'Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER, Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel. 'Phone No. 178.
H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. RYAN, Gen. Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va. mh19-tf

Clyde Steamship Company to NEW YORK and GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.

Steamship "Carib," Frl., June 28th, 1912
Steamship "Navahoe," Frl., July 5th, 1912

Wilmington to New York

Steamship "Navahoe," Sat., June 29th, 1912
Steamship "Carib," Sat., July 6th, 1912

Wilmington to Georgetown.

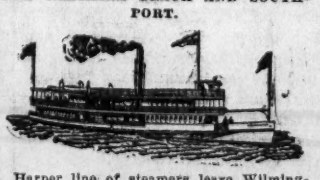
Steamship "Navahoe," Mon., June 24th, 1912
Steamship "Carib," Mon., July 1st, 1912

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight, apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Sup't., Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD, Freight Traffic Manager.
H. H. RAYMOND, V.-P. and G. M.

FOR CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT.



Harper line of steamers leave Wilmington daily except Sunday, for Southport, 9 A. M.; for Carolina Beach, 9 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Southport, 11:45 A. M.; Carolina Beach, 12:45 and 5:45 P. M.

SUNDAY SCHEDULE.

Leave for Southport, 9 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.; Carolina Beach, 9 A. M., 2:30 and 7:30 P. M. Returning, leave Carolina Beach, 12:45, 6 and 8:30 P. M.

Positively no dogs allowed at Carolina Beach.

Fare to Southport, Sunday, 50 cents round trip. Carolina Beach, daily, 25 cents round trip.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails. Schedule in Effect May 12, 1912.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a.m.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 a.m.	2:30 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	6:55 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Gen. Pass. Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates, or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Saturday, July 14, 1912.

When it is announced that this or that politician is "going to Seagirt", it isn't true. He is going to See Wilson.

"Give us germless money," demands an exchange. We prefer to have wingless money, so we cannot make it fly so fast.

A midsummer business boom is reported in financial circles. This shows the effect of nominating a man like Wilson for President.

The vote of the idle rich is small, hence they will not be tickled under the cin by the bull moose. He will pull their leg as a substitute.

"The average man wants more time," says a lecturer on procrastination. He certainly does, when he tries to smoke a campaign cigar.

The first State to have an election this year will be Vermont, which will elect State officers and Congressmen on the first Tuesday in September. It is expected that Vermont will go Republican simply out of respect to the memory of Abraham Lincoln.

Because a man denies a thing it is no guarantee that the allegations concerning him are false. Senator Lorimer denies that he is guilty, in spite of all the facts. Harry Thaw denies that he is crazy, in spite of the fact that he is in a lunatic asylum.

Says the Greensboro Record: "One of these days John Motley Morehead will arrive at the conclusion that he got into bad company when he left the Democratic party." A man ought to be as careful about choosing his political affiliations as he is about his social companions.

Col. Roosevelt's progressive associates insist on tariff revision, but the Colonel sidesteps a positive declaration on that most momentous of all political issues. He waves it aside by saying "My views on the tariff are well known." Yes, but they are dissolving views. Teddy's views on the tariff look like a school boy's excuse about not knowing his lesson.

"Thou ssalt not steal" has been suggested by Col. Roosevelt as the motto of the Bull Moose party. The first thing the Bull Moose party did was to steal the progressive movement from Senator LaFollette. Then it tried to steal the nomination from Taft, and now it has entered into a conspiracy to steal the Republican and Democratic organizations while wearing the false face of a Progressive.

One of the scandals heretofore recognized by the law was freebootery exercised by receivers in bankruptcy, trustees and administrators who often absorbed the greater portion of funds, assets and estates under guise of law. New York has instituted a reform in that connection, having abolished by law the custom of allowing receivers fees out of all proportion to the amount of assets handled. The allowances are now fixed by law, made necessary by the fact that in many instances the assets of bankrupts were just about consumed by outrageous fees. We have had some fair specimens of that scandal in North Carolina.

Miss Gertrude Eller, of Chicago, stopped her auto near two young men, and one of them remarked to her: "Oh, you great, big beautiful doll." She had him arrested, but a judge released him, declaring that his offense was not punishable. Of course, the young chap showed that he was exceedingly ill bred, but he might have made it worse by saying, "Oh, you kid!" At the same time, his lack of refinement was in evidence, and it reflected on the mother who trained him.

AUTO DRIVERS' RESPONSIBILITY.

In yesterday's Star was published a timely communication from "Motorist", who called attention to the grave danger to pedestrians on account of fast motoring and the general disregard of traffic regulations through the streets of Wilmington. It is a regretable fact that many of our motorists speed at a rate that is imprudent and unnecessary if not reckless. It is not alone on the boulevards that machines are driven at a dangerous pace, but in the crowded down town districts it is a common thing to observe automobiles exceeding the speed limit and turning corners with a swiftness that keeps pedestrians on the jump.

The seriousness of all this unnecessary speed is that it endangers life and limb. Not only does it place in jeopardy those who are on the streets, but those who drive and occupy the machines as well as other autos and vehicles. More than ordinary hazard must be taken by children on the streets, and especially at crossings, for they do not exercise the precaution of elder people and have not equal presence of mind in an emergency.

"Motorist" wrote with great earnestness to warn his fellow motorists of the menace they have become to pedestrians, and he deplores what he can foresee might happen any moment upon the streets of the beautiful city of Wilmington. He anticipates serious accidents if not possible tragedies, and he writes with impressive emphasis to warn automobilists that there must be a sad sequel to the negligence if not recklessness displayed in the running of most all the several hundred autos and other vehicles that daily speed in all quarters of the city.

The Star wishes to call attention to the fact that there is not only a moral obligation upon motorists to exercise care and comply with the general law about the driving of machines and vehicles in a crowded city, but legal responsibility attaches for injury and damages. A legal friend calls our attention to a decision rendered by the New York Court of Appeals in the early part of this year, covering the negligence and responsibility of drivers. The case came up under the common law, and as it is as applicable in North Carolina as it is in New York, we quote here the ruling of the court as it was kindly furnished by our lawyer friend:

"Mary E. Baker, Respondent, vs. William J. Close, et al., Appellants.

"Motor vehicles—negligence—relative right and duties of pedestrians and persons operating motor vehicles at street crossings.

"At street crossings both pedestrians and drivers are required to exercise that degree of prudence and care which the conditions demand. A pedestrian at such crossings is not required to look both ways, but only to exercise such reasonable care as the case requires, for he has the right to assume that a driver will also exercise due care and approach the crossing with his vehicle under proper control, and the rule which fixes the rights of drivers of ordinary vehicles in the use of street crossings is not relaxed in favor of automobiles.

(Argued December 22, 1911; decided January 9, 1912.)

"Werner, J.—The plaintiff was run down at a busy street crossing in Schenectady by an automobile owned by the defendants and driven by their employe. The collision occurred under circumstances which are variously narrated by different witnesses, but the negligence of the defendant's driver was practically conceded on the argument, and the most cursory perusal of the record discloses such a conflict of testimony as to the plaintiff's alleged contributory negligence, that it clearly presented a question of fact upon which the verdict is conclusive. As there are no exceptions which merit discussion, this would be a proper case for affirmance, without opinion, were it not for the excellent opportunity it offers to restate a few familiar rules which, in this day of fast moving and powerful street vehicles propelled by mechanical energy, it is even more important for pedestrians and drivers to observe than it was in the earlier days, when carriages, wagons and trucks were drawn exclusively by horses.

"The duty of the wayfarer to look both ways, to listen, and if necessary to stop at a grade crossing of a steam railroad grows out of the obvious and constantly impending dangers which cannot always be avoided by drivers of steam engines drawing heavy trains at the high rate of speed which is necessary to insure efficient railroad service. The reason of the rule is so obvious that it needs neither explanation nor justification. In the nature of the things the duty referred to must be imposed upon the wayfarer as a matter of law. It is different, however, as to the rights and duties of pedestrians and drivers in the use of crossings on our city streets. There the right of passage is common to all, and both footmen and drivers are bound to exercise reasonable care for their own safety and the safety of others upon the street. The rigorous rule applicable to steam railroad crossings is necessarily relaxed at the usual crossings, and the footman is not required, as a matter of law, to look both ways and listen, but only to exercise such reasonable care as the case requires, for he has the right to assume that a driver will also exercise due care and approach the crossing with his vehicle under proper control. (Buhrens vs. Dry Dock E. B. & B. R. R. Co., 53 Hun. 571; Affd. 125 N. Y. 702). At such street crossings both pedestrians and drivers are required to exercise that degree of prudence and care which the conditions demand. (Brooks vs. Schwerin, 54 N. Y. 343). It is impossible to formulate any more precise definition of these relative rights and duties. The only modification of this general rule, that there is an equality of right as between pedestrians and drivers in the use of public streets, are that street cars which run upon a fixed or stationary right of way cannot turn aside to avoid collisions as other vehicles can, and to that extent they must have the right of way; and that a pedestrian who crosses the street at a place where there is no regular crossing may be chargeable with some additional vigilance because it is not a place set aside for the crossing of foot passengers, although, even at such a place drivers are required to be watchful and careful. (Moebus vs. Herrmann, 108 N. Y., 349).

"The application of these simple rules to drivers of automobiles is obvious. It is a fact of common knowledge that automobiles traverse our city streets at much greater speed than other vehicles, and yet they are more easily controlled. In crowded centers the danger is proportionate to the speed, and there seems to be no good reason why the care should not be measured by the danger. The rule which fixes the rights of drivers of ordinary vehicles in the use of street crossings cannot be relaxed in favor of automobiles, for while they are instrumentalities which afford great pleasure, convenience and utility to many, they are undoubted sources of danger to many more. The wisdom of carefully observing these simple rules of the road is well illustrated by the case in hand. If the defendants' driver had taken the wise precaution to check his speed at this crossing, or even to slightly change his course, the plaintiff would probably not have been injured, for the evidence is conclusive that she had all but escaped when she was caught by the running board on the farther side of the automobile."

It is hardly necessary to say that the appeal was dismissed and the appellant compelled to pay whatever damages were awarded in the lower court. Thus we see that for their own safety from being mulcted in damages, automobilists will have to exercise such care as will free them from the responsibility of negligence. Most of the burden of care is put on drivers, and the New York decision shows that drivers have very little showing in court in cases of accident.

Automobilists who are predisposed to go at a fast clip should not only be careful on their own account, morally and financially, but for the sake of their fellow motorists who may be subjected to more stringent laws on account of the negligence of others. Stricter laws and more rigid enforcement of all regulations as to driving is bound to be the result if motorists do not slow down to a safe speed both on the city streets and on the improved highways running through the county.

CHARGES AGAINST GOVERNOR BLEASE

The former socialistic handling of the whiskey problem in South Carolina resulted in a series of scandals which do not seem to down but keep on bubbling with increasing putrifcation. We confess to shame and shock yesterday when we read the Associated Press dispatch from Augusta, Ga., making serious and startling revelations involving the reputation, character and integrity of Governor Cole L. Blease, of South Carolina.

The shocking disclosures came in sworn testimony given in before the South Carolina Dispensary Investigating Committee now in session at Augusta, so as to get the testimony of Georgia residents who have figured one way or another in dispensary history. The story is a long and painful one, but in brief it is the statement of witnesses and the presentation of evidence to the effect that the South Carolina Governor is corrupt and unworthy of the high place dignified in the past by a galaxy of South Carolina's most eminent men.

The startling expose involves charges that Governor Blease received liquor graft and was in league with grafters and hush money-takers; that he received money for pardons; that he worked for liquor men and was paid for it; that he took money for the defeat or passage of laws affecting liquor investigations and railroad regulations, and that he bribed voters or furnished money for that purpose.

It is hard to believe that a Governor should be involved in so serious a scandal, and we hope for the sake of South Carolina and the Governor himself, that he can clearly vindicate himself from a situation that looks exceedingly ugly at this distance. The charges seem to be stripped of the ordinary effects of prejudiced statements, but are made by witnesses supposed to have good reputations and sustained by secret investigations by the famous detective, William J. Burns. Even the dictagraph is brought into play by the sleuth, and it appears that the Governor has been caught in a trap or else is the victim of a huge and unlikely conspiracy. This matter is of such a grave nature that the Charleston News & Courier yesterday said in a leading editorial:

"It is not possible to overestimate the gravity of the charges preferred against Governor Blease before the South Carolina Dispensary Investigating Committee now in session at Augusta. He, the chief law officer of the State, is accused of prostituting his high office and of having been guilty of acts which, if they be true and can be proven, would demand not merely his overwhelming defeat for re-election, but that he be stripped of his place and sent forth in everlasting disgrace.

"But to charge is not necessarily to prove. Of course, the very fact that such allegations should be lodged against the Chief Executive of a proud State is humiliating to the last degree, and enough to cause all patriotic South Carolinians to hang their heads in shame. The facts which are printed in The News and Courier this morning as to what took place in Augusta yesterday were telegraphed out of that city last night from one end of the land to the other and even beyond the seas, and this morning the newspapers of a thousand cities will blazon them forth to tens of millions of readers under glaring headlines. This is not publicity in which any of us can find cause for gratulation. It is incumbent upon all citizens of South Carolina, however, to bear in mind that regardless of whether or not they have considered Governor Blease a fit man for the office he occupies they owe it to themselves no less than to him to remember that these are criminal charges which are being brought against him and that they deserve to be considered accordingly. They are not to be lightly accepted or rejected, as prejudice may dictate, but they should be weighed very carefully as also the evidence adduced in their support, and any judgment should be avoided until all the evidence is in and until the accused has had his opportunity to have his day in court, to be heard in his own defense, if he shall so desire.

"The Investigating Committee having gone into this very serious matter should see it through with a full appreciation of its tremendous import, and in the same spirit should the people await whatever conclusion may be forthcoming."

Evidently Governor Blease will have to face impeachment charges, and we cannot see how an extra session of the General Assembly can be avoided. However, we are constrained to suspend judgment on the Governor till his side of the case is heard.

DISPUTE OVER THE CANAL

The United States is in for a very serious dispute with Great Britain over the government's policy for regulating traffic through the Panama canal. The British are protesting against the free passage of American coastwise shipping, as contemplated in a bill now pending in Congress. However, both President Taft and the Senators and Representatives in Congress favor the bill, and it is strongly contended by the government that free passage for American ships through an American canal built for its own purpose is not discrimination against any other nation, as is claimed by Great Britain.

The British government protests that free passage for American coastwise ships is a violation of the Pauncefort treaty, by which agreement the United States bound themselves to operate the canal "on terms of entire equality" for all nations "with no discrimination against any nation in respect of charges, which shall be just and equitable."

We well remember that clause in the treaty when it was pending and wondered whether we were building the canal as much for the orld as for ourselves. The matter was widely discussed at the time, and it seems that our diplomats and the President and the Senate deliberately entered into the treaty with their eyes wide open. A plain reading of the treaty shows that we pledged ourselves not to discriminate against other nations, and the question will hinge on whether free passage for American ships is giving all nations an equal showing.

We are constrained to believe that Great Britain has got a diplomatic half-Nelson on us, but the fight is going to be an interesting one. However, we have never seen anything business-like in admitting even our own ships to free passage. It will cost a mint of money to pay for operation, maintenance and interest on canal bonds, and with free passage for our own ships it would appear that we expected to depend upon the ships of the world to bear all the expense of operating our Isthmian waterway.

LORIMER'S UNDOING.

The unseating of Senator Lorimer by the United States Senate will have to be accepted as the verdict of the most grave and reverend jury of the Nation. The majority against the Illinois Senator was so large as to leave no doubt that he is guilty of the charge of corrupt practice in securing his election to a seat in the Senate. He is disgraced in the eyes of the Nation and Illinois is humiliated before all the world.

Whatever may be further contended concerning the affair, the Senate's verdict is in behalf of civic virtue and sustains the honor of the Senate. Doubtless it will have a wholesome effect in this age when we have almost lost faith in the honor and uprightness of the politicians of the country.

Cable dispatches have referred to the desecration and robbery of the mausoleum of a titled and ancient family. The leaden casket of a duchess was chiseled open, and many valuable gems and articles of jewelry stolen. Burying jewelry with loved ones is only an invitation to ghouls to violate the sacred resting place of the dead. Since the departed cannot carry with them such worldly things as diamonds, pearls, gold ornaments and money, the sentiment which prompts the custom of burying such sordid things with them is more likely to bring shock and grief rather than satisfaction.

How comes it that men of the Arch bald stripe receive appointments to distinguished positions at the hands of Republican administrations?

CURRENT COMMENT.

Two Texas Democrats have deserted to Roosevelt. These disheartening defections are likely to reduce our November majority in that State to 249,998.—Columbia State.

Thirty-two years ago a meteorite weighing 875 pounds fell on the farm of B. O. McWhorter, in Hale county, Texas. The jar knocked down the clocks in the next county. Instead of digging a cyclone pit or moving back to Georgia as soon as he could find his false teeth, McWhorter investigated. The meteroite split in half when it struck the earth and the larger half was sold for $500 to an Eastern concern for laboratory purposes. Recently the remaining half was sold to a Philadelphia mineral company. The meteorite is said to have contained minerals not known to exist in the earth.—Savannah News.

While Marion Butler was promising things to Colonel Roosevelt, he should not have bolted half way. Instead of assuring the Colonel that the Moose family in North Carolina will stamp the life out of each Land Cra at least five or six times, he should have made it sixteen times. And he ought to have arranged that fusion of Democratic and Republican electors with a little more particularity. He might have named the Hares who are to run with the Moose, and he might further have told Colonel Roosevelt the exact majority he is going to get in North Carolina. A day or two after the election, we shall expect to see Hon. Marion Butler promoted to head chief of the Ananias Club to the accompaniment of some more or less lurid talk from Eyester Bay.—Charlotte Observer.

Coney Island enthusiasts had not the patience to sit and wait for the result in November. They are deciding the great National contest for themselves, in their own way. Wednesday night the biggest elephant in the park repersenting the Republican party, and a donkey representing the Democratic party, were started at Luna Park in a race for Washington. The start was made at midnight and the elephant is ridden by a man who is said to be Mr. Taft's double and the donkey is ridden by a man with a striking resemblance to Woodrow Wilson. The starters were evidently of Democratic inclinations for the donkey is accompanied by a mascot, a hound dog from Missouri. No matter which party wins, Coney Island will get the advertising and that is the main thing.—Savannah News.

FROM DR. GALLOWAY

Wilmington, N. C., July 13.

Editor Star:—I do not wish to be troublesome, but will you not be kind enough to insert again the first stanza of the little offering I sent you yesterday? You have the first line "After 'life's fitful fever.' Knightliest patriot sleep."

The lines rhyme alternately, and I give you the full stanza to show it.

"After 'life's fitful fever,' Knightliest patriot rest;
Fresh garlands o'er thy new-made mound,
Fashioned from day to day by loving hands attest,
In eloquence mute, thy bed is hallowed ground."

The rhyming of rest and attest is not after the highest conception of poetry, but it is a poetic license indulged in by all the great poets and a little light be allowed the infraction.

W. C. G.

MR. M'LEOD TO RUN

Will Be Candidate for State Senator From Roheson County

(Special Star Telegram).

Lumberton, N. C., July 13.—Mr. George B. McLeod authorized the statement tonight that he would enter the race for State Senator from this county at the approaching county primary to be held August 10th. Mr. McLeod was for 12 years sheriff of the county and for several years chairman of the county Democratic executive committee. Mr. McLeod says he will make a thorough canvass and endeavor to get the views of the people as to the needs of the county. Other candidates will be given the opportunity of a joint debate, if they so desire.

The Grand Theatre has reduced the price of admission to 5c for both day and night performances. Three good pictures and music daily. **

A special value tan pump at $3.50. Hewlett & Price. **

July White Goods Sale!

The Greatest Variety, the Choicest, Coolest White Materials, Now on Display, and quantities of daintily made White Muslin Underwear, at Money-Saving Prices.

Underwear for Men; cool, regular hot weather comfortables. Hosiery in Big Assortment, and prices mean bargains.

White Hats in Linen, Crash, Duck, Ratine, Canvas and Felt; many styles and prices range from 50c. up, and each price is a bargain.

White Skirts, in Corduroy, Striped Pique, White Linene and Brown Linen; also nice line wool Skirts, in Panama, Serge, Whip Cord and many other New Goods.

All TRIMMED HATS on Sale at Big REDUCTION.

Parasols, Black and Colors, at almost 1-3 off, and the season is very young yet.

SPECIAL ON SALE MONDAY, and ALL THE WEEK!

A great assortment of Enamel Ware, at 25c
Porch Screens, medium size, at $1.25; Large Size at $1.75
Hammocks, a great variety ..... 98c to $5.00
Porch Rugs, small and large size, Matting and Matting Rugs, and anything our customers desire that we haven't got we will take pleasure in ordering it.

We are here at your command.

Silk Hose, Black and White, 25c, 50c., $1.00, and $1.50.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE
The FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CARFARE

Ice Water Bottles. Take Water with you Fishing, and keep it Cool!

A MILLINERY FEAST

In order to close out my Entire Stock of Millinery at Once, I will sell Fine Pattern Hats, some French models, originally worth $10.00, $12.50 and $15.00, at $5.98 each. All $6.50, $7.50 and $8.50 Hats at $2.98 each. Children's and Misses' Ready-to-Wear Hats at Less than Half Price.

Large line Turkish Towel, Felt, Duck and Sailor Hats just received, to go for less than cost.

Feathers, Ribbons, Flowers, Hair Goods, Baby Caps, Velvets, Silks, Chiffons, Malines, Etc., at 75 cents on the dollar of original cost. Will sell fixtures cheap.

MISS REA'S MILLINERY SALON,
Garrell Building, 128 Princess Street.

Underwear SALE!

We are closing out our entire stock of Men's Summer Underwear Below Cost.

Consisting of Very Best Brands. Cash Sale.

SALE STARTS SATURDAY MORNING.

A. D. BROWN

Wilmington's Prosperity Yours

A great deal has been said about Wilmington's growth and prosperity. Our population is growing rapidly; business is increasing and real estate values are jumping. No boom, just good healthy increases.

Mr. Reader, are you doing your part? Do you realize that as much depends upon you as upon your neighbor? You must make a success of yourself before you can have a hand in the city's prosperity.

A good way is to open an account with this bank; deposit a part of your earnings and be ready for the many chances for good investments. Help yourself and you help the whole community.

WE PAY FOUR PER CENT. COMPOUND INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

HOME SAVINGS BANK
115 No. Front St., Orton Building.

ATTENTION, PRUDENT BUYERS.

About 75 first-class Iron Beds to be sold at a sacrifice to make room for another car of the famous three-piece Bernstein Beds just received.

About twenty-five splendid quar-tered Oak Dressers and Washstands to go off at real bargain prices to make room for a car of the nobbiest, prettiest, quartered Oak Dressers, bed-room suits, and Chiffoniers ever shown on any store floor in Wilmington. Porch Screens at cost. Nice lot Jardiniers at cost.

WILMINGTON FURNITURE CO.

MULES AND MORTGAGES, ETC.

Interesting But Bewildering Civil Action Heard In Recorder's Court Yesterday Morning—Criminal Cases Ordinary.

Of mules and men and mortgages and liens and loans and other things was the bewildering testimony in the principal case heard at yesterday's session of the Recorder's court, a civil suit brought by John Robinson, colored, against Mr. Jno. D. Sidbury to enforce the return of one mule which the plaintiff alleges to have purchased from the defendant and which the defendant now has in his possession. The Recorder reserved decision in the matter.

According to the testimony Robinson claims to have purchased one red or bay mule from Mr. Sidbury, and after using the mule a short time returned him to the defendant, claiming that he was slow and could not do the work as represented by the defendant when the sale was made. Mr. Sidbury took the mule back, accepted a mortgage of $105 and let the plaintiff have a black mule named Bill, whereupon the plaintiff went his way rejoicing.

In about three hours after the exchange the aforesaid red mule lay down and expired on Mr. Sidbury's hands. The plaintiff alleges that Mr. Sidbury came to him that night and told him that the mule had died and that he would like to borrow the mule "Bill" to haul the other mule away. The plaintiff testified that he consented to lend Mr. Sidbury the black mule on condition that he return the animal by 7 o'clock the next morning. This he alleged, Mr. Sidbury refused to do, and still has Bill in his possession. He asked that the defendant be made to return the mule to him and that he also be made to pay him a reasonable amount for the use of the animal while he has had it in his possession.

A large number of witnesses were introduced on each side and the hearing of the case consumed considerable time. Louis J. Poisson, Esq., appeared for the plaintiff and Woodus Kellum, Esq., represented the defendant. After hearing the evidence and the arguments of counsel Recorder Furling withheld his decision so that he can give the matter further consideration.

The criminal docket yesterday morning was rather dull and uninteresting on the whole, and few cases were tried. William Wright, a white man, was found guilty on a charge of being drunk and disorderly and was fined ... and costs. Arthur and Fannie Addison, colored, man and wife, were found guilty of disorderly conduct and judgment was suspended on payment of the costs. On a charge of an assault with a deadly weapon Arthur Addison was found not guilty. One drunk was allowed to pay the costs.

FEDERAL COURT ADJOURNS

Admiralty Case Finished Yesterday—Motions Heard

United States Court, which has been in special session since Thursday morning, adjourned yesterday about 1 o'clock, subject to the call of the district judge. Most of the morning session yesterday was occupied with the admiralty case entitled Enrico Villa, master of the Italian Steamship Italia, et al., vs. Schooner Brina P. Pendleton, which was taken up Thursday morning. The case was brought to a close yesterday with the arguments of Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy for the claimants and Geo. Rountree, Esq., for the libellants. Judge Connor took the matter under consideration and will render his decision later.

On motion of Herbert McClammy, Esq., attorney for the plaintiff, the time for taking depositions in the case of J. C. Foster vs. Michael Padgett, from Onslow county, was extended to September 1st.

The time for the defendants to answer the complaint in the action brought by the Continental Jewell Filtration Company against the City of Wilmington for $50,000 damages for alleged infringement on patents held by the company was extended to the first Monday in September.

Judge Connor is spending today at Wrightsville Beach. He will leave tomorrow.

NEW R. C. H. HUPP'S HERE

First of the 1913 Models Received In Wilmington Yesterday

The sensation of the 1913 automobile season has just arrived in Wilmington. It is the new R. C. H. Hupp model for 1913, which has been so extensively advertised in the Saturday Evening Post, Collier's and the other high-class weekly publications of the North, and the first consignment of a carload was received by the local agents, the Wilmington Auto Repair Co. The new cars were on display at the garage of the company on North Third street yesterday afternoon and they were much admired. There are two five-passenger touring cars and one roadster. The 1913 R. C. H. is fully equipped with windshield, top, Warner speedometer, Boesch magneto, electric lights, jiffy curtains, non-skid tires and all the other extras at no advance in cost. It is the acknowledged leader of the 1913 cars thus far selling below $1,050. Mr. J. B. Farmer, the sales manager or Mr. L. Bruce Douglass, the auto expert of the firm, would be glad to give a demonstration to anyone interested.

Suits Brought by the City.

The following are the defendants in the suits brought in Superior Court by the city of Wilmington late Friday afternoon for the payment of their pro rata share of the assessment for the paving of North Fourth street several years ago, mention of which was made in yesterday's paper: Mrs. Margaret Ganzer, H. W. Konig, C. McD. Davis, administrator of the estate of Laura L. Pitt, Mrs. Lena Avant, C. M. R. Ahrens, J. F. Sellers, W. P. Woodcock, Mrs. Jennie Croom and W. G. Craig. It is said that a number of others have recently made settlement and thus avoided a suit.

Have your eyes tested by Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. You will save time and money. **

Beauties in ladies' satin walking pumps at Hewlett & Price's. **

COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE

Chamber of Commerce Board to Ascertain if There Is Any Cause for Complaint of the Local Telephone Service.

For the purpose of formulating some plan for making a searching inquiry into the cause of the general complaint of inefficient telephone service, both on Wrightsville Beach and in Wilmington, the telephone committee of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce has been called to meet at the rooms of the Chamber tomorrow at noon. The committee is composed of Mr. H. deW. Rapalje, chairman; Messrs. George R. French, M. W. Divine and Thos. E. Wallace.

The recent complaint against the service of the Southern Bell Telephone Co., was made by Mr. B. Oscar Stone, a leading business man, with considerable holdings in Wilmington and Wrightsville Beach, at the regular meeting of the Chamber of Commerce last Thursday, when he characterized the service as abominable. There were several persons present who declared that Mr. Stone expressed their sentiments, though they did not make any public utterance on the proposition.

Since the remarks of Mr. Stone any number of communications have been received at the Chamber of Commerce commending the position taken by Mr. Stone and declaring that the service given them lately has been far below the standard. They express the hope that the telephone committee will make a thorough and immediate investigation and report at once to the Chamber of Commerce its findings.

It is understood to be the idea of the committee, or one or two members at least, to hear the complaints of the citizens, then hear the statement of the Southern Bell officials, if they care to make one, and also secure data from other cities of similar size. After this has all been received and compiled the idea would be to arrive at some conclusion as to the cause of the complaint and make report of this to the Chamber of Commerce.

One citizen who has complained of the service said yesterday that he had already noticed a material improvement since the remarks of Mr. Stone and the promised investigation by the Chamber of Commerce.

AFTER THE VAGRANTS.

Seven Negroes Given Sentences of 30 Days Each by Justice Harriss.

Justice Harriss and the deputies from the Sheriff's office have been busy for the past few days rounding up vagrants and seven dusky sons and daughters of rest were found guilty yesterday of managing to exist without visible means of support. The delegation was headed by an ebony female who rejoices under the appellation of "Queen Victoria," and the other six were as follows: Julia Moore, Betsy Mills, Cornelia Howard, Hannah Green, Julia Munford and Preston Green. The women were sentenced to 30 days each on the county farm and the man was given a similar term on the county roads. John McKoy and Hannah Pollock, colored, were given hearing on a charge of living together in illegal relations and probable cause being found were sent over to the Recorder for trial.

The Late Mr. W. S. Hanna

After reproducing The Star's account of the death of Mr. W. S. Hanna, who died in Asheville some days ago, where he had gone for his health. The Standard, of Lykens, Pa., had the following: "The above means our Walter Hanna. Born among us, raised among us, and loved by all of us for his clean, straight life. A 'Lehigh-Boston-Tech" man, by profession a civil engineer, principally along the lines of waterworks and sanitation, in which he was coming to the front as an authority. His age was 33 years. Our community as a whole extend their sympathy to the bereaved wife and little daughter."

Real Estate Transfers

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: W. G. Fergus and wife to L. A. Rhodes and wife, for $35 and other considerations, tract in Masonboro township, containing about three acres; Theo. Schroder and wife to J. A. Sutton and wife, for $300 and other considerations, lot 20 in block 21, Carolina Place; F. A. Bissinger and wife to Geo. H. Howell, for $150 and other considerations, lot 31 in block G, Seabreeze Park; W. G. Fergus and wife to D. J. Ferzus and wife, for $200 and other considerations, tract in Masonboro township containing about 12 acres.

Bullet Hit Wrong Man.

Will Huggins, a white man, was wounded in the calf of the leg by a pistol bullet from the revolver of an unknown negro at 11th and Market streets, this morning, about 12:30 o'clock. From the details gathered by the police, two negroes were quarreling and one pulled a revolver and fired at the other. The bullet missed the intended victim, but hit Huggins, who was passing, in the calf of the leg. The wound was only a slight one of the flesh, and Huggins did not go to the hospital. The negroes disappeared.

—A two-weeks' term of New Hanover county Superior Court for the trial of criminal matters will convene July 22nd, just one week from tomorrow, with Judge Frank Carter, of Asheville, presiding. This will be Judge Carter's first official visit to this county.

Mail Carriers Will Fly.

This is an age of great discoveries. Progress rides on the air. Soon we may see Uncle Sam's mail carriers flying in all directions, transporting mail. People take a wonderful interest in a discovery that benefits them. That's why Dr. King's New Discovery for coughs, colds and other throat and lung diseases is the most popular medicine in America. "It cured me of a dreadful cough," writes Mrs. J. F. Davis, Stickney Corner, Me., "after doctor's treatment and all other remedies had failed." For coughs, colds or any bronchial affection it's unequaled. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free at R. R. Bellamy.

APPOINTMENTS BY A. C. L.

Mr. J. T. King Becomes Assistant General Superintendent of Transportation—Mr. S. A. Stockard Car Accountant.

Official circulars issued yesterday from the office of General Manager W. N. Royall, approved by Mr. John R. Kenly, third vice president of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, announce the appointment, effective on Monday, of Mr. J. T. King as assistant general superintendent of transportation of the system, with headquarters at Wilmington.

The appointment of Mr. King was expected as he has been for some time in charge of the office of superintendent of transportation during the illness of the late Mr. Edwin Borden. It is presumed that Mr. King will still continue in charge of this important office of the Coast Line, under the title of Assistant General Superintendent of Transportation.

Following the appointment of Mr. King another circular was issued, announcing the appointment of Mr. S. A. Stockard as car accountant of the system to succeed Mr. King. This circular was from the office of the assistant general superintendent of transportation and is approved by Mr. W. N. Royall, general manager. Mr. Stockard was formerly chief clerk in the office of Mr. King and since the transfer of the latter to the superintendent of transportation's office, he has been acting car accountant.

These appointments carry with them the promotion of two of the most popular of the younger executives of the Atlantic Coast Line and their friends over the system will learn with satisfaction of their advancement in their chosen line of work. Mr. Stockard is a son of Prof. Henry Jerome Stockard, of Peace Institute, Raleigh, but has been a resident of Wilmington for ten years or more during which time he has made for himself a host of personal friends. Mr. King is well known in the social, religious and financial life of the city. He was one of the founders and has been since its organization one of the directors of the American National Bank. His acquaintance in the railroad world is wide and those who know him are certain that the important department to which he has been assigned will be in capable hands.

BROTHERHOOD STAR COURSE

Two Important Numbers To Which Attention Is Called

There are two great numbers on the Brotherhood Star Course of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church to which the committee on arrangement desires to call attention.

The first of these is the Chicago Ladies' Orchestra. This is because in nearly every city and village in America there are many people who have heard of and heard the Chicago Ladies' Orchestra.

Because a number of the big courses on which they have appeared speak in the highest praise of their work, as the following attest:

"Lincoln, Neb.:—Completely captivated the audience."

"Springfield, Mo.:—Better than Sousa's Band."

"Mart, Tex:—Best concert ever given here."

"Watertown, N. Y.:—It took forty years of experience to show us that the Chicago Ladies' Orchestra could please better than the largest companies from the East."

These words of praise and estimate seem exaggerated, but they are supported by testimonials from scores of the most discriminating committees in various parts of the country. The Brotherhood of St. Andrew's church wish to impress upon the community this fact that they are bringing to the city attractions really worth while.

The other attraction mentioned in this connection is Dr. Thomas E. Green. So many people say after a really good event has passed, "I wish I had known, I would have gone, and I would have told my friends." Now, the committee wishes to inform the community before hand that they positively guarantee satisfaction in the appearance here on their course of Dr. Thomas E. Green. Dr. Thomas E. Green bears the same relation to the platform at the present time that the great actor or singer bears to the stage. He is star of the first magnitude. Here are some of the unsolicited commendations that came to him, and they could be multiplied indefinitely:

"I am strongly impressed by the force and beauty of your address. Your ringing words are such as cannot fail to instill patriotism in the hearts of every one who hears them."—George Dewey, Admiral of the Navy.

"I am glad to send you the passage from my address which you request. I am not only willing that you should use it, but gratified that you approve it, and that it will have in its repetition the addition of your eloquence."—John Hay, Secretary of State.

"You are not only an orator. You are almost a poet."—Richard Mansfield.

The cost of these two star attractions is so heavy, that a charge of one dollar a seat will have to be made at the door for individual tickets. Say you took a friend with you to these two premier attractions, the cost would be four dollars for admissions. Now why not secure a season ticket that covers the entire series of seven numbers and guarantees a good reserved and only cost four dollars, and secure the other five attractions without cost. A word to the wise is sufficient. Canvass for season tickets close Monday. 'Phone for details. D. L. Latta, Alexander Sprunt & Sons.

Some Fine Early Corn

Mr. Wm. G. Dempsey, of Wrightsboro, yesterday brought to the market a load of the finest green corn yet seen in Wilmington. The corn is of the snowflake variety and was planted the latter part of April. One ear gathered from a field of ten acres was 12 inches in length with large and perfectly formed grains. Judged by the yield from Mr. Dempsey's place, Wrightsboro has the county beat to a standstill on the production of corn.

For men's white canvas oxfords see Hewlett & Price. **

TO BUILD FINE NEW CHURCH

St. Paul's Episcopal Congregation Purchases Site and Will Erect Handsome House of Worship in Near Future.

Following the tentative purchase of a lot on the eastern side of 16th street, extending through the block from Princess to Market, yesterday morning by Messrs. Geo. O. Gaylord and R. C. Cantwell, as trustees, came the announcement that within a short time work will be started on a handsome church for St. Paul's Episcopal congregation, to be located on the new site. The deal for the property was made through the Wright Real Estate Agency and while not actually closed, there is little doubt but that the transfer will be made. The consideration for the property is said to have been about $12,000.

While no definite plans have as yet been made it is probable that the new church will be of brick and stone and will probably cost between $20,000 and $25,000. The building will be constructed so as to face Market street, will be 66 feet wide and extend back into the block for a distance. The parsonage will be built in the rear of the church and will face on 16th street. The parsonage will probably cost from $3,000 to $5,000 and will be wholly in keeping with the handsome house of worship to be erected.

The congregation of St. Paul's has grown until the old frame church at Fourth and Orange streets is wholly inadequate for its needs and Messrs. Gaylord and Cantwell, the trustees, have been looking for a suitable site for a new building for some time. The location which they have practically purchased is considered an ideal one for the purpose and the residents of that section will welcome the handsome church structure in their part of the city.

The parsonage and lot occupied by the old church building are for sale, but the church building itself will not be sold. The memorial windows in the old church and other time honored and historic fittings and appointments of the old building will be transferred to the new church and this fact will lend it an added homelike sentiment from the first.

NEW UNION STATION

A Vigorous Objection to Its Appointments Registered R. F. D.

Architect Jos. F. Leitner, who drew the plans for the handsome $300,000 union station which is now in progress of building in this city, has received a unique protest from a gentleman in the "rural desctricts." Plain and unvarnished, this protest is couched in the following expressive, if not elegant, English:

Whipperwill, N. C., May 15

Mr jo ligtenen arkiteck

dear soir

I seen them blue picktures you made for the uniun depo yestyday and i shore am surprissed to se how you hav forgot every thing that you shud hav run—it mite suit you town fokes but where do we cuntrey boys cum in i gess we are gettin the worse of it as usal—Now mr arkiteck show me where the dinin room is or the kitchin is ether you cant do it, they aint no such thing in it—dont you supose we cuntrey fokes want to leav Wilmington ful of vitals as wel as liker. these water power wash basins and things is all rite but where is the room for the cuntrey ladys to nurse their babies in. How wod you like to nurse your babies right their in the public waitin room. what kine of a arkiteck do you call yourself when you furget to put in a single chimley in this uniun depo. there ain a fireplace no where around it thet I can see and i want to say thet i wuddent hav no such union depo in my cow lot an its 12 miles from evry dam ralerode i hav bin bildin chimleys fer ever body in this naberhood for the last forty thre yeares an i wanted to figger on doin this worke in the uniun depo but by your furgetten to put them on them blue pictures i get beat out of the job, i was 33 year old befere i found out that dam yankee wus two words but i wil always concider the too together from this on Mr pleasant ort to let you make picktures of houses to be bilt in the new jerusolim where they dont need no chimbleys or to make you superintend a big one in the other cuntrey so you cud git what you are goin to git but sooner.

Yourse truly,

Jim Long.

You aint hurtin me none. liv as close to Wilmongton as i do to the ralerode an i alwase drives to town

SPENT TWO WEEKS IN CAMP

Boys of St. Aloysious' Society Had Enjoyable Outing

The boys of St. Aloysious' Society of St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral, returned to the city yesterday after spending two weeks in camp at the Hammocks. There were 20 boys in the party and it is entirely unnecessary to lay emphasis on the fact that they had a most enjoyable time.

On the Fourth of July the Sisters and some of the parents of the young men visited them at the camp. The lads, anticipating their coming, were prepared to receive them with a five-gallon freezer of ice cream and six large chocolate cakes.

The boys spent their time in fishing, boating and bathing, and in the evening their voices could be heard in sweet songs. They were in charge of their Moderator, Rev. Father Hayden.

Cat On the Rampage

An ordinarily looking tabby cat strolled unconcernedly into the store of Mr. L. T. New, at corner of Sixth and Castle streets, yesterday morning, and when one of a party of several men stooped down and attempted to pet her, she developed hysterics and put the entire crowd to rout. In the general confusion Mr. New was bitten in the leg by the feline. The animal was shot and its head has been sent to Raleigh for examination. If evidences of hydrophobia are discovered Mr. New will take the Pasteur treatment.

"Making Good."

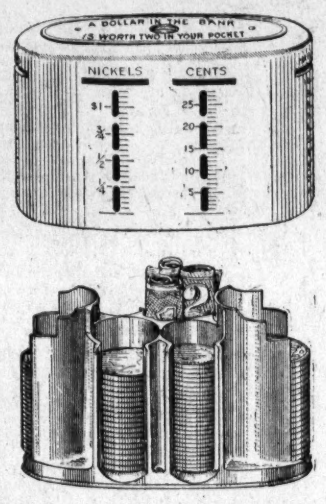
Strong Melie production at the Grand Theatre tomorrow. **

Little Talks to You

YOU need not put away great sums to be a saver. We encourage our savings depositors to begin in a small way. One Dollar or more to start—and gradually adjust their living expenses to their saving ability. It is a notable fact that the former decreases as the latter increases. Those who doubt their ability to save often find it very easy.

"SAFEST FOR SAVINGS."

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK



TAKE A HOME SAVINGS BANK

To your boy or girl. Teach them habits of thrift and economy. A spare coin from your pockets occasionally will not be missed, yet will surprise you when the safe is opened at the bank.

Home safes loaned FREE to our customers

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

110 Princess Street

Oldest, Largest, Strongest N. C. Savings Bank

South Fifth St.

Fifth is one of our Three Most Beautiful Streets. A home on this street is always desirable. We have a very attractive 7-room two-story house that can be bought at a bargain. All conveniences. Near car line. Western exposure.

Only Small Amount of Cash Required to float the deal.

D. R. FOSTER & CO.

"WE SELL THE EARTH."

The C. W. Polvogt Co.,

"The Store That's Always Busy"

SUIT DEPARTMENT

Offers many attractive items. The Blazer Coat that the Fashionables are wearing

Special Prices of $5.00 and $6.00 each.

Ladies' White Cotton Corduroy Skirts, $2.50 and $3.00 Values; Special, $1.75 each.

Ladies' and Misses' Tan Rain Coats; $5.00 Values; Special, $3.50 each.

Voile Dresses, new and nobby; $5.00, $6.50 up to $18.00.

Ladies' Lingerie Shirt Waists; Special Values, at $1.25 each.

White Duck and Ratine Hats, for Ladies and Children.

Mosquito Nets

$1.25 to $3.50. We are Agents for Palmer's Patent Nets.

300 Rolls of New Mattings, just received. Both China and Japanese.

Trunks and Traveling Bags, at Special Prices.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Mrs. Eben Piner returned Friday evening after a pleasant week's visit to Fuquay Springs.

* * *

Misses Mattie and Marion Funchess, of Roseville, S. C., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Funchess.

* * *

Mrs. Frank Andrews, Misses Nina, Pearl and Enua Andrews are spending a few weeks at Hendersonville.

* * *

Miss Bertie Palmore, of Richmond, Va., and Miss Vivian McNeill, of Lumberton, are visiting at the suburban home of Mrs. W. C. Page.

* * *

William J. Brock, Esq., a practicing attorney of New York, is the guest of his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. William Flanagan, at 508 North Third street.

* * *

Mrs. James Maglenn, Mrs. Frank Lewis and Miss Blanche Lewis, of Raleigh, N. C., are the guests of Mrs. Austin McCormick, No. 318 South Second street.

* * *

Miss Genevieve Dushan has returned home from Rockingham, where she was one of a large number of young ladies at a house party given by Miss Johnsie Cameron.

* * *

Mrs. N. M. Culbreth and daughter, Miss Rebekah Culbreth, of Raleigh, are visiting Dr. and Mrs. N. A. Culbreth, No. 107 South Fifth street, for two or three weeks.

* * *

Mr. D. F. Klein and daughter, Miss Esther, left yesterday for a two or three weeks visit to relatives and friends in Boston, New York and other points in the North.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Brock are entertaining at their home, No. 415 Red Cross street, their nieces, Misses Pauline and Ruby Fentress, of Norfolk, Va., their sister, Miss Allye White, of Ahoskie, and Miss Mildred Bell, of Edenton.

* * *

Further donations towards the Red Cross Sanitarium Fund will be thankfully received by the Chapter and promptly acknowledged through the Wilmington papers. Amounts may be sent either to Dr. Joseph Akerman, treasurer of the building fund, or to The Star, which is authorized to acknowledge and receipt for same.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. Wright Hall, Mrs. Maud Westbrook and Mrs. J. A. Price have returned from Washington, where they attended the convention of the International Bible Students' Association. Mr. J. A. Price, who also attended from this city, remained in Washington for a short time. The delegates declare that the convention was a success in every way. There were 5,000 delegates present.

* * *

Chadbourn, N. C., July 12.—The house party at which Miss Gladys Brown was hostess to several of her young friends came to a close this week and was in every way delightful. Several days were spent at Mr. Brown's attractive club house on Lake Waccamaw, where the time passed merrily, boating, fishing, bathing and automobiling. A number of social attentions were extended the young people while in Chadbourn, where their sweet attractions won all hearts. The members of the house party were: Misses Jane McIver Stanback, of Fayetteville; Martha Wright, of Boardman; Lula Martin McIver, of Greensboro, and Margaret Royster, of Raleigh.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. E. J. Hill, of Warsaw, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

—Ex-Judge J. Crawford Biggs, of Durham, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

—Among yesterday's guests at The Orton were Hugh A. Barnes, Maxton; W. B. Waddill and son, Henderson; N. W. Taylor, Beaufort, N. C.; W. A. Byrd and wife, Branchville, S. C.

—Col. John VanB. Metts and Sergeant W. P. Monroe have returned to the city from Camp Glenn, Morehad City, where they attended the annual encampment of the Second Regiment, North Carolina National Guard.

—Yesterday's arrivals at The Southern Hotel included the following: L. F. Swain, Beaufort; C. G. Lewis, Waycross, Ga.; D. C. Boyd, Rocky Point; W. T. Norris, Teachey's; H. L. Graham, Goldsboro; L. F. Robbins, Winnabow; D. S. Rich, Funston; W. C. Britt and J. E. Britt, Lumberton; J. L. Honeycutt, Clinton.

—Messrs. Geo. P. Galvin and J. D. Melvin have been named by Mayor Joseph D. Smith as delegates from this city to the annual meeting of the Good Roads Association to be held in Charlotte August 1st and 2nd. The Chamber of Commerce also will probably send some delegates.

LIFE IMPRISONMENT

Woman Murderer Receives This Sentence at Mobile, Ala.

Mobile, Ala., July 13.—Mrs. Mary T. Godau, who confessed to the killing of her son-in-law, Fred Wasserleben, last December, claiming that he had made an attempt to assault her, was found guilty by a jury today. A verdict of life imprisonment was returned.

Mrs. Fred Wesserleben, wife of the slain man, was also indicted by the grand jury in connection with the killing of Wesserleben. Her case is set for trial next week.

WILSON COUNTY PRIMARIES

Herring Defeated for Sheriff—Other Nominations Made

(Special Star Telegram.)

Wilson, N. C., July 13.—The warmest campaign in the history of this county came to a close tonight when the primary showed that Howard Rowe defeated Doane Herring for sheriff and T. M. Washington defeated O. P. Dickinson for the State Senate. Geo. W. Connor was again nominated to the Legislature and J. R. Dilly renominated for register of deeds

The Grand Theatre has reduced the price of admission to 5c for both day and night performances. Three good pictures and music daily. **

LOCAL DOTS.

—The Clyde Line steamer due here Monday will not arrive until Tuesday. The steamer which should have sailed from Wilmington yesterday will sail this afternoon.

—The Star is asked to announce that the Chesnut street Presbyterian church and Sunday School, colored, will run an excursion to Charlotte over the Seaboard Air Line on July 30th. Seats will be reserved for both white and colored.

—The M. H. Brimmer Co., was inadvertantly omitted from the list of new members to the Chamber of Commerce given in The Star Friday morning. This is one of the enterprising new firms of the city, which has recently joined the organization.

—The water service on Front street, between Dock and Grace streets, will be discontinued from about 10 to 12 o'clock tomorrow morning on account of repairs to a hydrant. Water users are asked to take note of the fact and make their preparations accordingly.

—William Powell, colored, was arrested Friday evening on a charge of larceny, it being alleged that he stole a consignment of empty bottles sent in from Wrightsville Beach. He gave bond in the sum of $50 for his appearance in the Recorder's court tomorrow.

—The usual excellent Sunday afternoon concert will be given at the Carolina Beach pavilion today. The programme as announced in yesterday's paper will be carried out. Hundreds visit Carolina Beach every day and the resort is especially popular on Sundays.

—Suit has been brought in Superior Court by F. O. Schoedinger against James F. Woolvin for $245.77, alleged to be due the plaintiff for parts of a metal ceiling shipped to the defendant a year or two ago for his new building. Arthur Cobb, Esq., represents the plaintiff. The answer to the complaint will be filed later.

—Today will be rally day at the Castle Heights Sunday School, a branch of the Fifth Street Methodist Sunday School, and an attractive independence day programme will be carried out. The Sunday School rooms will be appropriately decorated for the occasion. The exercises will begin at 4 o'clock and the public will be cordially invited.

SUNDAY SERVICES

Announcements By Wilmington Pastors for Services Today

St. James' church, Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., rector—Morning Prayer and sermon at 11; Evening Prayer at 6. A cordial welcome to all, especially to visitors and strangers.

Christian Church, Dock street near Fourth, H. C. Bowen, pastor—Sunday School 9:45 A. M., H. A. DeCover, superintendent; preaching 11 A. M. "Bread of Life. 8:15 P. M., "Unpardonable Sin." Christian Endeavor service 7:45 P. M.; prayer meeting Thursday 8 P. M. All are cordially invited. Baptism at the close of the night service.

Grace M. E. church, corner Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. C. Wooten, pastor—11 A. M., and 8 P. M., sermon by the pastor; 4 P. M., Sunday School. You are invited to attend these services. All members are urged to be present at the morning service.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Market and 17th street—Services at 11 A. M., subject of lesson sermon, "Sacrament." All are invited.

St. Mary's church, Fifth and Ann streets—First mass 7 A. M.; last mass 10:30. No evening service.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, corner Sixth and Market streets, Rev. W. A. Snyder, pastor—Service of Confession and Absolution, 10:30 A. M.; English service with the Holy Communion, 11 A. M.; Sunday School, 9:45 A. M. No vesper service. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

St John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector—Holy Communion 7:30 A. M.; Morning Prayer and sermon, 11 A. M.

Henceforth the Epworth League of Grace church will hold its services on Sunday morning at 10:15 o'clock, preceding preaching service. All are earnestly requested to attend these important services.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex. D. McClure, D. D., pastor—Sabbath services at 11 A. M., and 8 P. M. Sabbath School at 4 P. M.; W. C. E. Society at 7:30; Prayer Meeting and lecture Wednesday night at 8 P. M. Public cordially invited. Seats free.

At the vesper services in St. Paul's Lutheran church the pastor will address all those whom he has confirmed during his ministry in Wilmington. The service will, however, be of intrest also to the other members and to the friends of St. Paul's.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, corner Sixth and Market streets, Rev. W. A. Snyder, D. D., pastor—German service of Confession and Absolution, 10:30 A. M. German service with the Holy Communion, 11 A. M. English service 8 P. M. Sunday School 9:45 A. M. A cordial invitation to all.

Fifth Street Methodist church, Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor. Preaching at 11 A. M., and 8 P. M., by the pastor. Junior congregation meets at 8:15 A. M.; Sunday School at 10 A. M., W. H. Schaefer, superintendent. The public cordially invited to all services of the church.

St. Thomas' church, near Second street, mass at 9 A. M.; Sunday School at 4 P. M. Instructions and benediction at 8 P. M.

Brooklyn Baptist church, southeast corner Fourth and Brunswick streets. Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor—Services Sunday morning and evening. Morning sermon, "Our Possibilities;" evening sermon, "Heaven." The Misses Nixon, a trio of sisters, will sing, "The Lovely City." Sunday School at 3:30 o'clock, Mr. S. F. Garrison, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday night. B. Y. P. U., Thursday night and teachers' meeting Friday night. A cordial welcome to all services.

First Baptist church, corner Fifth and Market streets, Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor—Sunday School, 9:45 A. M.; preaching by the pastor at 11 A. M., subject, "A Soul-saving Church." At 8 P. M., Rev. C. G. Dilworth, of Augusta, Ga., will preach. Strangers receive a cordial welcome.

Trinity Methodist church, corner of Market and Ninth streets, Rev. E. C. Sell, pastor—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. All the members are urged to attend. Strangers cordially invited.

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH

Miss Grace Cavanaugh, of Washington, D. C., is a guest at the Atlantic Cottage.

Mrs. Herbert McClammy and children are spending several weeks at Mrs. William Parsley's cottage.

The yacht Edwin with a crowd of 25 or 30 young people was out sailing from the Oceanic Hotel yesterday afternoon for two or three hours.

Rev. Father C. Dennen will conduct mass at his cottage at 9 o'clock this morning. All Catholics on the beach are extended a cordial invitation to attend.

Mr. E. L. Bunnell, of Spartanburg, S. C., arrived yesterday at the Hanover Inn. He will be joined today by his wife and they will spend a month at the resort.

Mr. Abe Einstein and party went out in the launch Suwannee from the Oceanic Hotel late yesterday afternoon and caught 50 fine blue fish in a short time.

Mrs. Jane Cutlar Lee, maid and children, and Mrs. Annie Lee Clark, son and daughter, of Fremont, have arrived to spend some time at the Herring cottage.

Miss Dell Capell, Raleigh; Misses Lila and Frances Tucker, Acme, and Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Pridgen, Acme, are among the recent arrivals at the Herring Cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Thompson, of Charleston, W. Va., will arrive tomorrow to spend the remainder of the Summer as the guests of their daughter, Mrs. C. D. Maffitt, at her cottage on the beach.

Mrs. W. B. Griffin, of Atlanta, Ga., joined her husband at Hanover Inn yesterday and after spending a few days there they will go to Virgina Beach. Mr. Griffin has been at the Hanover for some days.

Miss Bradshaw and Mrs. A. R. Johnson, Durham; Mr. and Mrs. King, Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. Oliver, Mount Olive; Mrs. H. Swinson and Miss Annie Swinson, Magnolia, are among the guests at the Atlantic Cottage.

There were a number of arrivals at the Hanover Inn yesterday, among them being Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Peyton, and W. H. Peyton, Hamlet; Mrs. W. B. Griffin, Atlanta; Thos. L. Covington, Rockingham, and W. S. Curry, Washington, D. C.

Mr. J. N. Hobbins, of Pittsburg, Pa., the popular special agent for the eastern part of the United States for the Prussian National Fire Insurance Co., of Germany, is spending a couple of weeks at the Seashore Hotel. For several years Mr. Hobbins has been spending two weeks every season at the Seashore Hotel and there is no more popular visitor at the resort than he.

Mrs. Mattie Longfellow, of Wilmington, delighted the guests at the Oceanic Hotel last evening with a number of vocal selections. Mrs. Longfellow has a superb voice and has been heard with much pleasure on many occasions by many Wilmington friends, though last night was her first appearance in solo work at the resort, and then only when prevailed upon by many friends.

A. B. Kimball, Esq., a leading attorney of Greensboro, and Mr. J. W. Fry, a prominent citizen of the same city, are spending a few days in the city and at the beach. It is said that there is a probability that the gentlemen are here with a view of interesting themselves in some local enterprise. Both have a number of friends in Wilmington by whom they have been pleasantly greeted.

For the purpose of considering the matter of a life raft and life saver to be on duty at the Carolina Yacht Club a meeting of the members was held at the club house last night, about 30 members being in attendance. The matter was discussed to some extent, but was finally deferred for further consideration. It is probable the same action will be taken in regard to the proposition at another meeting to be held later.

The first regular morning dance of the season at the Oceanic Hotel was given yesterday morning in the handsome ball room on the second floor and was attended by a large number of young people. Music was furnished by the Oceanic Orchestra. Dancing began at 10 o'clock and lasted until noon. The ball room was attractively decorated for the event. Mr. Jesse N. Couch, manager of the hotel, announces that it is his purpose to give a dance every morning.

One of the most largely attended and thoroughly enjoyable social functions that have been given at Wrightsville Beach this season was the tea given at the Union Cottage yesterday afternoon, the hostesses being Mesdames J. O. Carr, W. A. Townes, Frederick W. Dick and Chas. S. Grainger. The hours of the tea were from 5 to 7 o'clock and during this time there was a constant stream of handsomely gowned women, all of whom enjoyed the event to the fullest extent.

Among yesterday's arrivals at the Seashore Hotel were the following: James S. Hooper, Little Rock, Ark.; J. T. Fitter, Atlanta; N. Alter, New York; Chas. K. Knight, Waynesville; A. R. Felts, Charlotte; A. B. Kimball and J. W. Fry, Greensboro; Mr. and Mrs. John L. Breeden, W. P. Breeden, Marion Pifkin, Bennettsville, S. C.; T. L. Manning, Dillon, S. C.; Mrs. W. T. McCoy and children, Charlotte; J. H. McLaurin and R. L. McLaurin, Dillon; Jefferson Pearson, Chicago; R. H. Baines, Richmond; R. M. Maudlin and Milton J. Smith, Greenville; W. B. Waddell and son, Henderson; H. J. Blue, Aberdeen; C. M. Young and family, Athens; Mrs. Fannie Fletcher and Miss Hattie Fletcher, Bennettsville; Mrs. J. S. White, Hartsville, S. C.; Miss Ellen Breeden and Miss Maude Breeden, Glenn Breeden and George Breeden, Bennettsville; W. K. Tavel, Sumter; C. E. Sligh, Darlington; R. J. Blackwell, Marion, S. C.; Miss Bell Smith, Gulf; L. B. Davis, Winston-Salem; H. G. Askins, Kingstree, S. C.; Mrs. H. D. Crosswell, Alex. N. Crosswell, Columbia; Mrs. A. N. Crosswell, Sumter.

Music lovers will find a rare treat in the concerts to be given at Lumina today. Director Kneisel has arranged a programme far above the average, and will no doubt attract a large crowd. At the afternoon concert Mr. Lyle Cox, trombonist, will render a solo and the concert will embrace some good numbers, among them being selections from "Il Trovatore," "The Nodding Tulip," "Pomone and Doctor Tinkle Tinkle." At the evening concert the "Bridal Procession," from "Lohengrin;" overture, from "William Tell;" "Mid-Summer Nights Dream," and "Whispering Flowers," are among the best numbers. The concerts at this popular resort are constantly growing in favor.

An especially attractive programme has been arranged by Mr. John Kneisel, conductor of the Oceanic Hotel Orchestra, for the usual Sunday concert today at 12:30 and it will be heard by an unusually large audience. The Oceanic is now practically filled and the majority of the guests will attend the concert, as well as many from the cottages and boarding houses at the resort. The programme is as follows:

Melodies from "The Girl of My Dreams"—Hoschna.
Duet for Flute and Clarinet, "Norma"—Bellini.
Spanish Serenade, "La Paloma"—Yradies.
'Cello Solo, Selected—Mr. Jas. Freed.
Selection, "Chimes of Normandy"—Plangnette.
By request, Sextette from "Lucia"—Donizetti.
Grand March from "The Prophet"—Meyerbeer.

Arrivals at the Oceanic Hotel yesterday included the following: R. L. Godwin, Dunn; Lee Sanders, Dempsey, Ala.; Milton Smith, Baltimore; W. Z. Moore, Greenville, S. C.; M. L. Covington and J. G. Spitz, Atlanta; Geo. K. Ware, Atlantic City, N. J.; B. M. Williams and Miss M. McRae, Maxton; W. M. Smith, Atlanta; H. Simmons, New York; A. A. Braverman, Richmond; F. M. Whitfield, Philadelphia; Mrs. Theo. Keeks and Miss Keeks, Florence; E. C. Cogen, Washington, D. C.; Miss Julia Tatum, Mrs. Frank Tatum, Mrs. George Mason, McColl, S. C.; C. E. Sheahan, Richmond; E. F. Archer, Buffalo; M. Billings, Birmingham; T. M. Anderson, Jr., Richmond; Geo. T. Alexander, Springfield, Mass.; H. J. Hartman, Baltimore; George Scott, Philadelphia; Miss Mae Formyduval and Miss Lydia Russell and Miss Jane Powell, Whiteville; H. A. Barnes, Maxton; J. W. Coppedge, Greensboro; Chas. W. Gold, Raleigh; J. H. Van Ness, Sr., J. H. Van Ness, Jr., J. R. Van Ness, Charlotte; J. A. Douglas, Monroe.

Director Claude M. Elam of the Seashore Orchestra, has arranged a most attractive programme for the usual Sunday concert to be given at the hotel today from 12 noon to 2 P. M. These concerts have become very popular not only with guests of the hotel but with beach visitors generally. The programme follows:

"Processional March," from Opera Queen of Sheba .. ..Goldmark
Romanze in E Flat.. .. ..Rubinstein
Selection from "La Traviata" ..Verdi
Clarinet Solo—Zigeunerweisen .. .. ..

Financial and Commercial

COTTON MARKET WAS STEADY

Offerings Were Well Absorbed on Comparatively Moderate Setback—Declined Three Points Under Profit-Taking

New York, July 13.—There was heavy realizing for over the week-end in the cotton market today, but offerings were well absorbed on a comparatively moderate set back and the close was steady at a net loss of 2 to 5 points.

The market opened steady at unchanged prices to a decline of three points under profit-taking by recent buyers, and some local selling based on the reaction theory and on private predictions of clearing weather in the eastern belt by the first of the week. The selling was extremely heavy and was supposed to represent both bother by realizing of scattered longs and a reduction in one of the leading longs. Liverpool, however, more than met the American advance of late yesterday. The official forecasts were for continued showers today or tomorrow in the eastern belt and for continued dry weather in the southwest and after selling off to a net loss of about six to eight points the market rallied 2 or 3 points from the lowest on covering. Commission houses were active buyers during the morning, and while there was no sign of further covering by the larger short interests the market continued to reflect anxiety over the new crop outlook, both with reference to the further showers predicted for the Eastern belt and fear of drouth damage in the southwest. A crop expert wired from Dallas that the big producing sections of Texas could stand the dry weather for another ten days or two weeks but with damage reports coming in from many sections of the eastern belt the trade showed evident apprehension that another few days of dry weather in Texas would create even a more serious crop scare than has been reflected by the advances of the past week. Sales of printcloths at Fall River were estimated at 165,000 pieces for the week, against 55,000 last year.

Receipts 2,069 bales, against 1,550 last week and 469 last year. For the week 12,000, against 13,092 last week and 4,890 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans six, against fifty last year; at Houston 52, against 135 last year, and at Galveston 1,124, against 131 last year.

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands, 12.50; do. gulf, 12.75; no sales.

Futures closed steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Jan	12.40	12.43	12.35	12.41
Feb				12.45
Mar	12.50	12.52	12.42	12.50
May	12.58	12.61	12.56	12.57
July	12.08	12.10	12.04	12.08
Aug	12.15	12.16	12.08	12.13
Sept	12.26	12.25	12.20	12.22
Oct	12.35	12.37	12.28	12.32
Nov				12.37
Dec	12.42	12.46	12.37	12.42

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Steady, 12⅞; net receipts, 1,124; gross receipts, 1,124; sales, 85; stock, 34,692.

New Orleans—Firm, 13; net receipts, 6; gross receipts, 228; sales, 40; stock, 31,256; continent, 7,151; coastwise, 247.

Mobile—Net receipts, 135; gross receipts, 135; sales, 50; stock, 1,215; coastwise, 128.

Savannah—Steady, 12; net receipts, 181; gross receipts, 181; stock, 30,535; continent, 2,737; coastwise, 538.

Charleston—Nominal, 11½; stock, 8,642.

Wilmington—Firm; stock, 4,341; coastwise, 16.

Norfolk—Nominal, 13; net receipts, 623; gross receipts, 623; stock, 22,874; coastwise, 346.

Baltimore—Quiet, 13; stock, 5,992.

New York—Steady, 12.50; gross receipts, 302; stock, 136,857; Great Britain, 21; continent, 150; coastwise, 1,167.

Boston—Steady, 12.50; gross receipts, 408; stock, 7,065.

Philadelphia—Steady, 12.75; stock, 2,855.

Total today, at all ports—Net, 2,069; Great Britain, 21; continent, 10,038; stock, 283,017.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 2,069; Great Britain, 21; continent, 10,038.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 1,818,626; Great Britain, 4,124,320; France, 1,169,725; continent, 4,410,442; Japan, 512,916; Mexico, 8,913.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 12 13-16; net receipts, 52; gross receipts, 52; shipments, 62; sales, 65; stock, 24,681.

Augusta—Quiet, 13; net receipts, 28; gross receipts, 28; shipments, 58; stock, 27,406.

Memphis—Steady, 12¾; net receipts, 46; gross receipts, 528; shipments, 1,193; sales, 100; stock, 16,031.

St. Louis—Steady, 12½; net receipts, 41; gross receipts, 41; shipments, 639; sales, 36; stock, 9,626.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 97; gross receipts, 97; shipments, 142; sales, 300; stock, 21,415.

Little Rock—Firm, 12¼; net receipts, 6; gross receipts, 6; shipments, 48; stock, 8,756.

Total today—Net receipts, 229; gross receipts, 752; shipments, 2,149; sales, 501; stock, 107,915.

NAVAL STORES.

Charleston, July 13.—Turpentine, firm, at 43¾@44.

Rosin—Firm. Quote: B, 6.05@6.12½; D, 6.55@6.60; E, 6.70@6.75; F, 6.80@6.85; G, 6.85@6.90; H, 6.90@6.92½; I, 6.90@6.92½; K, 7.00@7.10; M, 7.20@7.25; N, 7.40; W G, 7.50; W W, 7.55.

Savannah, July 13.—Turpentine, firm, at 43½. Sales, 1,128; receipts, 1,012; shipments, 99; stock, 30,367.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 3,068; receipts, 3,455; shipments, 3,087; stock, 94,331. Quote: B, 6.05@6.10; D, 6.60; E, 6.70@6.75; F, G and H, 6.95; I, 6.95@6.97½; K, 7.05; M, 7.25; N, 7.40; W G, 7.50; W W, 7.60.

DRY GOODS MARKET

New York, July 13.—Cotton goods markets closed the week very firm and with a promise of broader activity in the near future. Linens are very strong and burlaps for quick use are firm. Knit goods have been bought more liberally this week.

What Makes a Woman?

One hundred and twenty pounds, more or less, of bone and muscle don't make a woman. It's a good foundation. Put into it health and strength and she may rule a kingdom. But that's just what Electric Bitters gives her. Thousands bless them for overcoming fainting and dizzy spells and for dispelling weakness, nervousness, backache and tired, listless, worn out feeling. "Electric Bitters have done me a world of good," writes Eliza Pool, Depew, Okla., "and I thank you, with all my heart, for making such a good medicine." Only 50c. Guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. City of Fayetteville, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, S. M. King.

Str. Duplin, Stokes, Smith's Bridge, J. W. Brooks.

Str. Navahoe, 1,278 tons, Packer, Georgetown, H. G. Smallbones.

Cleared.

Schr. M. J. Taylor (Br.), 377 tons, Dukeshire, Jacksonville, Mafflitt & Wood.

Str. City of Fayetteville, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, S. M. King.

Str. Duplin, Stokes, Smith's Bridge, J. W. Brooks.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Ormesby (Br.), 1,828 tons, Hansen, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Schooners.

Schr. Wm. Thomas Moore, 263 tons, Jones, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. Stephen G. Loud, 409 tons, Graham, Mafflitt & Wood; in distress.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at Port of Wilmington.

Wilmington, N. C., July 13.

Atlantic Coast Line—17 casks spirits turpentine; 20 barrels rosin; 40 barrels crude turpentine.

Str. City of Fayetteville—1 cask spirits turpentine.

Str. Atlantic City—1 cask crude turpentine.

Total—18 casks spirits turpentine; 20 barrels rosin; 4 barrels crude turpentine.

Total Last Year—1 bales cotton; 52 casks spirits turpentine; 116 barrels rosin; 50 barrels tar; 46 barrels crude turpentine.

THE PRODUCE MARKET

New York, July 13.—Flour quiet and steady. Spring patents 4.35 to 5.55; Winter strtights 4.80 to 5.00; Winter patents 5.15 to 5.50.

Rye Flour—Steady 4.40 to 4.90.

Cornmeal—Steady.

Rye—Nominal.

Barley—Quiet.

Wheat—Spot steady. No. 2 red 1.14 1-4 to 1.16 1-4; elevator export basis and export 1.16 1-4 f.o.b. afloat, to arrive; No. 1 Northern Duluth 1.19 1-4 f.o.b. afloat. Futures 1-4 to 3-8c. net lower. July 1.14 3-4; Sept. 1.0* 1-2; December 1-8 1-4.

Corn—Spot firm, export 94c f.o.b. afloat.

Oats—Spot firm, standard white 56 12 to 57c in elevator; No. 2, 57 to 1-2.

Leather—Firm.

Pork—Steady.

Beef—Steady.

Cutmeats—Quiet.

Lard—easy.

Tallow—Steady.

Petroleum—Steady.

Wool—Steady.

Rosin—Steady.

Turpentine—Steady.

Rice—Steady.

Molasses—Steady.

Sugar—Raw, steady; Refined quiet.

Potatoes, Freights and Cabbages—Steady and unchanged.

Coffee—Rio No. 7, 14 1-2. Futures closed quiet; July 13.13; December 13.46; March 13.54.

Butter—Steady.

Cheese—Steady and unchanged.

Eggs—Quiet and unchanged.

The cottonseed oil market was weak under increased selling pressure in old crop months through commission houses owing to the dull spot trade and increased offerings of new crop crude, closing 6 to 10 points net lower. July 6.68 to 7.70; August 6.69 to 6.71; Sept. 6.81 to 6.82; Oct. 6.71 to 6.73; Nov. 6.25 to 6.26 Prime crude nominal. Prime Summer yellow 6.60 to 6.81; prime Winter yellow 6.80 to 7.50; prime Summer white 6.75 to 7.55.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, July 13.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady, 42¾.

ROSIN—Steady, $5.85 per barrel of 280 pounds.

TAR—Firm, $2.00 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm, $3.25 per barrel for hard; $4.75 for dip; $4.75 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 49; rosin, $5.00; tar, $2.20; crude turpentine, $3.25 for hard, $4.75 for dip, $5.00 for virgin.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine	18
Rosin	20
Tar	(—)
Crude Turpentine	41

Receipts same day last year, 52 casks spirits turpentine; 116 barrels rosin; 50 barrels tar; 46 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nominal.

Same day last year—Nothing doing.

Receipts—None. Same day last year, 4.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, July 12.)

CORN—Firm; $1.10 per bu.

PEAS—White, no sales. Mixed, $1.90.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, 75c. per bu.

BEEF—On foot, good demand, 3@4c. per lb.; dressed, 8c.

PORK—Small, 10@11c.

WOOL—Burry, .11@.12c. per lb.; free of burr, 16c. per lb.

HIDES—Green, .08 to .08½ per lb.; dry, 14 to 15c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old 16½c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 12½c.@13c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm; 27 per lb.

TALLOW—Firm; .04½@.05 per lb.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 40 to 45c per head; chickens, Spring, 20@35c. per head.

SHEEP—Old, $1.00@$2.50; lambs, $1.00 @$3.00.

EGGS—Dull, 19c.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, July 8.

Market—Steady.

North Carolinas—Farmers' stock: Prime hand-picked, 70@75c.; machine-picked, 65@70c.

Spanish—Prime hand picked, $1.00; machine picked, 95c.

Virginias—Prime hand-picked, 88c.; machine picked, 80c.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., June 27.—Spanish—Market firmer. Farmers' Spanish, 92½c. per bushel. Jumbo Spanish, 87½c. per bushel; No. 1, Shelled, Spanish, 5c. to 5¼c. per lb.; No. 2, Shelled, Spanish, 3¾c. to 4c. per lb.

Virginia—Market, firm. Fancy Jumbo, 4c. per lb. Fancy Hand-Picked, 3¼c. to 3¾c. per lb. Extra Prime, 3¼c Prime, 3c. Machine Picked, 3c. to 3¼c. per lb. Shelling Stock, 2½c. per lb.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET

New York, July 13.—Money on call nominal. Time loans firm; sixty days 3 1-4 per cent, and ninety days 3 1-2, six months 4 1-4 to 1-2. Close: Prime mercantile paper 4 1-4 to 1-2 per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8475 for sixty day bills and at 4.8735 for demand. Commercial bills 4.84. Bar silver 60 1-4. Railroad bonds easier.

INACTIVE ON STOCK MARKET

Developments Few and Unimportant—Trading Was at Low Ebb—Some Indications of Increased Activity

New York, July 13.—Developments in the stock market during today's two-hour session were few and unimportant. St. Paul which was the most prominent feature of the preceding day, was again subjected to selling pressure which sent it below par. Other grain carriers also showed weakness. Later St. Paul recovered to a level well above yesterday's final quotation whereupon the general list improved.

Trading was at low ebb, however, although the outside news affecting stocks was fairly encouraging. A further reduction in the number of coal cars indicated increased activity in that industry.

London's markets were as featureless as our own but weakness was manifested by some of the high-grade securities in which there appeared to be some liquidation because of a further hardening of discounts and money.

Bonds were easier. Panama 3s declined 1-8 per cent on call for the week.

Total sales today 164,600 shares.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers, pfd	21½
Amalgamated Copper	80⅝
American Agricultural	60
American Beet Sugar	72¼
American Can	36⅛
American Car and Foundry	57
American Cotton Oil	51½
American Hide and Leather, pfd	24⅜
American Ice Securities	25
American Linseed	13
American Locomotive	41⅛
American Smelting and Refining	81⅝
American Smelting and Ref., pfd	107¼
American Steel Foundries	35¼
American Sugar Refining	127
American Tel and Tel	143⅛
American Tobacco, pfd	109
American Woolen	27
Anaconda Mining Co	40
Atchison	107¼
Atchison, pfd	102½
Atlantic Coast Line	138½
Baltimore and Ohio	108¼
Bethlehem Steel	34⅞
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	91¼
Canadian Pacific	263½
Central Leather	24⅝
Central Leather, pfd	92
Central of New Jersey	395
Chesapeake and Ohio	79⅛
Chicago and Alton	22
Chicago Great Western	16½
Chicago Great Western, pfd	32
Chicago and North Western	135
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	109⅝
C., C., C. and St. Louis	59
Colorado Fuel and Iron	28½
Colorado and Southern	41
Consolidated Gas	142½
Corn Products	14⅝
Delaware and Hudson	166
Denver and Rio Grande	18⅝
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	35
Distillers' Securities	31½
Erie	33¼
Erie, 1st pfd	51
Erie, 2nd pfd	41½
General Electric	177¾
Great Northern, pfd	133¼
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	42
Illinois Central	127
Interborough-Met.	20½
Interborough-Met., pfd	57½
Inter-Harvester	118½
Inter Marine, pfd	15¾
International Paper	14¾
International Pump	28
Iowa Central	13
Kansas City Southern	24½
Kansas City Southern, pfd	53
Laclede Gas	105½
Louisville and Nashville	158½
Minneapolis and St. Louis	18
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	146⅜
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	26¼
Missouri, Kansas and Texas, pfd	59
Missouri Pacific	35¼
National Biscuit	149
National Lead	57
Nat. Rys. of Mexico, 2nd pfd	30¾
New York Central	114
New York, Ontario and Western	32¼
Norfolk and Western	111⅝
North American	82¼
Northern Pacific	118⅝
Pacific Mail	31½
Pennsylvania	123⅝
People's Gas	116
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	106
Pittsburg Coal	20½
Pressed Steel Car	34½
Pullman Palace Car	160½
Railway Steel Spring	33¾
Reading	161⅝
Republic Steel	25¼
Republic Steel, pfd	83½
Rock Island Co	24⅝
Rock Island Co., pfd	48¾
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	36
St. Louis Southwestern	30½
St. Louis Southwestern, pfd	73
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	53
Southern Pacific	108½
Southern Railway	28⅝
Southern Railway, pfd	76
Tennessee Copper	43
Texas and Pacific	21⅝
Toledo, St. Louis and Western	13
Toledo, St. Louis and Western, pfd	29
Union Pacific	164¼
Union Pacific, pfd	90
United States Realty	84⅜
United States Rubber	50
United States Steel	68⅛
United States Steel, pfd	110⅞
Utah Copper	60¼
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	47½
Wabash	4¼
Wabash, pfd	13⅜
Western Maryland	53½
Westinghouse Electric	74⅝
Western Union	81½
Wheeling and Lake Erie	5½
American Tobacco	292
Seaboard Air Line	22½
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	51¾

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET

Spot Quiet, Prices 14 Points Higher—Futures Firm

Liverpool, July 13.—Spot quiet, prices 14 points higher. American middling fair 7.93; good middling 7.55; middling 7.21; low middling 6.91; good ordinary 6.49; ordinary 6.01.

The sales of the day were 8,000 of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 6,900 American

Receipts 4,000 including 3,700 American. Futures opened firm and closed quiet. July 6.96; July and August 6.95; August and Sept. 6.90; Sept. and Oct. 681 1-2; Oct and November 6.76 1-2; November and December 6.72 1-2; December and January 6.71 1-2; January and February 6.71 1-2; February and March 6.76; March and April 6.73; April and May 6.73 1-2; May and June 6.74 1-2.

The Choice of A Husband

is too important a matter for a woman to be handicapped by weakness, bad blood or foul breath. Avoid these killhopes by taking Dr. King's Life Pills. New strength, fine complexion, pure breath, cheerful spirits—things that win men follow their use. Easy, safe, sure. 25c. R. R. Bellamy.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

July 14, 1912.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 79 degrees; at 8 P. M., 78 degrees; maximum, 85 degrees; minimum, 70 degrees; mean, 78 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .60; rainfall for the month to date, .74.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 7.5 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Showers Sunday and probably Monday.

Port Calendar—July 13.

Sun rises ..... 5:10 A. M.
Sun sets ..... 7:25 P. M.
Day's length ..... 14 hrs. 15 min.

Tides.

	High water. A.M.	High water. P.M.	Low water. A.M.	Low water. P.M.
Wilmington	0:30	10:05	4:31	4:15
Southport	7:41	7:48	1:37	1:27
Masonboro Inlet	6:48	7:19	12:58	1:08

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

July 13, 1912.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature. Highest today.	Temperature. Lowest last night.	24-hour precipitation, 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	98	76	.0
Asheville	clear	82	62	.0
Atlanta	pt. cldy	84	68	.02
Augusta	cloudy	90	70	.0
Birmingham	pt. cldy	86	70	.22
Boston	cloudy	80	62	.0
Charleston	pt. cldy	82	72	.0
Charlotte	pt. cldy	88	68	.01
Chicago	clear	86	68	.06
Galveston	clear	86	80	.02
Jacksonville	pt. cldy	88	70	.01
Memphis	clear	90	76	.0
Mobile	cloudy	88	74	1.28
Montgomery	cloudy	92	74	.0
New Orleans	cloudy	88	76	.06
New York	cloudy	76	70	.0
Oklahoma	clear	96	74	.0
Pittsburg	cloudy	86	66	.0
Raleigh	pt. cldy	90	68	.0
Savannah	pt. cldy	86	72	.86
Shreveport	cloudy	92	72	.0
St. Louis	clear	94	74	.0
Washington	pt. cldy	92	70	.0

THE GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, July 13.—An idea that the black rust would have to hurry to catch the Spring crop brought lower prices today for wheat. Experts in the field declared that unless the plague should develop with extraordinary rapidity, the yield would break all records. Closing figures were steady, but ¼ to ½@⅝ under last night. Latest trading left corn ⅜c. lower to ¼ up, oats off ⅛@⅜, and provisions at 7½@22½ decline.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.05½@1.07½; No. 2, hard, 1.05@1.07½.

Corn—No. 1, 73½@74½; No. 3, yellow, 74¼@75½.

Oats—No. 3, white, 50@51¼; standard, 51½@52.

Wheat:	Close.
July	1.04⅝
Sept	1.00⅞
Dec	1.02½
Corn:	
July	74⅜
Sept	69½
Dec	58⅛
May	59⅛
Oats:	
July	44⅝
Sept	35½
Dec	36⅜
May	38¾
Pork:	
July	17.85
Sept	18.15
Oct	18.22½
Lard:	
July	10.47½
Sept	10.62½
Oct	10.70
Dec	10.47½
Ribs:	
July	10.27½
Sept	10.42½
Oct	10.37½

GREAT TIMES AT SOUTHPORT

Boys' Brigade Lads Enjoying Life to Fullest Extent

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Camp Wilson, Southport, N. C., July 13.—After a night of rest the boys of Company C, encamped at Southport, awoke refreshed from the strenuous efforts of the pleasure of the first day and the necessary work of erecting tents and other duties prepared to enter even more heartily into the various features of camp life than before. They are the most happy lot seen in many days for this is their first encampment and every feature is new to them and they are enjoying the whole thing immensely. As one boy expressed it, "this is the greatest time I ever had in my life, I wish I could stay forever." The swimming is fine, the food is plentiful and well-cooked and served, and most interesting of all to them, the girls are very numerous and very agreeable. Each boy has his favorite already and they present a gay sight when they all go out on the garrison. They are having a great time, indeed.

A baseball game was played between the boys of Southport and Company C and the Brigade boys were the victors by the close score of 4 to 3. The usual after-dark and afterbed jokes were played by the boys but none were treated worse than a coat of shoe blacking, all of which came off after a careful treatment of soap and water. The boys are all well. There has been no sickness during these days and judging from the general condition of the boys none is likely to develop. The sanitary condition of the camp is perfect, everything being kept scrupuously clean in every department. The drinking water is splendid and bathing facilities good. The boys will attend church in a body Sunday and be permitted to go to the church of their choice Sunday night. Many of the parents of the boys are expected Sunday.

PROPOSALS WANTED.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of Wm. E. Springer, chairman of building committee, Independent Ice Co., of Wilmington, N. C., until 12 o'clock noon, July 15, 1912, and then publicly opened for the construction of a reinforced concrete cold storage warehouse.

Separate proposals wanted for Plumbing, Electric Wiring, Plunger Elevator, Cork Insulation, Refrigeration, etc.

An acceptable bond will be required of successful bidders. Plans and Specifications may be had at the office of J. F. Leitner, architect, Wilmington, N. C.

The right is reserved to accept any or reject all bids.

WM. E. SPRINGER,
Chairman Building Committee.
je 30-tll-jl 15.

H. DeW. RAPALJE
CONSULTING ENGINEER.
Room 511 Southern Building.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

G&J BRAND UNITED STATES TIRES

The measure of tire quality is not only length of service, but also kind of service.

The tire that has to be coaxed by frequent visits to the repair shop is an inferior tire, even though it may last a total of 3,000, 5,000 or 7,000 miles.

G&J Tires

are long-lived tires, but this life and service is secured in the making of the tires and not by frequent doctoring by their users.

They stand up as only tires can that are made as G. & J. Tires are.

Specify the old reliable G & J Tires, made at Indianapolis, Ind.

Wilmington Distributor
H. L. FENNELL
114 N. Second Street

FORECLOSURE.

By virtue of a Power of Sale, contained in a certain mortgage deed executed by William F. Brittain and wife, Katie E. Brittain, to the Tidewater Trust Company, and registered in Book 64, page 395, et seq. of the records of New Hanover County, the undersigned attorneys for said mortgagee will on Monday, the 19th of August, 1912, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door, in the city of Wilmington, sell by public auction for cash the mortgaged premises which are situated in the State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover and City of Wilmington, and a part of Block 63, according to the official plan of said city, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning in the intersection of the western line of Sixth street with the northern line of Wooster street with a front on Sixth street of sixty-six (66) feet, and extending westwardly along the said line of Wooster street ninety-six (96) feet.

W. B. McKOY,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
jy13 to au20

PILES! PILES! PILES!

WILLIAMS' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT

Will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief.

For sale by all druggists, mail 50c and $1.00.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio
For Sale by J. H. Bunting Drug Co.

The Grand Theatre has reduced the price of admission to 5c for both day and night performances. Three good pictures and music daily. **

FIELD PEAS

150 Bushels Field Peas.
Nitrate Soda.
Spirit Barrels.
Hoop Iron.
Nails.
Paris Green.
Bagging.
Ties.
Rice.
Write for Prices and Terms.

D. L. GORE COMPANY
Wholesale Grocers and Importers.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

IN MEMORIAM.

For as much as it has pleased Almighty God to take out of this world the soul of our honored ex-director, Jesse A. Floyd, be it

Resolved, That we hereby express our love and esteem fr him, as our director, faithful and true; as a man, kind, gentle and sympathetic.

Resolved, further, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to his wife and sons, with an especial expression of sympathy and love, and that a copy be spread upon the minutes of St. John's Chapter, No. 2118, Brotherhood of St. Andrew.

Adopted unanimously this eighth day of July, A. D. 1912.

ST. JOHN'S CHAPTER, NO. 2118, BROTHERHOOD OF ST. ANDREW.
GEO. A. DIEBERT,
Director.
W. HULL MOORE,
Secretary.

Alpha Bath Caps!
Latest Styles
Mission Pharmacy

WANTED

to purchase Wool, Beeswax and Hides. Highest cash prices paid. Shipments solicited. Quotations furnished on application.

Samuel Bear, Sr., & Sons
18 Market St.,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

YOU

Will Find a Special Value in Our

$3.50--Tan Pumps--$3.50

For Ladies. High and Low Heels

Hewlett & Price
109 MARKET ST.

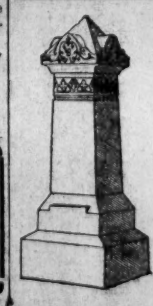
THE ATLANTIC INN

Convenient to the Traveling Public.

LARGE ROOMS & GOOD RESTAURANT SERVICE

Opposite Union Depot — Gieschen Bros. Props.

We Carry a Full Line
—OF—
HACKNEY WAGONS
COLUMBUS AND BABCOCK BUGGIES
HARNESS AND SADDLERY.
CITY LIVERY CO.
—PHONE 15—



MONUMENTS!

FOR LATEST DESIGNS, 'PHONE 1974-J.

Also Catalogues of Fencing, Vases, Galvanized Settees and Chairs.

TUCKER'S
519 N. Second St., near A. C. L. Station.

Vudor
RE-ENFORCED
HAMMOCKS
THE KIND THAT LAST
VUDOR PORCH SHADES
THE BEST.
Sold only by
C. W. YATES & CO.

THE QUESTION OF TEETH

is one you cannot afford to ignore. Not alone your appearance, but your health as well depends upon the condition of your teeth.

LET US TAKE A LOOK

at them. Maybe a little dental work now will save you from pain and trouble later on. If you are blessed with good teeth we'll help you keep them. If your teeth are bad or missing we'll correct that defect, too, without pain or very great expense.

Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty

DR. CULBRETH'S Dental Parlors
Front and Princess Sts.

IN MEMORIAM.

Whereas, In the providence of Almighty God, John Quince Myers, who went to his eternal rest June 27th, 1912, has been removed from our midst, and

Whereas, St. John's Chapter, Brotherhood of St. Andrew, of which he was the vice-director, keenly feels his loss, therefore be it

Resolved, That we put upon our records our appreciation of Mr. Myers' life among us, as a citizen and as a churchman. He was a worthy and noble advocate of the Master's cause, espousing and supporting enthusiastically the various movements planned for the upbuilding of the Church; he was foremost in the Brotherhood, having been a member of the original St. John's Brotherhood, and a charter member and officer of St. John's Chapter, No. 2118, Brotherhood of St. Andrew. In the Sunday school also he was a leader.

In all walks of life he bore himself with firmness and kindness. He was one of God's noblest creatures—an honest man.

In our grief we turn to Him who is the God of all, praying that he may soothe the stricken and bruised hearts, and send his "Peace which passeth all understanding" into the hearts and lives of those he left behind.

Adopted unanimously this eighth day of July, A. D. 1912.

ST. JOHN'S CHAPTER, NO. 2118, BROTHERHOOD OF ST. ANDREW.
GEO. A. DIEBERT,
Director.
W. HULL MOORE,
Secretary.

Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company Office of the Treasurer.

Wilmington, N. C., June 28, 1912.

The Board of Directors of Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company has declared a dividend of three and one-half per cent. on the Common Capital Stock of that Company, payable at the office of the Treasurer, at Wilmington, North Carolina, on and after July 10th, 1912, to stockholders of record on June 19th, 1912. The transfer books are closed from the 19th day of June, 1912, to the 11th day of July, 1912, both inclusive.

JAMES F. POST,
jy 10-to 15. Treasurer.

SIXTY BASKETS
Fancy Peaches
MUST BE SOLD TODAY
E. WARREN & SON
'Phone 376.

NOTICE

Beginning Monday, July 8th, 1912, no further orders will be accepted by this company for the placing of cars on its tracks between 17th and Princess streets and the County Rock Quarry.

TIDE WATER POWER COMPANY

LORIMER OUSTED; DEFIANT TO LAST

(Continued from Page One.)

of great, but, as I view it, of controlling importance. The evidence in this second investigation fully justifies, I think, the conclusions that this so-called "jack pot" fund was a large sum of money contributed by various "interests" interested in promoting or defeating legislation; that a large part of this fund was placed in the hands of Lee O'Neil Brown; that it was not to be distributed until after the Legislature had adjourned; that, with this fund under his control and as an inducement Brown gathered around him certain members of the Legislature, who for all practical purposes put their votes at his command, whenever he needed them, and that when he called upon them, for their votes, they responded.

"The facts and circumstances brought out in the investigation of the "jack pot" by the special committee as directed in the resolution re-opening the case show, as I think, that while this money was not raised for use in the election of Senator Lorimer, its influences operated in securing his election, as well as promoting and defeating local legislation in which the contributors were interested, and the votes so controlled added to the votes of those who controlled and distributed this fund were sufficient to give Lorimer the votes necessary to secure his election.

"For these reasons, and others, growing out of the changed aspect of this case by the evidence in the second and more thorough investigation made by the special committee in carrying out the instructions of the Senate in the resolution re-opening the case, I felt impelled to vote against the validity of Senator Lorimer's election.

"Neither the evidence taken in the first or second investigation connects Senator Lorimer personally with the corrupt use of money to secure or influence his election, unless his close personal relations with Lee O'Neill Brown, who controlled and handled a part at least of the "jack pot" fund, and his contribution of money to meet the expenses of Brown's defense when he was indicted for bribery, shall be so construed, but the evidence taken in the last investigation does, I think, show that he was in his election, the beneficiary of the corruption fund controlled and distributed by Brown, Lippett and their agents, and that vitiates his election."

Lorimer's Possible Successor.

Springfield, Ills., July 13.—Barely had the news of the unseating of William Lorimer from the United States Senate reached this city than all sorts of speculation was indulged in regarding the action to be taken in filling the vacancy. Governor Deneen, who holds the key to the situation through the power vested in him to name a successor, refused to talk. It is reported as reasonably certain that Governor Deneen will name a successor to Lorimer. Among those mentioned as possibilities, all close political friends of Governor Deneen, are Roy O. West, newly elected member of the Republican National committee, and B. A. Eckart, a Chicago miller. Friends of former Senator Albert J. Hopkins, who received the advisory vote at the primary preceding the Lorimer election, are urging that he be appointed.

SENSATION IN BIRMINGHAM.

Young Woman Charged With Death of Two Men.

Birmingham, Ala., July 13.—A sensation was caused in Birmingham today when Miss Ola Gunters, of Jacksonville, Fla., was lodged in jail, charged with complicity in the poisoning of Guy R. Coleman and Steve H. Strickland, in this city, December 20th, 1910. She was later removed to a hotel in custody of a matron.

Miss Gunters is 19 years old and a very pretty and attractive brunette. She was accompanied from Jacksonville, where she was arrested, to Birmingham, by two deputy-sheriffs, her attorney, A. G. Hartridge, of Jacksonville, and a woman companion.

Coleman and Strickand were two of the most popular young men in the city, and were killed by drinking whiskey from a small bottle sent to Coleman through the mail.

Miss Gunters tonight denies any knowledge of the crime.

In fishing for compliments use fresh bait.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Hanover Realty Co.—Have You Any Reason?
Gaylord—Bargains.
Hewlett & Price—You.
Miss Rea—A Millinery Feast.
H. L. Fennell—G. & J. Tires.
J. M. Solky & Co.—No Brass Band.
Stone Company—Bagging and Ties.
C. W. Polvogt Co.—Suit Department.
Geo. R. French & Son—Stock at Cost.
St. John's Lodge—Emergent Communication.
Peck & Holloway—Durham Duplex Razors.
Tidewater Power Co. — Wrightsville Beach.

Business Locals.

Wanted—Boy.
Lost—Watch.
Wanted—Bids.
Wanted—Cook.
Wanted—Room.
Wanted—Clerks.
For Sale—Ducks.
Wanted—Timber.
Wanted—Position.
Wanted—Nurse.
Wanted—Rooms.
Wanted—Position.
Wanted—Salesmen.
Wanted—Salesmen.
Wanted—Young Men.
For Rent—Residence.
Wanted—Hair Goods.
L. W. Moore—For Sale.
L. W. Moore—For Rent.
V. J. Evans Co.—Patents.
Wilder & Metts—For Sale.
Wilder & Metts—For Sale.
L. W. Moore—$4,250 Buys.
Wilder & Metts—For Rent.
Am. Pottery Co.—Salesmen.
Wanted—Unfurnished Room.
Wilder & Metts—Vacant Lot.
L. W. Moore—Cottage Home.
L. W. Moore—Modern Home.
Standard Merc. Co.—Wanted.
Western Cider Co.—Salesmen.
J. O. Reilly—Desirable Home.
J. O. Reilly—Fine Investment.
For Sale—Oceanic Hotel Stock.
L. W. Moore—Splendid Homes.
L. W. Moore—Carolina Heights.
Wilder & Metts—Splendid Home.
Peppermint Importers—Salesmen.
J. O. Reilly—Store and Dwelling.
J. O. Reilly—A Rare Opportunity.
L. W. Moore—Carolina Place Lots.
Wilder & Metts—Sea Breeze Park.
Audubon Nurseries—Place Your Orders.
German-American Co.—Salesmen Wanted.

Wright SELLS LOTS

The northeast corner of Market and 16th streets we have sold. St. Paul's Episcopal church will erect their handsome new church here. So you see the Market street values continue to rise. Across the street—the southwest corner, a vacant lot, level, beautiful lot, 66 feet on Market by 115 on 16th is offered for sale. The price is so low that today's purchaser is sure to make money. The terms are easy—it's worth while investigating.

There is a lot on the north side of Market between 15th and 16th that is a beautiful home site—it's big, wide and level and the price is before the improvement price. The new street out to 17th will add 25 per cent to its value within the year.

Quite a number of Market street properties changed hands this past week. The price is still rising. The sellers all made money, and the purchasers will also make money.

Without a doubt the northwest corner of Third and Market streets is one of the most prominent and valuable locations in the entire city. There are two houses on this lot and for location and size its is fitted for residence, club, theatre or store. The new Y. M. C. A. $75,000 building will improve this locality and never in its history will it again sell as cheap as it can be bought today. Only a small amount of real money needed—your note for the balance.

We are authorized to offer for sale two of the finest houses and best locations in the residential district of Wilmington. These two houses are on Third street, between Red Cross and Market—both large corner lots, the houses are particularly well built, roomy and comfortable, steam heat, all modern conveniences. We do not like to advertise the names, but anyone who wants a home in a choice location, corner lot, can have full and detailed information.

We have houses and lots, all sizes and prices. We make money for others—why not you? Call and see.

J. G. WRIGHT & SON
Real Estate, 124 Princess Street
Established 22 years ago.

"LITTLE FATHER" ON PARADE

Tolstoy's Pen Picture of the Ruler of All the Russias Is by No Means Flattering.

Having dismissed Bibikov, Nicholas, with a sense of duty well fulfilled, stretched himself, glanced at the clock and went to get ready to go out. Having put on a uniform with epaulets, orders and a ribbon, he went out into the reception hall, where more than a hundred persons—men in uniforms and women in elegant low-necked dresses, all standing in the places assigned to them—awaited his arrival with agitation.

He came out to them with a lifeless look in his eyes, his chest expanded, his stomach bulging out above and below its bandages, and, feeling every body's gaze tremulously and obsequiously fixed upon him, he assumed an even more triumphant air. When his eyes met those of people he knew, remembering who was who, he stopped and addressed a few words to them, sometimes in Russian and sometimes in French, and transfixing them with his cold, glassy eye, listened to what they said.

Having received all the New Year congratulations, he passed on to church. God, through his servants, the priests, greeted and praised Nicholas just as worldly people did; and weary as he was of these greetings and praises, Nicholas duly accepted them. All this was as it should be, because the welfare and happiness of the whole world depended on him; and though the matter wearied him, he still did not refuse the universe his assistance.—From Tolstoy's "Hadji Murad."

Reconciliation.

Ben Ali Haggan is the man about whom one of the most delightful little painting romances was once told. It was in connection with his portrait of Mary Garden as Thais, which was exhibited in a Fifth avenue window. There, the story goes, his grandfather, James J. B. Haggan, seeing the picture in the window, was so delighted with it that he wished to buy it immediately, and offered $10,000 for it, not knowing the artist was his own grandson, who had been spurned on account of his artistic tendencies. The offer was made through Miss Garden, and eventually raised to $25,000. Then the artist and the cruel grandsire were reconciled on the spot, the artist meanwhile accepting the $25,000 check with a more-in-sorrow-than-in-anger expression. It was a very nice story, but there was only one trouble with it—it was not true in any particular.

Martian Canal Doubles in Size.

Observations show that the Martian canal Titan has doubled within a few weeks. The canal runs nearly straight north from the gulf of the Titan across the equator and far into the northern hemisphere of the planet. A perfectly parallel line has now appeared to the east of it, the distance separating the twins being somewhat more than a hundred miles. This doubling of certain Martian canals at certain seasons is one of the proofs held to support the theory that the canals are of artificial construction.

Precocious Youth.

A teacher, discussing the wild animals to be found in the middle states, asked her pupils to name some of them. To her surprise one little fellow calmly suggested: "Lions and tigers."

"But where are they to be found, Johnnie?"

"In the menageries," was the quiet reply.

Read Star Business Locals.

SHOWS UP BLEASE IN A BAD LIGHT

(Continued from Page One).

the Governor's signature to the bill authorizing a franchise to the interurban railroad from Spartanburg and Greenwood Railroad from Spartanburg and Greenwood to Charlotte. The bill was adopted with only three votes to spare.

According to the record Nicholls learned that Blease contemplated vetoing the measure. The record quotes the following conversation as told by Nicholls which Nicholls had over the telephone with Governor Blease:

"Governor, what about that railroad bill?" said Nicholls.

"I'm going to veto the damn thing," the Governor replied.

"Oh, don't fly off your nut," Nicholls is recorded as saying. "I want to talk the matter over with you."

Nicholls is alleged to have told how later he remonstrated with the Governor, saying, "If you don't sign the bill I'll be damned if I don't raise hell. You are either doing it because you don't like the men back of it, or you are being paid by the Southern Railway."

According to the record then, Nicholls started to leave the Governor when the latter said. "Come back here a minute. Come in and bring this —— damned railroad bill. I am going to sign it to get rid of the damn thing."

The Grand Theatre has reduced the price of admission to 5c for both day and night performances. Three good pictures and music daily. **

Ladies' white linen walking pumps, $3.50, at Hewlett & Price's. **

BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service calls will be made, or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams; bills rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union." But for advertisements, always call the Star office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

DESIRABLE HOME ON GRACE Street for sale. Forty feet front and 96 feet deep. Can be bought for less than $5,500.00. House has seven rooms and modern conveniences. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. jy14-1t

FINE INVESTMENT on Queen Street, between 9th and 10th streets. House and lot 82 feet front and 66 feet deep. Can be bought at a real bargain. Price less than $1,000.00. Small amount of cash will take this property. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. jy14-1t

STORE AND DWELLING and large lot on the Northeast corner of 8th and Dawson streets. Will pay over 10 per cent. as an investment. Can be bought at a low figure. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. jy14-1t

A RARE OPPORTUNITY to buy a beautiful Southern Home. Located on the corner of 3rd and Walnut streets. Lot 59 by 90, with right of way over alley. On the most modern street in Wilmington, and one of the best neighborhoods. Will sell for the sum of $12,500.00. Can arrange a large loan. Has all modern conveniences and in perfect order. Let me show this proposition to you. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. jy14-2t

COTTAGE HOME for sale—On Princess between Ninth and Tenth, modern, six-room cottage. Price, reasonable and can arrange terms. See L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. Telephone 332. jy14-1t

CAROLINA PLACE—I can offer some well located building lots on Market street, Perry, Woolcott and Pender avenues, and also three adjoining on the turnpike. This is a rapidly improving section and the prices now will insure a good investment. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, 123 Princess street. jy14-1t

$4,250.00 BUYS that splendidly equipped conveniently arranged cottage on the southwest corner Nineteenth and Princess: large lot, 70x115, with rear entrance. If you want a cottage home it will pay to see L. W. Moore, Real Estate. Telephone 332. jy14-1t

CAROLINA HEIGHTS—Two splendidly located lots on Chestnut, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth, and one lot on southwest corner Nineteenth and Chestnut, can be bought at a price to insure an investment or well located for a home. See L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. jy14-1t

NORTHEAST CORNER Third and Market is the lention of that elegant 10-room modern, well-built home with large lot, 58 1-2x90 feet, that can offer you at its real value. This home located to secure full benefit Southern breeze and will be to the interest of one looking for a splendid home on that beautiful street to see me Monday. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. jy14-1t

FOR RENT—402 South Fifth; possession July 25th. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore. jy14-1t

FOR SALE — Lots on Castle, between Twelfth and Thirteenth. See L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. jy14-1t

FOR SALE—Splendid homes near Fifth and Chestnut. They are bargains. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate. jy14-1t

WANTED TO SELL—4 1-2 shares Oceanic Hotel stock. Walter E. Yopp. jy14-1t

PATENTS secured or fee returned. Send sketch for free report as to patentability. Guide book and list of inventions wanted sent free. One million dollars offered for one invention. Patents advertised free. Victor J. Evans & Co., 948, Washington, D. C. jy14-1t*

WANTED—Position as bookkeeper and cashier by young lady. Have had several years experience with big concern; furnish best references. Address "Bookkeeper and Cashier," care Star. jy14-1t*

COUPLE with no children wants couple light housekeeping rooms, furnished; with old people preferred, or room with board in private family. Address "B. C. A.," care Star. jy14-su2t*

EARN $30 WEEKLY—Salesmen to take orders for cut rate groceries. Experience unnecessary. Outfit free. Standard Mercantile Co., 2452-2456 East Ninth street, Cleveland, Ohio. jy14-1t*

WANTED—Four unfurnished rooms for housekeeping. Willing to pay good rent for same. Address "Typo," care Star. jy14-1t

THAT DESIRABLE vacant lot on the southwest corner of 3rd and Walnut, is for sale. This is a splendid location for an apartment house, store or dwelling. Let's talk this over. Wilder & Metts. jy14-1t

IT IS SELDOM that a splendid home like that on the northeast corner of 3rd and Walnut is offered for sale. This house has 10 rooms, 2 baths, hardwood floors; size of lot, 58x90. Liberal price and liberal terms. See Wilder & Metts. jy14-1t

WE HAVE FOR SALE on Castle street, near 5th, three houses that will yield 10 per cent on the investment. Property in this section is keeping pace with advancement of values in other parts of the city. Wilder & Metts. jy14-1t

FOR SALE at Carolina Heights. One lot on Market street, $3,500.00; desirable home, facing Market street, $5,000.00; lot on Chestnut street, Southern exposure, $1,800.00; also lot on Market street, Carolina Place, $750.00. See Wilder & Metts. jy14-1t

FOR RENT—The entire 2nd and 3rd floors in the Shrier building, over the People's Supply Co., on North Front Street, suitable for Fraternal Orders or Lodge rooms. Will be fitted up to suit tenants. Rent very reasonable. Apply to Wilder & Metts. jy14-1t

SEA BREEZE PARK at Masonboro Sound. A few choice lots left. Easy payment plan. Location unexcelled in this vicinity. This is the opportunity for the man of small means to own a summer home. See Wilder & Metts. jy14-1t

WANTED — Attention, Ladies. Market prices paid for old feather beds, antique mahogany furniture of all kinds. Address "Beds," care Star. jy14-1t*

NURSE WANTED for the afternoons. Young colored girl preferred. Apply at 118 South Sixth street. jy14-1t

WANTED—By business man, comfortable, clean room with use of bath. With or without board. "P. O." care Star. jy14-2t*

WANTED—Switches and puffs to make from combings and cut hair. Prices reasonable. Work done on short notice. Mrs. Sykes, 116 S. 9th street. jy14-1t*

AUDUBON NURSERY—Place your orders now for trees and plants of all kinds for delivery in the Fall. Address C. W. M. Hess, Manager, Box 731, Wilmington, N. C. jy14-2t

WANTED—Position by experienced male stenographer with manufacturing or banking corporation. Best references furnished. Address "Stenographer," care Star. jy14-1t*

BOY WANTED—About 17 years old, one who is willing to learn a trade. Apply Sunday, 417 South 6th street. jy14-1t*

$5,000 YEAR and more from peppermint vending machines; big profits; light work. Reliable representatives wanted. Give references. Peppermint Importers, 213 W. 28th st., New York, N. Y. jy14-1t*

WE WANT first class salesmen to represent us in each city and county in Tennessee, Kentucky, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia and other Southern States to call upon large farm and land owners who live in or near cities and towns. Some knowledge of agriculture a big asset, but salesmanship ability more important. World endorsed specialty which sells quickly; no competition. Great demand. Selling plan clean, simple and direct; No demonstration. No samples. Can start taking orders two days after appointment. Buyers realize big profits; that's why they sell quickly; that's why sales run into money fast. You can earn $300 to $600 and upward the first month. No investment, but highest references and exclusive time required. Write quick. Immediate action necessary. Address German-American "Nitragin" Co., 777 Manufacturers' Bldg., Wilwaukee, Wis. jy14-1t*

WANTED Wet nurse, white or colored; white preferred. Must be neat and healthy. Address, stating salary expected, H. C. Treadwell, Roseboro, N. C. jy14-3t*

WANTED—A good cook for family on Greenville Sound. 'Phone number 569; call 2. jy14-1t

WANTED—Ambitious young men to become traveling salesmen and earn while they learn. Write for particulars. Bradstreet System, Rochester, N. Y. jy14-1t*

WANTED Bids to build stables and stock yards for Kentucky Horse & Mule Co., at 17th and Dock streets. For plans and specifications, see F. T. Mills, Mgr. jy14-3t*

SALESMAN—Traveling; salary and expenses or commission. Must be active, ambitious, energetic; splendid opportunity. Former experience not essential. Landmark Cigar Co., Denver, Pa. jy14-1t*

TIMBER WANTED—Want from 500 to 2,000 acres of pine timber or timber with land. State full particulars about quality of land and estimate of pine and other woods. Can use a big bunch of cypress, also. "W. S. F.," care Star. jy14-1t*

WHILE THEY LAST, Indian Runner ducks, $1 each. Copperas Falls Farm, Tullahoma, Tenn. jy14-1t*

FOR RENT—Desirable residence on South side of Nun street, between Front and Second streets. Possession given first of August, if desired. For particulars, apply to "Renter," care Star. jy14-tf

LOST—Open face gold watch with diamond pin attached. Initials "M. M. S." Liberal reward for return to 400 South Fourth street. jy14-1t*

WANTED—Unfurnished room and board for married couple. Private family preferred. Address "Ky.," this office. jy14-1t*

WANTED—First class, high grade salesmen, capable of earning $500.00 per month to sell a high grade, meritorious, patented apparatus of universal necessity. Address Carbon Gas Implement Co., 630 Ellis st., Augusta, Ga. jy14-1t*

SALESMEN wanted for country towns, $25 weekly salary and $5 per day allowed for expenses when traveling. Western Cider Co., St. Louis, Mo. jy14-1t*

SALESMEN—Do you want a $10 a day side line or main line deal? Five combined propositions; snappiest ever sprung. American Pottery Co., St. Louis, Mo. jy14-1t*

CLERKS WANTED—Two clerks for retail dry goods business. Only those who have had experience need apply. Reply in own handwriting to "Clerks," care the Morning Star. jy14-1t

COLORED GIRL WANTED as nurse for the afternoons. Apply at 118 South Sixth street, today or Monday. jy13-2t

ST. MATTHEW'S Lutheran S. S. Excursion to Carolina Beach, July 16th. Leave Wilmington 9 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. Line; boat leaving beach 10 P. M. jy13,14,16-3t

ATLANTIC COTTAGE — Wrightsville Beach, all outside rooms, fine meals served in courses. Specialty, sea foods; $10 per week. Miss Herring, Proprietor. jy13-2t

FOUND—Where I can have an unlimited number of suits sponged and pressed to meet the exacting requirements of the most critical tastes, for $1.50 per month, or ten pieces for $1.00. Just think of it. 'Phone 490. The Wilmington Pressing Club, 3rd street next to Court House. jy13-2t*

DON'T MISS the trip to Johnson City, Tenn., that leaves Wilmington Tuesday, July 16th, 7 A. M., over S. A. L. Ry. and C., C. & O. Returning, leave Johnson City 8:30 A. M. Friday, July 19th. Did you know that this will be the only excursion of the season? All steel cars; Pullman cars attached. Secure your seats at once, as there are only a few left. Railroad fare, round trip, $6.00; $3.00 for Pullman. For reservations, apply to J. C. Jones, Box 362, Wilmington, N. C. jy13-2t*

CANTALOUPES, peaches, water melons. We are getting swell cantaloupes now. Full line of fresh meats, fruits, vegetables and groceries. We have the variety. Will be delighted to serve you. Palace Market, 'Phone 72. jy12-1t

WAKE UP! Spread out! Advertise! Multigraph imitation typewritten circulars; cheap as printing; better results. All classes typewriting and notary work. Harriss' Typewriting and Advertising Co., 114 Princess street; 'phone 708. de1-tu,su,th-tf

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED for government positions, $80.00 month. Annual vacations. Short hours, no "lay offs." Vacations. Common education sufficient. Over 12,000 appointments coming. Influence unnecessary. Send postal immediately for free list of positions open. Franklin Institute, Dept. 289-R, Rochester, N. Y. jy7-su9t*

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON may earn a good, steady income corresponding for newspapers. We suggest subjects. No experience required. Address Press Correspondence Bureau, Washington, D. C. je9,12,16,23,30; jy2,7,14,17,21,28,31*

MEAL TICKETS—Orton meal books now on sale; very convenient for the Summer; may be used at any time; 20 meals for $13. Apply at the office. jy13-1w

WANTED—First class, all round mill man to take charge of mill with capacity of 8,000 to 10,000 feet per day. Reply with best references. Jackson Lumber Co., Sumter, S. C. jy13-sa,su,w-2w

BUICK AND PALMER SINGER Automobiles, now at Queen City Cycle Co. je2-tf

FOR SALE—Five passenger Automobile, in first class condition. Can be seen at Wilmington Auto Repair Co. A bargain at the price. jy9-tf

MOONLIGHT RIDE Tuesday evening, July 16th, 1912, Steamer Wilmington, by B. Y. P. U. of First Baptist church. Boat leaves 8 P. M. jy11-4t

COLONIAL INN—Under new management. European plan. Luncheon daily, from 12:30 to 3, fifty cents. jy11-tf

FOR SALE cheap, for cash, if sold quick one horse, suitable for buggy, dray or wagon. Sound and gentle. Address "Horse," care Star. jy9-6t

MECHANICS' HOME Association, new series Building and Loan stock now open. Walker Taylor, president; W. M. Cumming, secretary. jy10-4t

WANTED—Middle aged colored woman to do cooking and housework for family of two. Room and board on premises. Address "B. E.," care Star. jy9-6t

CHIROPODIST—If it is a corn, bunion or ingrowing nail troubling you, call on W. T. Breeden, the Chiropodist, at Ellis' Barber Shop, 109 Princess street. Satisfaction guaranteed. jy11-1mo

FOR SALE—Rough and dressed pine and cypress boards, floorings, ceiling, weatherboarding and laths. Reasonable prices; quick delivery. 'Phone 538. Camp Manufacturing Co. my30-1u,th,sa-30t*

WANTED—Middle-aged white servant; good home for the right party; board and room on the premises. Address "B", care Star. jy 6-tf.

BUY YOUR LUNCHEONS from B. May's Delicatessen and do away with work and worry during the hot weather. Prices are right. 130 Market street. 'phone 1322. jy3-tf

TO THE PUBLIC—We wish to announce that we have opened a general repair and horse-shoeing shop at 1103 Castle street. Work promptly and neatly done. Your patronage solicited. Castle Street Repair Co. jy2-15t*

MEN WANTED — To learn automobile business. Why work hard for small pay? Experts earn big salaries. We teach you. Wilmington Automobile School, 114 N. Second street. P. O. Box 124. my11-tf

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION — Practical auto. instruction given by us on the latest cars and in the best equipped shop in the State. Easy terms. Wilmington Automobile School, 114 N. Second street. P. O. Box 124. my11-tf

BARGAINS in a fine line of Trunks, Suit Cases and Hand Bags. Also in all kinds of unredeemed pledges. Save money and see Uncle Charles, 16 S. Front street. ja3-tf

WRITE US for special Summer proposition. Our place will please you. White Sulphur Springs, Mt. Airy, N. C. je14-30t*

FOR SALE at a bargain, one five-passenger Mitchell touring car in first class condition. Original cost, $2,000. Address "Automobile," care Morning Star. je19-tf

We Pay You to Save.

EIGHTY PER CENT.

Of the population of the United States are depositors in Savings Banks, and to this thrifty, economical and provident class is due the prominence of this country today. All over the country people in every walk of life are taking advantage of the interest paid by Savings Banks on deposits.

Our Savings Department offers a place where your money may be placed in safe keeping and at the same time be earning you an income.

FOUR PER CENT PAID.

The American National Bank
WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE SOUTHERN NATIONAL BANK
WILMINGTON
Resources, $2,000,000.00
MOST CENTRAL LOCATION
Opposite City Postoffice
Accounts of any size received and prompt individual attention of experienced officers available.

The Atlantic Trust and Banking Company

Wants your Savings Account. It Pays Four Per Cent on all balances of $5.00 or more.

"Give this bank your Savings Account."

The Atlantic Trust and Banking Company

The Murchison National Bank
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Capital and Surplus $1,350,000.00
Accounts received on most liberal terms with careful personal attention by the officers to all business, large or small.
H. C. McQUEEN, President, J. W. YATES, Vice President,
J. V. GRAINGER, Vice President, C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier.

HAMMOCKS
Our New Line is Now Open — We have them at any price you want, from $1.50 up to $7.50.
ROBERT C. DeROSSET
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
32 N. Front St.

Diamonds Watches Silverware Cut Glass
A. O. SCHUSTER
JEWELER,
104 North Front Street.

For Sale

One of the most desirable building lots for a home in the city of Wilmington, situated on the west side of Fifth street, between Nun and Church, two lots 33 feet by 165 feet, making a large lot 66 feet on Fifth, by 165 feet deep, will be sold at a bargain if sale made within next few days. Will make terms satisfactory to purchaser.

W. G. WHITEHEAD.
jy 14-16-18 'Phone 229.

ST. JOHN'S LODGE No. 1. A. F. & A. M.

Emergent communication tomorrow (Monday) evening, at 7:30 o'clock, sharp, for the purpose of conferring the degree of FELLOW CRAFT —and— MASTER MASON. All members and visiting brethren will be cordially received.

By order of the Worshipful Master.
A. S. HOLDEN, Secretary.
jy14-1t

Another Registered Druggist

Perhaps You Didn't Know—

That our business has increased to such an extent that we have been compelled to add another Registered Pharmacist to our force. Fortunately, we have secured the services of Mr. Leon Futrelle, who recently completed his studies at the University of North Carolina, and successfully passed the North Carolina Board of Pharmacy.

Call 'Phone 520. We will send for your prescription, fill and return in shortest time possible.

ALL PRESCRIPTION BOTTLES STERILIZED.

THE PAYNE DRUG COMPANY,
HARRY E. PAYNE
'Phone No. 520. -:- Fifth and Red Cross Streets

Large Mullets

144 Kegs Large Mullets.
186 Cases Fish Roe.
489 Bales Timothy Hay.
311 Bags Ship Stuff.
162 Bags Wheat Bran.
111 Bags Corn Chops.
116 Bags Fancy Head Rice.
460 Bags Med. Head Rice.
147 Bags Broken Rice.
187 Bbls. Ben Hur Flour.
270 Bbls. Jefferson Flour.
118 Bbls. Snow Drift Flour.

W. B. Cooper Co.

Special Prices

Special Prices on the following—
100 Bbls. Large Mullets.
200 Bbls. Medium Mullets.
100 Bbls. Small Mullets.
200 Boxes Smoked Herring.
40 Boxes Cod Fish.
200 Cases Salmon.
200 Cases Sardines.
50 Cases Herring Roe.
100 Cases Oysters.
500 Bbls. Fancy Patent Flour.
400 Sacks Broken Rice.
400 Sacks Head Rice
75 Bbls. Fancy Molasses.
50 Bbls. N. O. Molasses.

We also carry a full line of Cakes, Candies, Snuff, Tobacco, etc., all of which will be sold on a close margin.

J. W. BROOKS
Wholesale Grocer,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 14

VOL. XC—NO. 99 WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 14, 1912. WHOLE NUMBER 13,953.

THE MARINE RAILWAY A PORT DEVELOPMENT

Great Success of Local Enterprise on West Side of Cape River—Facilities for Hauling Out and Repairing Vessels Now Second to None—Some Notable Achievments.

No more important nor a more interesting port development has taken place in Wilmington in a decade than the recent establishment here of the Wilmington marine railway by the Wilmington Marine Railway Company, which is composed of some of the largest and most enterprising local capitalists.

Situated on the west side of the Cape Fear river, nearly opposite the Wilmington Iron Works, with which the new enterprise is closely identified, there is very little show on the surface, but the total investment in the new enterprise is something like $50,000, with the likelihood that this amount will be still further increased by the addition of other lines as the years go by and the success of the venture is more and more recognized. Already the new enterprise has proved its worth over and over again as an absolute necessity at the port, and one of the promoters of the railway stated yesterday afternoon that since the establishment of the plant something like two months ago, it has not been idle a moment and the company has actually had more applications for services than it could accommodate at one and the same time.

Realizing the need of an adequate marine railway at the port and seeing in the enterprise an opportunity for a reasonable return upon the investment of their capital, several gentlemen about a year ago conceived the idea of the organization of a stock company and this was accomplished without further ado. A charter was granted with $50,000 capital and authority to increase to any amount that might in future be deemed desirable for the purposes of the company. Very soon after the issuance of the charter, an organization was effected with the following officers:

President—Mr. R. O. Stone, of The Stone Company.

Vice President—Mr. T. D. Love, of the Wilmington Iron Works.

Secretary and Treasurer—Mr. R. R. Stone, of the Stone Company.

General Manager—Mr. Edw. P. Bailey, of the Wilmington Iron Works.

These officers and other men prominent in the life and development of the port, compose the Board of Directors and a corps of skilled and competent men are employed in charge of the work. These gentlemen have given of their time and money to provide this important port development and it is looked upon largely as a public rather than a private enterprise. For several months expert marine railway builders and divers from the North were here "putting in" the plant and this required some of the most scientific engineering ever undertaken on the river front.

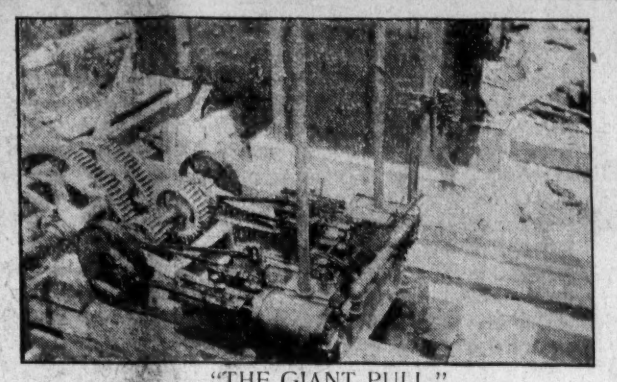
The builders of the railway were the H. I. Randall Company, of East Boston, Mass., who have constructed some of the largest railways along the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. The railway is so constructed that a vessel of 2,000 tons may be hauled up literally "high and dry" and repaired in the shortest length of time, ships carpenters and machinists being able to work in, around, over and about the bottom of the largest vessels with as much convenience and availability as if the vessel were set up on benches and hauled into some mammoth machine shop. In other words, the railway constructed in the manner described, is designed so that vessels may be hauled up on an even keel and without the least disturbing the regular order of things on board.

The marine railway is built and guaranteed for all vessels of 1,000 tons and over but the builders say that they have never built a plant that would not easily accommodate 'wice the guarantee tonnage. The ease and dispatch with which this can be done was recently demonstrated by the builders to the owners and a number of newspaper men, who gathered at the plant. For a layman or a "lubber" to attempt a description of the machinery is rather a paradox, but suffice it to say that competent marine men at the port, who likewise witnessed the work of these trained men, were enthusiastic in their praise of the "modus operandi." As stated at the outset, a large part of the plant is unseen.

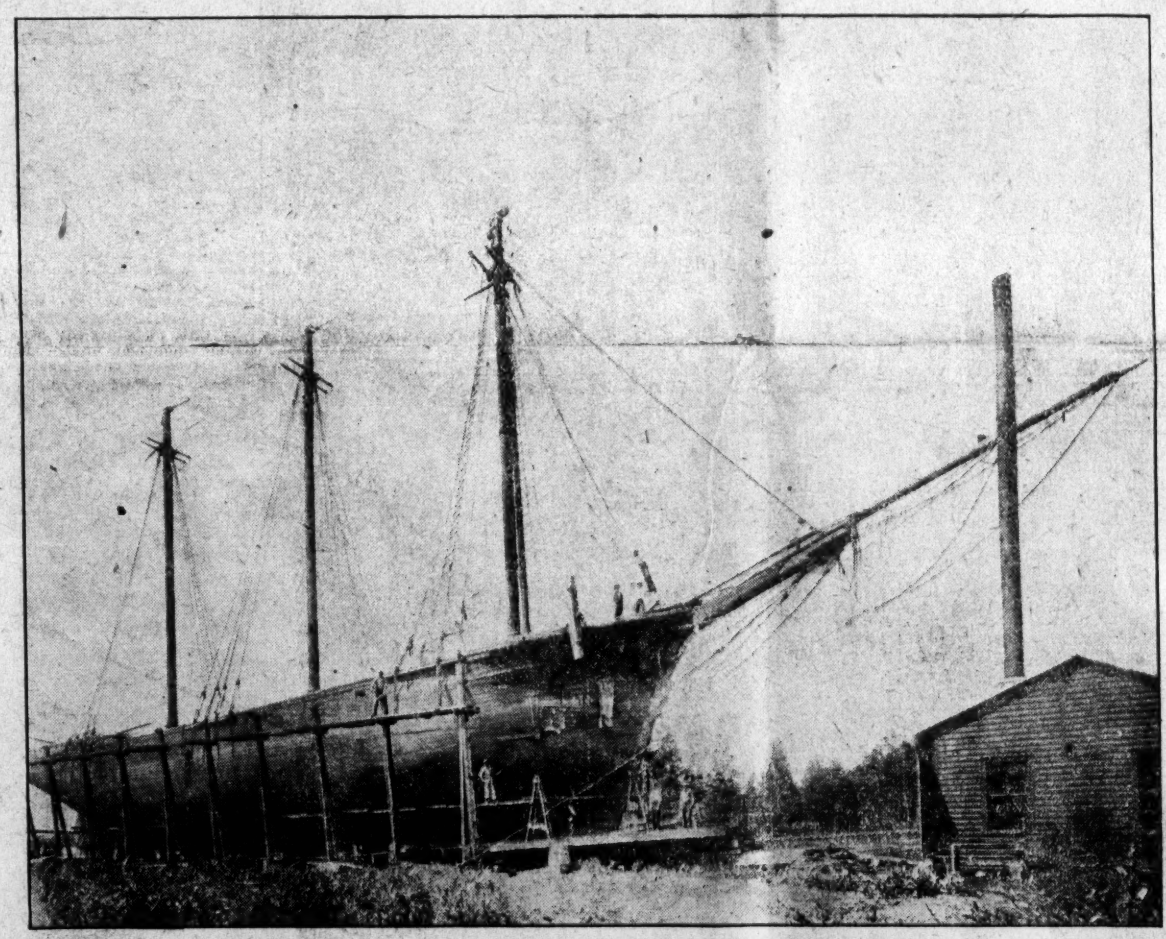
The company owns 800 feet of deep water front as the site for the plant and a considerable area in front of this has been dredged and deepened for what might be termed a "cradle" or basin. This is a massive wood structure entirely under water while receiving a vessel but very much above the surface when accommodating a boat. To this underneath is atached a massive cable or iron chain attached to the engine and which hauls away with the strength of an Atlas when the word is given from attendants on either side of the vessel, as she comes into position over the cradle and set thereafter are, of course, a small matter.

The first vessel to be hauled out was the tug Reliance, Capt. Leta D. Potter, which vessel had suffered a disarrangement of her rudder and would have had to proceed to another port for repairs but for the completion of the local marine railway a day or two after Capt. Potter's arrival. The Reliance was followed in quick succession by the steamer Wilmington, Capt. John W. Harper, and many of the harbor craft. One of the first big achievements was the hauling out of the schooner Stephen G. Loud, which was loaded to 1,000 tons, and which had been brought into port by the revenue cutter Seminole. She had encountered a gale while bound North with cargo of lumber and would have had to tow North for repairs but for the local enterprise. She was recaulked and repaired by the Wilmington Iron Works, reloaded with lumber and proceeded on her voyage. Another notable achievement was the hauling out of the schooner C. C. Wehrum, which was brought into the port as a derelict, also bound North with lumber. She was also recaulked and repaired and sent on her voyage. The Argonauta, Mercur, Cynthia, Grayling, Ajax, Velma Brooks and a number of other vessels have awaited their turns and been hauled up for needed repairs, which would have been impossible but for the local railway. In fact, it was estimated that prior to the establishment of the Wilmington Marine Railway, there was sent away from Wilmington each year upwards of $200,000 of this kind of work to other ports. One owner in Wilmington might be named who would have been today in possession of a staunch harbor boat but for the fact that she was lost while on her way to Newbern for repairs that would have been made here if the facilities had been at hand.

The company which engineered this project is progressive in its ideas and plan for still further port development in connection with their holdings on the river front. Wharves and storage warehouses are later to be constructed and it is not too idealistic to predict that within a few years the grounds will be entered by spur railway tracks on the west side of the r. The property is splendidly located and is being developed as fast as possible. There are few enterprises in Wilmington, indeed, if any, that deserve a larger measure of success than will undoubtedly accrue to the owners and promoters of the Wilmington Marine Railway Company.



"THE GIANT PULL."



SCHOONER STEPHEN G. LOUD HAULED OUT FOR REPAIRS.

READY FOR THE DESCENT.

PREPARING FOR A DIVE.

MOSQUITO EXTERMINATION.

Journal of American Medical Association Talks of Methods.

Mosquitoes can be—indeed, are being—eliminated from human experience in the United States. The "Jersey mosquito" is not the exclusive property of that commonwealth alone. It breeds in the salt-water marshes all the way from Massachusetts to Florida, wherever a fresh water stream dilutes the ocean saltiness sufficiently to attract the mosquito. Mosquitoes of the salt-marsh group are not disease-breeding, however, though more intensely annoying than others. The Anopheles, which spreads malaria, and the Stegomyia, which conveys yellow fever, propagate in fresh water, in stagnant pools, even in standing water in houses. The greater number of species seldom travel more than a few hundred yards from their breeding places, and, away from salt marshes, most places are locally infested; these facts place the problem of mosquito extermination squarely before the individual householder and the community immediately interested.

Most mosquitoes—certainly those of the anopheles tribe, in which the female of the species is far more deadly than the male—are active only after dark. To rid a house of them one must fumigate with pyrethrum powder or some other substance that will make a dense smoke, taking care that no mosquitoes are allowed to lurk in remote paces to which the fumes have not access. A pound of pyrethrum is necessary for every thousand cubic feet of interior space. Screens, unless absolutely tight, with a mesh of twenty to the inch, are useless against mosquitoes.

According to The Journal of the American Medical Association, the only means of permanently preventing mosquitoes is the destruction of their breeding places, which may be anywhere that water can accumulate and stand for ten days or more. It is very well to drain marshes, ponds, fountains and wet places in lawns and gardens; but extermination will not be thorough and effective unless one realizes that no body of water can be too small for a mosquito nursery. Myriads may breed in puddles by the roadside; in little-used horse troughs, in chicken pans in poultry yards, in water cups standing on the frames of grindstones, in water that accumulates in furrows in gardens or fields, especially in clayey soil, in water pitchers in unused guest rooms, in vases in which water has not frequently been changed, in discarded tin cans in back yards, in sewer catch basins—in fact, in any place where half a pint of water is allowed to stand. Since mosquitoes breed only in standing water, to eliminate them it is necessary simply to find and to drain or to oil all the possible breeding places.

The city of Hartsville, S. C., little as to size, but big in enterprise, has for several years past annually employed measures which other communities may well emulate. Its health board first distributed to all householders circulars pointing out the dangers of mosquitoes and recommending screens and constant supervision of premises to prevent breeding. Then the council surveyed the entire city, drained low places where rain water accumulated and made weekly inspections of all premises and ditches in town, putting kerosene regularly on any water that could not be drained or emptied (an ounce of kerosene for each 15 square feet of water surface). Most of the breeding places were found in back yards. Dr. W. Egleston, the health commissioner, reports that malaria, though very prevalent a decade ago, is now a practically negligible disease. The inhabitants of Hartsville, it is said, now sit on their unscreened porches in the evenings with no discomfort from mosquitoes. If every community in the country would follow the example of Hartsville, the mosquito problem would soon cease to vex us.

"If you ask my credentials," said Mr. Bryan to the convention, "I will say that I was three times the standard bearer of the Democratic party and polled the votes of six and one-half million Democrats." Quite true. We will say this for the Democrats, that they usually vote for the Presidential nominee in great numbers, no matter who he may happen to be.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Hamilton, Mass., July 12.—Secretary of the Navy George von L. Meyer, who is convalescent after an illness, which caused some alarm, has left his home here for a fortnight's vacation at Restingouche, N. B. He is accompanied by his son, George vonL. Meyer, Jr.

NEW SOUTHERN ENTERPRISES

Important Industrial and Developmental Enterprises Reported in This Week's Issue of Baltimore Manufacturers' Record.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Baltimore, July 11.—Among the Southern industrial and other developmental enterprises announced in this week's issue of the Manufacturers' Record are the following:

E. C. Deal, of Augusta-Aiken Railway & Electric Corporation, Augusta, Ga., and associates, were reported as to construct hydro-electric plant on Stevens Creek, at a cost of $2,000,000 to develop 30,000 horse power for transmission by electricty.

Birmingham Railway, Light & Power Co., Birmingham, Ala., will expend $1,000,000 for improvements, to include 10,000 kilowatt horizontal turbine, additional cooling tower, etc, costing $200,000 at power plant, laying 400,000 feet of conduits for underground wires, etc., at a cost of $275,000, double tracking, etc., to represent the balance of the improvements.

Rockport & Harbor Island Dock & Terminal R. R. Co., Rockport, Texas, was incorporated to construct 12 mile railway from Rockport to Harbor Island, docks, terminals, etc., as a part of proposed San Antonio, Rockport & Mexican Railroad; has preliminary plans for five docks and six slips with trackage; dock dimensions, including aprons, to be 160 feet wide by 800 feet long; concrete piling adopted for construction; Harbor Island holdings are 4,000 feet deep and gave frontage of 4,500 feet.

Spartanburg Land Co., Spartanburg, S. C., was incorporated with $1,000,000 capital and is reported as to be the holding corporation for the Holston Corporation, now building the Clinchfield docks at Charleston and owning lands at Spartanburg for the Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio Railroad.

Southport Harbor Co., Southport, N. C., was incorporated with $2,000,000 authorized capital and is reported as planning port terminal improvements for the Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio Railroad.

Alabama Port Land & Improvement Co., recently incorporated with $1,500,000 capital, acquired South Mobile Terminal Company's land to include Alabama Port, on lower Mobile Bay, more than 4,000 acres, with water front of more than one mile; will construct docks and warehouses, install coaling equipment, dredge channel, etc.; has plans in accordance with previous announcement of details.

Helena-Cahaba Mining Co., Birmingham, Ala., purchased 440 acres of coal land including mine in operation, at $117,000, for development; will make improvements to include new openings for maximum output.

Four States Coal & Coke Co., Pittsburg, Pa., plans to increase preferred stock from $1,500,000 to $2,500,000 for increasing annual output in West Virginia from 2,000,000 to 3,000,00 tons of coal.

Continental Coal Corporation, Wallsend, Ky., plans to increase annual output from 1,00,000 to 1,500,000 tons of coal.

Alabama & New Orleans Transportation Co., New York, was incorporated with $1,087,500 capital by New York capitalists who are not yet prepared to state their plans.

Fort Ridge Coal Co., Asheville, N. C., was incorporated with $200,000 capital to develop coal properties at Tacoma, Va.

Worth Refinnig Co., Sherman, Tex., was organized with $1,500,000 capital to manufacture cottonseed oil and its products.

Bankers Pocahontas Coal Co., Welch, W. Va., incorporated with $200,000 capital to develop coal properties.

Powers Bros. & Howell, Moundville, Ala., purchased 500 acres of timber land and will build saw mill with daily capacity of 25,000 to 30,000 feet of lumber.

Chickasha Cooperage Co., Memphis, Tenn., purchased 14 acres site and will build plant with ten hour capacity of 2,500 barrels.

Cumberland Lumber Co., Sparta, Tenn., purchased 3,000 acres of hard wood timber land at $45,000 and will install large band saw mill.

Saphire Mica Co., Saphire, N. C., was incorporated with $50,000 capital to develop mica properties.

Clifton Forge Public Service Corporation, Clifton Forge, Va., purchased Rockbridge Power Corporation, owning two hydro-electric plants and operating at Lexington and Buena Vista, Va.; will construct transmission lines and connect Clifton Forge, Covington, Lexington and Buena Vista.

Newport News & Old Point Electric Railway Co., Hampton, Va., purchased Hampton, Phoebus & Fort Monroe Gas Co., and awarded contract for gas plant betterments to cost $50,000.

Don't live in a room in which there is no fresh air. Don't work in a room in which there is no fresh air. Don't sleep in a room in which there is no fresh air.

Retribution is something we are morally certain will overtake other people.

OLD-FASHIONED REMEDIES

Science of surgery and electricity has advanced much in the past thirty years, but the treatment of disease by the old-fashioned remedies made from roots and herbs, has never been improved upon.

This may be seen by the great success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, and known today as the great remedy for female ills.

No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine.

TWIN COLONIES IN SOUTH

Settlers of Various Nations Work Together and Prosper—Co-Operation of the Races—Settlements Near Here.

(From Manufacturers' Record.)

Almost as cheerful and pleasant reading as the fairy tales of childhood are the stories of development in the newest South. There is, for instance, a cosmopolitan colony down in North Carolina, where peace, plenty, prosperity and other P's, including the green variety, are growing to beat the band.

"The American who undertakes a colonization enterprise," says a man who has visited the colony, "thinks at once of the English, the Scotch, the Irish, the Germans, the French as being the people most desirable. But he found upon slight investigation that he could not hope to draw his supplies from those sources.

"There was practically no movement of the English farming classes to this country; the Scotch were not the kind of people to whom the class of farming sought to be inaugurated appealed; the Irish were going back to Ireland rather than leaving it; the day of the German immigrant has passed, at least for a time; the French, accustomed to highly cultivated lands, were not to be lured by the prospect of cutting down trees, digging up stumps and cleaning off raw lands, and so all these nationalities were abandoned in turn. The French Canadians were considered, but they were too well satisfied where they were to have any desire to move.

"Finally agents were sent into the agricultural province of Rovigo, in northern Italy, to study conditions and try to secure the nucleus of a colony. One thing these agents learned, by the way, was that in 400 years there had not been committed in the entire province a single felony. This fixed the character of the people with regard to respect for law. It was learned also that they were industrious, frugal and, above everything else, ambitious to secure homes, to acquire land that would be theirs and their children's. It was further learned that they were gardeners and smal farmers, accustomed to intensive cultivation, and especially well versed in the care of orchards and vineyards.

"Seven families were secured and brought over and the colony of St. Helena, so named in honor of the Italian Queen, was started. The people thrived and prospered and the colony has grown until it now contains 47 families, with something like 300 people, with fields and gardens and vineyards in the highest state of cultivation, a community of neat and comfortable homes, of prosperous and happy people.

"That was to have been expected of North Italians, says the critic; but how about the people of Southern Italy and the other countries of Southern and Eastern Europe? While St. Helena was at first peopled exclusively with those who came from Northern Italy it now has those from Southern Italy as well, and they, too, are proving to be industrious, frugal, intelligent, orderly. In the seven years that have elapsed since the establishment of the colony, it has had no serious disorder of any kind.

"St. Helena was the first colony established, and it has been followed by one at Castle Hayne, mostly of Hollanders, but with a sprinkling of Hungarians; by New Berlin, with Germans and Hungarians and some Hollanders; by Van Eden, all Hollanders; Marathon, all Poles, and Artesia, Poles and Hollanders. There are some Russians and a few Swedes scattered around among the others and a few Americans in some of the colonies.

"The bringing of different nationalities into one locality has had a decidedly stimulating effect, because the best methods introduced by each race are adopted as the general standard. For instance, there are no better small farmers and horticulturists than the Hollanders, and they at once introduced the methods of horticulture followed at Boskoop, which is the greatest nursery centre in the world. There are 700 nurseries there, and nurserymen from all over the world attend the exhibitions there to exchange ideas and experiences, making it thus the world's clearing house for horticultural knowledge. There are several Boskoop men in these various colonies and their knowledge of horticulture has been helpful to all.

"The Italians have given valuable demonstrations of land preparation, improved drainage methods and the cultivation and care of fruits and vineyards. They are experts in the growing of grapes and the methods they have introduced are being followed by others to their great profit. The Hungarians are well versed in the growing of sugar beets and are now experimenting with them, the best seed having been secured for them direct from Hungary. The Germans, with their wide knowledge of general farming; the Poles, willing to take hold of the heaviest job of chopping, grubbing and clearing—each of the various nationalities has peculiar virtues and each helps the whole.

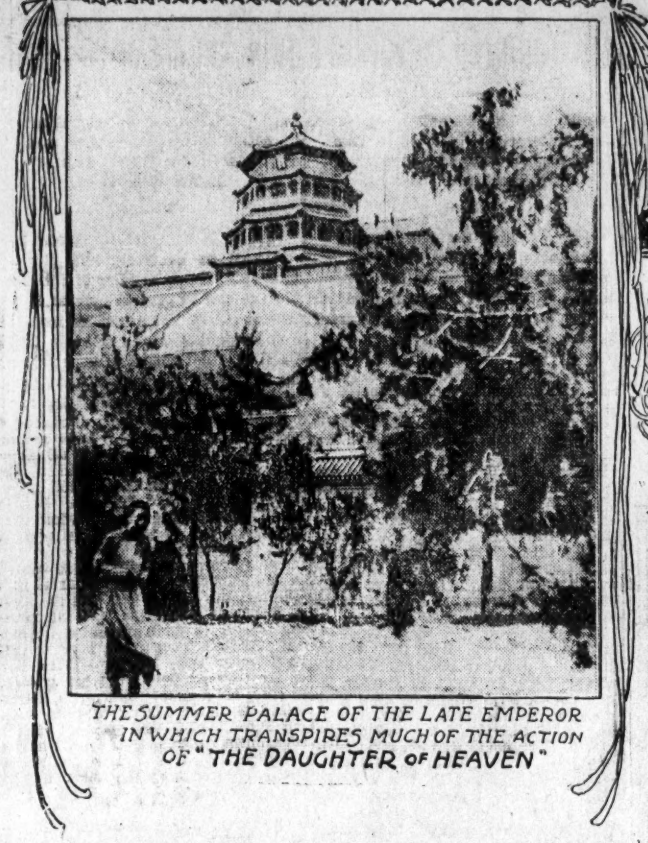
"I have visited all of these colonies, met with their people, examined their work and witnessed their prosperity. I have talked with the Italian who came here seven years ago and who as he talked glowed with pride over his white and green home, his vine-covered trellis, his vineyard and his garden, where the acre of strawberries vied with an equal amount of lettuce as to which should yield the greater profit to his hand; with the Hungarian who came a bare two months ago, but whose two-acre field of potatoes is covered with the verdant promise of a profitable crop.

"The love these people have for the soil was well illustrated in the words

(Continued on Page 12.)

The Pekin of Today:

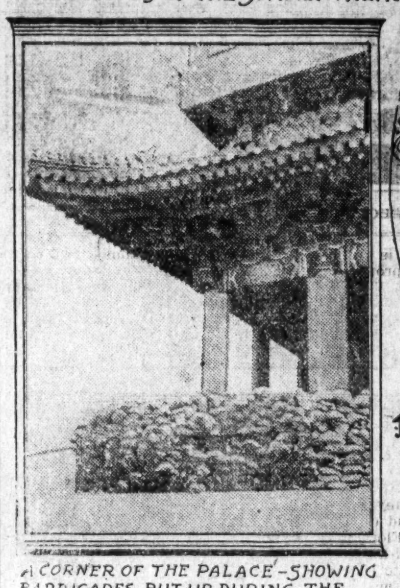
NOISE AND ORIENTAL SPLENDOR IMPRESS AMERICAN THEATRICAL MAN IN CAPITAL OF NEWLY-CREATED REPUBLIC



THE SUMMER PALACE OF THE LATE EMPEROR IN WHICH TRANSPIRES MUCH OF THE ACTION OF "THE DAUGHTER OF HEAVEN"

THE REMARKABLE CURVED BRIDGE ON THE GROUNDS OF THE SUMMER PALACE.

A FUNERAL IN PEKIN . . . .



A CORNER OF THE PALACE—SHOWING BARRICADES PUT UP DURING THE RECENT TROUBLE . . . .

THE WONDERFUL MARBLE HOUSE-BOAT BELONGING TO THE LATE IMPERIAL DYNASTY

(By Heywood Broun.)

(Mr. Broun has been sent from New York to China by the Liebler Co., to gather material that will insure an accurate stage presentation of "The Daughter of Heaven," a new Chinese play by Pierre Loti and Judith Gautier, which will be next season's production at the Century Theatre, New York. Mr. Broun will detail his experiences for this newspaper.)

Peking, June 10.

Dr. Morrison, the Peking correspondent of the London Times, was much interested to hear of my mission in connection with a play of Chinese life to be produced in New York and said to me, "I think you ought to take back some of our Peking sounds with you. I believe you will find that we have more varieties of noises here than you can find in any other spot in the world."

I followed his suggestion and set my ear to the hum of the city. Peking is never silent. As in all Chinese cities life of all sorts is caried on in the streets. Privacy is a word the Chinese scarcely understand. There are no silent Chinese ceremonials. Weddings and funerals have din in common. The nerves of the Chinese are not strung as our nerves. They do not mind noise. Even the men of higher breeding can nap off while all about them is confusion. When a Chinaman is ill, all his friends come to visit him and make the sick room a place of babel. The patient never objects. He is anxious to complete the last act of his life as he has performed all others—to the accompaniment of noise.

Collecting Noise.

I set myself to the task of picking out the various noises which go to make up the great chord of din which hovers always about the city of Peking. I found the greatest factor in the noise of the streets to be the signals of the various street vendors. Each of them is armed with a noise-producing instrument which proclaims his trade. There is the barber who has two prongs of steel through which he draws a spike causing a loud whirr which spreads knowledge of his presence. The sweet meat seller holds in his right hand two brass cups which he jangles together to let the neighborhood know that his wares are at its disposal. The buyer of old clothes taps a little drum with a bit of tarred bamboo and the plunk, plunk, sends the people scurrying into their houses to bring out their cast off garments. The man who sells wicker baskets taps half a gourd with a drum stick and the cloth seller swings a drum which has two bits of metal attached to it by strings. With each swing the bits of metal strike the drum. The toy seller strikes a brass gong of a peculiarly penetrating tone. The knife grinder hits three blocks of iron toer. The seller of charcoal tap taps his coming on a block of wood.

And there is the watchman. He is armed with a hollow drum of wood and he taps it in different measure to mark the various hours of the night. Plunk, plunk, you can hear the call of the watchman rising from the city at night, but the sound of his drum carries no certain reassurance, no sure meaning of all's well. On the night when Peking was looted, in the silent snatches between the rifle fire rose the sound of the watchman's drum signalling the hours and announcing the peacefulness of the city. He is not on duty to catch thieves or even drive them away as the watchman in some of the Japanese cities. The theory under which the Chinese watchman operates is the sound of his drum will frighten away the spirits of evil and with the spirits of evil absent no self-respecting thief can hope to pull off a successful trick.

I set myself to buy one and all of the street instruments of Peking and after two days of toil I completed the collection. I believe it is a unique one. My success I obtained, however, only at the expense of my reputation for sanity. Every Chinaman in Peking is firmly convinced that I am stark raving mad, for he cannot conceive for what reason I should want the signals of the street vendors. I went far into the West city and down obscure alleys to complete my collection. Wherever I heard the sound of a barber's tuning fork or the crash of a toy seller's gong I followed. No bargain was concluded in the presence of less than a couple hundred of Chinese. When I stopped the various vendors to haggle over prices the curious came running out from every side and stood about three deep to learn what was going on. The barber's emblem was the hardest of all to obtain. I approached at least a dozen barbers before I could get one who would sell the symbol of his trade at any price.

Uncle Sam on the Lookout.

After I had mastered my collection and added a Chinese fiddle and guitar, I boasted that I could supply the production of "The Daughter of Heaven" with all the chief noises of Peking.

"Go up on the Tartar wall at night," said Dr. Morrison, "and see if you can distinguish them from there. That is the test."

Over the wall, even at night, rushes a fearful volume of sound. I was able to pick out a few of the sounds I knew, but the squeaking of wheelbarrows—Chinese wheelbarrows always squeak, for the axles are made of wood—and the clatter of rickshaws made the task difficult. I had finally worked my way around to a quieter part of the wall which was near no gate and I was following the course of a watchman who was making his rounds out towards the west. All of an instant a "Who goes there?" nearly sent me tumbling into the street below. Nobody had told me that the wall was policed by the sentries of the allied legation garrison. I never before in my life had met a sentry and I could not remember what you were supposed to answer to the time-honored query. I stood staring ahead in the darkness trying to conjure up the reply and I suppose the sentry was placed in an equally embarrassing position. I had almost decided on "its only me" when a flash from a book I read as a boy came to me and I said, "Friend." I'm glad it was an American sentry I met. If it had been an Italian I might still be standing on the Tartar wall.

W. J. Bryan in Peking.

Whatever the Democratic chance for success in the United States may be, the party has no chance to carry Peking. A few years ago Bryan—the well known William Jennings—came to Peking and stopped at the Wagons-Lits Hotel. His fame had spread among the Chinese. They had heard that he was the emperor of an American race known as Democrats. The servants of the hotel waited on him hand and foot. He could not turn without brushing against a servant who wished to do something for him. And then came the time of his departure. The men who had done so much for him lined the hall from his room to the front door. He passed them all until opposite the last man in the line. To him he handed a coin valued at 50 cents in our money.

Charles Schwab is the most popular American who ever visited Peking from the Chinese point of view and the most unpopular among the foreign residents. The steel king went from the hotel to the Temple of Heaven in a rickshaw, a distance of about two miles, and on his return handed the coolie $10. On the subsequent days when he came out of the hotel a rickshaw riot always ensued. For a long time after his departure the rickshaw men tried to hold the other foreigners up to the standard of living set by the steel king.

Have Seen Better Days.

Manchus are at a great discount in Peking just now. A young American lady told me that her cook had been a Manchu official and also her butler or number one boy as he is called in China. As the Peking Daily News, a paper published by the Chinese, said "The revolution was a splendid thing for the Manchus, for it gave many of them an opportunity of going to work."

In the old days every Manchu was pensioned by the government. I met today Prince Tsai Tao, a Manchu of high rank, and in fact, first cousin of the little emperor. He seems to have come out of the wreck with enough to keep up a show of splendor, but he was sighing continually for the glory of the dynasty that was. He was sufficiently Westernized to speak a little broken English and wear a straw hat and American shoes which looked somewhat odd beneath the folds of his long Mandarin coat. By the aid of an interpreter I told him of my mission in China and he gladly told me of the court of the forbidden city. I was curious as to the details of a ceremonial audience in the days of the Empress Dowager.

Prince Tells of Court Life.

"The audience hall," said he, "was about 200 feet by 150. The throne of Her Majesty was raised by three steps from a large dias which was raised by six steps. The dias was enclosed by a railing two feet high. In the railing there were two openings, each just wide enough for a person to pass through. In front of the throne was a long table covered with yellow silk. Directly behind this was the throne of the Empress. On the table in front of her was placed a blue vase in such a position that the light coming through it cast a blue shadow on her Majesty's face. Immediately behind the throne was a small screen of carved wood and behind this a larger one. The phoenix and the peony were the chief details in the carving. On each side of the throne were two upright ebony poles on top of which were peacock feathers made into the shape of a fan. The upholstery was entirely of yellow velvet. The ministers and officials knelt on the floor in front of the dais. Those who were holding audience with Her Majesty were allowed to come up the steps of the dais and kneel at the foot of the steps leading to the throne. The official salute to the Empress was the kowtow which consists of kneeling and striking the forehead nine times against the floor."

Summer Palace of the Manchus.

I went out to the Summer palace yesterday, which is distant from the city of Peking about 15 miles. It is there the Empress Dowager spent the greater part of her time. The palace buildings are on the side of a hill which rises sharply from the edge of a great lake. In the center of the lake is a small island which contains a grotto and a plaza. It is connected with the mainland by a bridge.

One of the chief glories of the Summer palace is a houseboat made of marble. Before the Boxer troubles it was filled with wonderful carving, but the Japanese soldiers handled it roughly after the flight of the Empress and it has never been repaired. Another striking bit of palace architecture is the curved bridge known as the jade girdle bridge because with its reflection in the water it makes a perfect circle. The shore of the lake is followed by a zigzagging covered veranda which was the place where the Empress Dowager used to walk. Here and there are pavilions in which she used to rest and have tea. It has been propcsed now that the palace shall be made into a big public park and this may be done or it may be used as a permanent home for the Manchu dynasty.

The palace was under strong sunlight on the day when I paid my visit and I have never seen anything so brilliant as the appearance of the roofs of yellow tiles under the sun. Yellow is the imperial color and in the days of Manchu rule its use was reserved for those in the palace. No other buildings could be roofed with yellow tiles except the Imperial palaces.

Yellow is also the prevailing color used everywhere in the palace decorations. The gardens of the Summer palace, the characteristic fondness of the Chinese for the grotesque. Trees and plants are never allowed by them to grow naturally, but are twisted into odd shapes. Also monsters of white marble or bronze are everywhere used to guard palace entrances. A peculiar beast half dog and half lion, seems to be most popular, but the stag and stork are also often met with. As in the show places of Peking, the palace is now inhabited by a swarm of grafting guides and door tenders. Like Ceylon's isle every prospect pleases and only man is vile.

Chinese Expert Poker Players.

But with the exception of the beggars and rickshaws coolies the Chinese are a pleasant people. They are truly polite. Those you meet in the street always repay a smile with a smile. Despite the fact that the greater part of them feel the struggle for existence as a vital factor in their lives every day there is nothing drab about their lives. The Chinese merchant who sells cloth rises into chanting song to tell the virtues of his wares. Spoken prose binds him too tight.

Actors they are one and all of them. And as gamblers they are "dead game sports." Poker is popular among the Chinese of the upper classes and they play for very high stakes. I have met many Europeans who have played in games with Chinese bloods and they all confess that the Orientals have been the winners. I am told that a sort of mysterious providence watches over them and fills three card flushes and inside straights at critical times.

A Race of Gamblers.

The game of the Chinese player is wide open. He stands for raises to draw four cards to an ace and in other ways conducts himself in discord with our poker theories.

But the final answer seems to be "he wins."

Not only the bloods of China gamble. The rickshaw coolie who goes to the traveling food vendor for his noonday meal gives the vendor a coin and then shakes out a strip of bamboo from a par. If he gets a certain stick he gets double the value of his money. If he draws another he gets none and goes away hungry. When a man begins to gamble with his appetite he is playing for big stakes indeed.

Intimidating Fire Dragons.

I had the fortune to see a fire in the Chinese city. An engine more or less of modern type responded to the call, but was somewhat hampered in its work by the fact that none of the firemen knew where the hydrant was located. This scientific method of fire fighting was supplemented by another that was typically Chinese. An organized band ran around ringing gongs to frighten away the fire devils and waved red flags to call in the earth god to quench the invader. The attitude is characteristic of the Chinese today. They wish to borrow civilization from the West, but maintain their own side by side with it.

HOME HEALTH CLUB

By Dr. David H. Reeder, La Porte, Indiana.

Diabetes:—It is generally believed that diabetes is a disease of the kidneys. It is not, but it is a disease that affects and thus involves the kidneys even to the extent of often diseasing them dangerously.

Sugar produced elsewhere in the body is excreted by the kidneys which irritates those organs to the secretion of urine in such quantities that the enormous increase of their work, long-continued, overstrains them, weakens and causes them to fail, whereupon Bright's disease is superinduced.

Thus it will be seen that while diabetes is not a kidney disease it may bring about kidney disease. Diabetes is simply sugar in the urine and is an evidence, originally of disease elsewhere in the body.

Over eating, crowding the functions of the liver to such an extent that it cannot do its work entirely, will cause diabetes. Pancreatatis, an inflamation of the pancreas, a gland of the abdomen, that resembles a bunch of grapes, hence racemose, commonly called the sweet bread, is another frequent cause of diabetes, and tumor of the brain is another frequent cause.

The pancreas secretes a part of the digestive fluids and in its functions empties into the blood a secretion that neutralizes sugar in the blood and renders it harmless. When this seretion is not sufficient to neutralize the sugar in the blood the kidneys carry it off so long as the quantity is not too great to be thus handled. Otherwise diabetes sets in with the results mentioned.

When diabetes is caused by high-living it is sensible to stop eating so much and of such rich food. Thus the disease is rendered of little consequence by proper and temperate living. Then it will not have the tendency to shorten one's life, more than the usual wear and tear.

The cases of diabetes caused by failure of the pancreatic glands to perform their work, are much more dangerous, and require skillful, careful, and long continued medical treatment that in the nature of things cannot be detailed here. But any case of this kind that come to the notice of the readers of the Home Health Club department, will be taken up by us without fee, and simple practical methods of home treatment will be suggested to the patient through correspondence.

These papers frequently mention the fact, that any affliction not treatable here because of the fact that it would be impracticable by reason of lack of general interest, the case will be looked after, freely and without charge, upon application to the Home Health Club at its headquarters.

In a general way diabetes is more dangerous because of its promotion of complications than in itself as a disease. When it helps a cold to develop into pneumonia; when it makes a case of tuberculosis from an exposure that would not, otherwise have affected any healthy person; when it makes a carbuncle from an ordinary boil, and it often does these things, are circumstances that demand the most serious attention, from patient and physician.

All this for the simple reason that diabetes largely increases the susceptibility of the blood, membranes, glands and organs generally, to the action of disease germs, from inflamation to consumption. This, however, is true of many other abnormal conditions of the human structure, that in themselves and alone, would be comparatively harmless.

Club Notes

Dear Doctor:—I have a lump on the top of my hand, nearly on my wrist, about the size of a nickel. It is bulged out like a marble and seems solid like a bone. Doctor said it was due to a strain. I am 15 years old.

READER.

This lump is undoubtedly what is known as a Ganglion or weeping sinew. It is a fibrous sack containing a watery or jelly-like fluid and may cause pain and even weakness. A simple way to get rid of them is breaking them by a sharp blow. The patient's wrist being flexed over the operator's knee. I have cured many cases by placing the wrist and hand on a book and over the lump another book giving it a smart blow. After one has been broken Witch Hazel extract may be applied and a bandage worn for a few days.

Dear Doctor:—What is acetanilide, and what is the evil effects when used in Laxative Cold Tablets or headache wafers? What is the cause of severe legache in children from six to ten years of age? Is it due to over exercise. CONVOY.

Acetanilide is a dangerous poison and I do not recommend its use. Avoid all remedies that contain it or any other poisons. They are unnecessary and always dangerous. This poison is especially dangerous in cases of phthisis. It is a white crystalline, solid, produced by boiling aniline and glacial acetic acid together for several hours. The crystalline mass is then distilled.

Legache in children is usually due to over-exercise and bad dietetic habits. I have seen an anxious mother start on a mile walk with a child aged 3 years, holding the child by the hand. She would walk rapidly and the child would have to run as fast as its short legs would permit and still it would lag behind, get scolded and jerked for not hurrying. As soon as the run of a mile was ended the child was treated to ice cream, candy and fruit, and yet the mother could not understand why her child was not strong and rugged like my boys are. She does not realize her cruelty and calls me a crank when I told her the truth about her own errors. She thinks it cruel to deny children anything or put them to bed as soon as the lights are needed in the house. Give your child rest; a nap after dinner and to bed not later than 6:30 at evening; give wholesome food at meal time and if anything between meals let it be fruit. The legache will disappear.

All readers of this publication are at liberty to write for information pertaining to the subject of health at any time. Address all communications to the Home Health Club, 5039 Cottage avenue, Chicago, Illinois, U. S. A., with name and address in full and at least four cents in postage.

THE HOUSE FLY.

Bulletin for May by State Board is Highly Commended.

One of the characteristics of the present day campaign for the prevention of disease is the homely, practical way in which the facts are being placed before the public. Many of our State boards—through bulletins—are doing excellent work in this direction. As a result, some popular ideas are being sadly shaken. The little house fly, for instance, has been for years the subject of household poetry, and has been referred to as the harmless and innocent companion of man. The bedbug, on the contrary, has been looked upon with speechless aversion. He has no social standing. Even the mention of his name has not been considered good form in our best circles, while the least suspicion of a speaking acquaintance with him has been regarded with horror. In the May number of the Bulletin of the North Carolina State Board of Health, Dr. Cyrus Thompson, in an article on "Flies and Filth", says: "Now as a matter of unprejudiced fact, barring the sting of the bite and the odor of the encounter, the bedbug is a much more eligible companion than the house fly, whether of bed or of board. But if bedbugs, comparatively cleanly of habit, crawled all over our plates, table and food just as the house flies crawl, fresh from the foulest filth of every pestilential kind, who could eat or even sit at the table for a moment? I am not making a plea for the elevation of the social status of my nocturnal friend, who loves darkness rather than light; but I am declaring that his deeds are not nearly so evil and destructive as those of the house fly." Put this statement before every American housekeeper, and the doom of the typhoid fly is sealed, says the Journal of the American Medical Association. The bedbug has been, for generations, the abomination of the housewife, and the object of her unrelenting warfare. Once convince American women that the fly is more loathsome and dangerous than the bedbug, and the ravages of this typhoid breeder and filth distributor will be over.

Mail Carriers Will Fly.

This is an age of great discoveries. Progress rides on the air. Soon we may see Uncle Sam's mail carriers flying in all directions, transporting mail. People take a wonderful interest in a discovery that benefits them. That's why Dr. King's New Discovery for coughs, colds and other throat and lung diseases is the most popular medicine in America. "It cured me of a dreadful cough," writes Mrs. J. F. Davis, Stickney Corner, Me., "after doctor's treatment and all other remedies had failed." For coughs, colds or any bronchial affection it's unequaled. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free at R. R. Bellamy.

First the Republican party divided into progressive and partisan factions. Then the progressives sub-divided into LaFollette men and Roosevelt men. Now the Roosevelts have divided into bolters and non-bolters. By and by the bolters will divide into a colonel and another fellow, after which the colonel will go off and disintegrate himself by working off the grouch.—New York World.

HUMORS IN THE BLOOD

When the blood becomes infected with any unhealthy humor the effect is shown by some definitely marked disorder like Eczema, Acne, Tetter, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum, etc. Humors get into the blood usually because of an inactive condition of the system. Those members whose duty it is to expel all refuse matter do not properly perform their work, and an unhealthy accumulation is absorbed into the blood. Then instead of performing its natural function of nourishing the skin the circulation irritates and inflames it because of its impure condition. A thorough cleansing of the blood is the only certain cure for any skin disease; external applications can only give temporary relief. S.S.S. goes into the circulation and drives all humors from the blood, and in this way makes a permanent and complete cure in every form of skin trouble. S. S. S. supplies the blood with the nutritive qualities necessary to sustain the skin and preserve its natural texture and perfect appearance. S. S. S. cures Eczema, Acne, Tetter, Salt Rheum, and all other skin eruptions or diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free.

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A NOVEL TRANSPORTATION

World's First Moving Underground Sidewalk—Fat Receivers' Fees —Pure Silk Law Wanted— Restaurant Profits

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, July 13.—A new form of transit, not attempted hitherto in any part of the world, is to be introduced in New York as soon as the actual work of construction can be completed. This was made certain by the action of the Public Service Commission this week authorizing the building of an underground moving sidewalk to extend across Manhattan underneath Thirty-fourth street which has become so congested at the important crossings as to make the progress of pedestrians difficult and at certain hours of the day almost impossible.

The new system which is to have its first practical use here consists of a series of continuous platforms placed side by side but moving at different rates of speed which are so graduated that passengers can pass from one platform to another without inconvenience. Seats will be provided for those who wish to use them, but it is expected that the new transportation line will be used very largely by persons who are going only a block or two and who will prefer to stand. It is claimed that for short distances this is the most rapid system of transportation possible to devise as the vehicle itself never stops while passengers may get on or alight at any point. It is said that the new road will easily be able to handle a million passengers a day. New York already possesses a greater variety of transportation methods than any other city in the world ranging from the old-fashioned horse car to monorail railways and moving stairways and the addition of this unique system will add one more to the many metropolitan ways of overcoming distance.

* * *

How profitable the business of acting as receiver for big corporations has become was strikingly illustrated this week when the courts finally wound up the affairs of a building and loan association that went into bankruptcy ten years ago. The company had a great number of small stockholders. Many of these have died or have been lost sight of in the long period that has elapsed since the crash of the company. Those who have survived the successive delays, however, will receive between twenty and twenty-five cents on each dollar of their investment, the total amount left to them out of $2,500,000 being about $600,000. On the other hand the receivers and attorneys who have devoted their attention more or less intermittently to closing up the business of the defunct company are drawing over $400.000 for their services and expenses. The 12,000 investors in the company, most of whom were clerks, teachers and others of small means, put an average of about $200 each into the company. Of this more than half was dissipated by mismanagement while of the remainder the stockholders will receive between $40 and $50 out of their original investment while the receivers and their attorneys will take $32. While this is a particularly flagrant case and has aroused much attention on account of the size of the fees allowed, there has been many others in which the stockholders have feared even worse. Under the system prevailing the receivers are appointed by the judges and Tammany politicians or lawyers identified with politics usually come in for the big plums. A movement has been started for doing away with this abuse and it is receiving the support of the better element of the bar and of the entire business community.

* * *

A rather unusual warning is now being sounded here in the form of a protest against adulterated silks. Adulterated foods have of course, been known for many years, but few persons have realized the extent to which the adulteration of our silk goods has been carried. Local dealers assert that the industry is seriously threatened by the present lack of legislative measures to compel adulterated silk to be labeled and sold as such. Undoubtedly all women will agree with the point of view of one of the city's largest manufacturers. The most serious part of the whole matter, he states, is not the actual adulteration of the silk, but the selling of it to the average consumer as a pure silk fabric. Adulteration will probably go on indefinitely. There always has been and probably always will be a class of consumers to whom the low price at which weighted silks can be sold is attractive and, in many cases, necessary. But I maintain that the manufacturer whose pure dye product has to compete in price with adulterated silks should receive the benefit of legislation requiring both the manufacturer of the latter goods and the retailer to sell them as such. The adulteration referred to is accomplished by soaking the fabric in a solution containing tin or lead. These metals are absorbed by the cloth, thus greatly increasing its weight.

* * *

To the popular pastime of "putting up a front" has been added a variation which for a brief period engaged the earnest attention of the sleuths employed by one of the large steamship companies to oversee the sailing of their boats. Shortly after the arrival of a boat from Bermuda at the company's pier there appeared a flashily-dressed young man who aroused suspicion by his insistence upon passing the custom's lure to greet an old friend. Being finally allowed to go on board the man immediately sought the steward with whom he entered into earnest conversation. The watchful detective noted that something was hurriedly handed to the steward who then disappeared. As the sleuths were about to take action the steward appeared with two large Bermuda baggage labels which he handed to the suspicious stranger. The latter trailed by the detectives returned at once to the pier and with every evidence of complete satisfaction pasted the labels upon his grip. It was suggested by the witnesses of the episode that he had to "make good" as having been to Bermuda when for reasons unknown he had not actually made the trip and took the unique method of appearing to have done so.

* * *

That the visitor in New York seeking the freely offered sure thing might profitably inquire into the city's restaurant business seems to be borne out by recently published statistics which show that at present but 7,000 restaurants share the enormous sum of $650,000,000 spent for meals each year, an average for each place of about $92,857. The investment represented by each of the 7,000 restaurants is $250,000,000. Some time between 12 and 3 each working day lunch is served to 1,500,000 persons. Breakfasts to the number of 500,000 are eaten in restaurants every morning, about 1,000,000 dinners are served and in the closing hours of the day some 500,000 suppers are required. According to these figures 3,500,000 meals every 24 hours are certain of a "market" which is so constant as to make the demand a mathematical certainty. The restaurants supplying this demand range from the poorest lunch rooms purveying a variety of dishes at from one to five cents up to lobster palaces where a meal costs $10. The "quick lunch" places and moderate priced restaurants predominate. In the former the average price of a meal is 25 cents, and in the latter from 25 cents for breakfast to 50 cents for dinner. Grouping all sorts of restaurants together the average cost per meal is something more than half a dollar, or about $1,800,000 per day. Visible evidence abundantly bear out the contention that the restaurant business is a sure thing since among the moderate priced restaurants there are few failures. Eating places that are far from satisfactory continue to do business year after year with no improvement in service or viands. Failures seem to be confined to pretentious places where a large amount of capital is invested and trade sought among the wealthy. The "beanery", "quick lunch" and moderate priced restaurants continue to multiply and flourish with no special effort beyond keeping the front door open and, after a fashion, dispelling the pangs of hunger.

—LONGACRE.

TOURNAMENT THIS WEEK.

Interstate Association for the Encouragement of Trap Shooting.

The Interstate Association for the Encouragement of Trap Shooting, the parent organization of the trap shooting fraternity in America, has registered a tournament for Wilmington, N. C., on July 17th,-18th, under the auspices of the New Hanover Gun Club. Unlike baseball and similar sports, trap shooting has not been given the publicity that such a clean, wholesome sport should receive. It is essentially a gentlemen's sport, and includes among its thousands of supporters men of all professions. The great majority of sport-loving Americans haven't the slightest conception of the magnitude of the recreation and the tournament to be held in this city will go a long way towards impressing the public with the scope of the pastime and the type of men who follow it. The tournament will be one of 250 registered events of the season's campaign of the Interstate Association, an organization which not only contributes its moral, but also its financial support to an incomparable sport. For 1912 the Association has arranged to contribute $20,000 to the tournaments given under its auspices throughout the country. This large sum is distributed to fixtures in every section, and is bound to attract to the gatherings the highest quality of marksmen in the land. The tournaments as operated by the Interstate Association are exclusively for amateurs, the professionals being on hand to demonstrate their skill only and show that America has the best class of marksmen in the world. The display of these men are a splendid attraction and form a potent card. Marvelous records are accredited to the experts, one top-notcher having a record of more than 500 consecutive breaks of clay targets at unknown angles. The programme has been devised for amateurs exclusively, and competition will surely be acute among the local shotgune men.

TRANSCONTINENTAL ROUTE

American Automobile Association Laying Out Route for Tourists

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, July 13.—The transcontinental route which the Touring Information Board of the American Automobile Association is charting from Chicago through Milwaukee, St. Paul and Minneapolis to Seattle, has now been carried into central Montana. A. L. Westgard, the A. A. A. official representative, left New York on June 11th in a "Pathfinder" car, with the expectation of being at the Good Roads convention at Anaconda, Montana, in a little less than a month from the time of his start. He followed the general line of the Northern Pacific Railway from Minneapolis through Fargo and Bismark, North Dakota, reaching Glendive, Montana, after traversing the "Bad Lands" of North Dakota.

Mr. Westgard wires the Touring Information Bureau that Montana "looks good" to him, and that he received enthusiastic receptions at Glendive and Billings. Up to last accounts, New York air was in each one of the four tires as there had not been even a puncture so far.

After attending the Good Roads Convention in Anaconda, Mr. Westgard will pass through Missoula and cross the Bitter Route range into western Washington at Spokane. It is not yet decided whether he will continue the trip northwest from Spokane and enter Seattle by the short route through Snoqualmie Pass, or whether he will go down from Spokane to the Columbia river and follow what would probably be an easier route through the Dalles to Portland. If the latter is decided upon, he will go from Portland to Seattle and Tacoma, and afterward retrace his route to Portland, before starting south through Western Oregon and Northern California to Sacramento and San Francisco.

Insect Bite Costs Leg.

A Boston man lost his leg from the bite of an insect two years before. To avert such calamities from stings and bites of insects use Bucklen's Arnica Salve promptly to kill the poison and prevent inflammation, swelling and pain. Heals burns, boils, ulcers, piles, eczema, cuts, bruises. Only 25 cents at R. R. Bellamy.

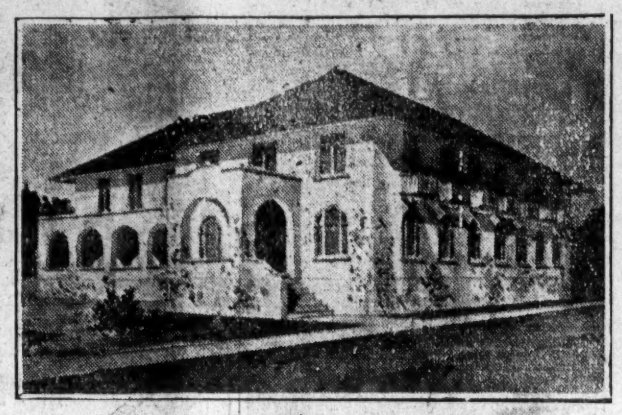
Fights Tuberculosis as Matter of Business

Fraternal Society Expending Million Dollars

NEW CENTRAL BUILDING AT MODERN WOODMEN SANATORIUM AT COLORADO SPRINGS

Improvements costing $300,000 will be made during 1912 at the free tuberculosis sanatorium maintained near Colorado Springs, Colo., by the Modern Woodmen of America, a fraternal insurance society. Permanent structures erected will include a central building and receiving hospital, the former 220 x 120 feet and the latter 85 x 100 feet. Both will be of heavy fireproof construction. A power and heating plant will supply electricity and steam to all parts of the grounds. The present number of tent-cottages will be doubled, giving facilities to care for approximately 400 patients. When completed the sanatorium will have cost more than a million dollars.

This institution is the only one of its kind that makes no charge for treatment of tuberculosis, insurance saved warranting the expenditure involved. Inauguration of the improvements mentioned mark the passing of the experimental stage. Though it has been in operation but a short time the sanatorium already has justified its existence in the mere matter of dollars and cents by prolonging the lives of members of the society, thus proving that it is a practical philanthropy. Of greater importance, however, than the actual curing of disease is the educational feature, patients going out from the institution proving most effective missionaries to warn others and to teach the doctrine of right living.



RECEIVING HOSPITAL

SOUTH SHOULD ADVERTISE

Representative of Holland Immigrants Who Are Coming South

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, July 13.—Baron H. D. W. Hooft, of Rotterdam, Holland, is here conferring with Senator Duncan U. Fletcher and Dr. C. J. Owens, president and managing director of the Southern Commercial Congress, concerning immigration of Dutch and Belgian farmers to the Southern States.

The Baron, who belongs to one of the most ancient and wealthy noble families of Holland, is organizing the European Mortgage Company, of Rotterdam, to finance Dutch and Belgian farmers who wish to take up Southern farm lands. Already some of these immigrants have settled in Florida, and more are to be sent soon from Amsterdam and Rotterdam to other Southern States.

"The South should advertise its immense opportunities in Europe, like Canada and some of the Western States are doing," declared the Baron. He says the South offers to the European farmer, who wishes to emigrate, the best chance in the world to become independent. He is making it part of his emigration propaganda in Holland and Belgium to tell his countrymen of the wonderful possibilities for European settlers in the Southern States.

"Some two years ago," said the Baron, "I was in Amsterdam in the Amitel Hotel and met an American who told me of the opportunities in the South. My interest was aroused and after a trip to Florida two years ago I interested many friends in the emigration project. We have sent some farmers to Florida where they are doing well, and will soon send others. I have succeeded in making Florida and other Southern States well-known in Holland. When I return to Holland I will make a report to the Dutch Minister of Foreign Affairs on the possibilities existing for our immigrants in this section of the United States, and of the great work the Southern Commercial Congress is doing in developing the Southern States."

Many a man who is rich in experience is unable to raise the price of a square meal.

Even good intentions prove too much of a burden for some men to carry.

It's a good plan to believe only half you hear, then forget half of that.

Fresh people usually consider themselves the salt of the earth.

Even the bookworm turns—after finishing the page.

Mothers, Attention!

Dr. Biggers' Huckleberry Cordial should be kept on hand as a first aid cure for summer bowel troubles, diarrhoea, dysentery, cramp colic, cholera morbus and all agonizing pains resulting from eating green fruit. A few doses of Dr. Biggers' Huckleberry Cordial will prevent any danger and cure you at once.

Dr. Biggers' Huckleberry Cordial is an old southern remedy, tested and tried in thousands of homes. Try it; 25c and 50c at all drug stores. Send for Confederate Veterans' Souvenir Book. FREE

Haltiwanger-Taylor Drug Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Thirst Content

Every day—many times a day, it just seems as if nothing would satisfy.

Drink

Coca-Cola

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

There's nothing like it.

It's as wholesome as *pure* water, and quenches the thirst as nothing else will.

Delicious—Refreshing Wholesome

Demand the Genuine—Refuse Substitutes

THE COCA-COLA CO.

ATLANTA, GA.

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Free Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola vindication at Chattanooga, for the asking.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

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Featherweight Coats and Pants, $12.50 to.....$22.50

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Big reduction in Shirt Waists and Skirts.

White Rock Shoe Cleaner, for white shoes.

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Wood's Mowing Machines

WIRE FENCING, NAILS, ETC.

We are unloading and distributing today the above in three States—North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia: Twenty-Four Mowing Machines, Twelve Hay Racks, Twenty-Seven Hundred Pounds of Repairs, Four Hundred Rods of Wire Fencing. Very fair one-day's shipment—don't you think so?

We are doing the Business—and don't you forget it.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.

Purcell Building. Wilmington, N. C.

"THE WHITEST PAINT MADE"

"TENACITY"

Used by those who Know Good Paint and Demand the ——BEST——

The White That NEVER Turns Yellow. Manufactured and Guaranteed by

Atlantic Paint and Varnish Works

21 MARKET STREET.

THE APPEAL OF DEMOCRACY

Hon. E. J. Justice Writes Forcible Address to Young Men of North Carolina—New and Cleaner Methods Needed

(By Hon. E. J. Justice).

Greensboro, N. C., July 13.—The subject is a vital one, and is above partisan politics and mere officeholding. We have progressed to the place where there has opened a new era in politics and sentimentality and prejudice will no longer obscure abuse and error in government.

Many of our older men will have to discard some prejudices and habits of their lives to release the tremendous importance of the new order.

The old machine methods of naming candidates, and writing laws with but slight regard for the desires and interest of the masses, and relying on torch light processions, barbecues and corruption funds to arouse the people to support a mere party name, will not longer be effective.

It is rather the rule than the exception that when the antiquated political methods are resorted to that the response of the ordinary citizen is, "I am not greatly interested in politics, does not make any real difference to me who wins, the results are the same."

The young men realize that this condition exists because there is not enough real substance in political contests, and that it is the fault of false leadership and methods, and machinery that should have been discarded.

The people are all right, but much of their machinery for running their government should have reached the scrap heap long ago.

The local political boss who has no higher ideal in politics than to dispense patronage should be as much out of place in this modern era as the old wooden plow or the first steam engine.

Political parties should be mere means to definite and desirable ends.

Political parties are necessary, first because it is in this way alone that men who think alike may act together; and they deserve to live only when they are means to desirable ends. It is when they respond to the demands of society and prevent representative government from becoming in fact misrepresentative that they inspire the interest and patriotism of the people, and deserve their support and sacrifice. The young men in North Carolina are modern in their educations and political ideals, and they have their faces turned with hope and courage to the future. They must have a political programme for betterment or they will not work.

Let all young men who refuse to respond to the mere party name, and refuse to believe that under the present system government derives its real powers from the consent of the governed adopt as their motto: Inviniam viam aut faciam. (I will find a way or make one), and execute it in a spirit of patriotism and service, and succeeding generations will rise to call them blessed.

The young men and the old now recognize that the powers of government and of wealth are concentrated in the hands of a favored few until we have a money oligarchy more burdensome to America than is aristocracy to England. The older men are inclined to stop with a voice of protest and be appalled with hopelessness and despair at present conditions, but the contemplation of less than one hundred men controlling more than half the wealth of this country assembled by dishonest means under the law is a call to arms to the young men.

The contemplation of sycophants, cowards and grafters in legislative halls (both State and National) kissing the hands that rob the poor should arouse the fighting spirit of young men.

This is the real appeal of Democracy to young men.

en—

The man who advocates stealing under the forms of law, if he and his folks are given a part of the loot, or who will run up the white flag in a fight for principle in order to hold or secure political office has no proper place in public life, and the call to the young men is to see that what ought not to be will not be.

What I have said leads me to consider what I believe to be the best means to be employed by the young men to provide themselves an opportunity for service.

I repeat political parties are necessary. New parties are never formed except in times of political revolution. It is generally easier to referm an old party than to form a new one.

What can the young man in North Carolina do to accomplish most in politics?

I write not as a partisan, but as a citizen who desires them to accomplish the greatest good for all the people.

The Republican party has in it so large a number of promunet men whose sole reason for being Republicans is the opportunity to revel in the Federal patronage that this alone makes it undesirable as an instrument to accomplish public good, and through which to work reforms.

Besides this, the Republican party has taught the theory of protection of classes at the expense of larger classes so long that this tnet of its faith is its controling idea.

I freely admit that the organized machinery of the party has at times been used not for, but against the peoples' interests, but it has never been done when an open and aggressive fight has been made within the party to prevent it. The masses of the Democratic voters in North Carolina have never been appealed to in vain in favor of intelligent and patriotic action for the general good.

When the peoples' will has not been the party law of the Democratic party, it has been when interested agents of special privilege have concealed their connections, and have, as slate-makers and wire-pullers, worked against by indirection, and by underground methods to accomplish their ends.

The real Democratic party in North Carolina is not in favor of serving the few at the expense of the many. It really believes in equal rights. It is against tariff protection, subsidies, trusts and corruption in politics. The fight for the right is as old as the civilized world, and must continue till the millenium. The victory in each generation depends on the efficiency of of the fighters. Let those who prefer the right be indolent and the battle is lost to the wrong side.

All those who are real friends to the Democratic party will welcome to its councils and to its battles the young and virile manhood of the State. If they see wrongs that should be righted let them right them. If they see the interests intrenched in power in the upper branch of the General Assembly session after session, let them expose the real conditions and work reforms. If they see the party in the State or any county ttolerating wrong because it is practiced in the party name, let them teach that he is the best Democrat who tries hardest to make his party better. If they find the party anywhere suffering for the right kind of leader, let them in the spirit of service undertake the task of leading. This is the appeal I believe Democracy is making to young men. It is an appeal that older men are making, and it is the kind of service they will welcome.

There are many older men, the heroes of many battles, who are in full sympathy with the fight, and who are real leaders, but they are wise enough to see the necessity for the help of younger men, and generous to welcome it.

DECIDE YOURSELF

The Opportunity Is Here, Backed by Wilmington Testimony

Don't take our word for it.

Don't depend on a stranger's statement.

Read Wilmington endorsement.

Read the statements of Wilmington citizens.

And decide for yourself.

Here is one case of it:

W. L. Benson, 620 S. Second street, Wilmington, N. C., says: "I cheerfully re-endorse Doan's Kidney Pills and confirm the statement I gave in their praise in February, 1908. My back ached nearly all the time and I could not straighten after stooping or lifting without having a sharp pain in my loins. Mornings when I got up, I was very lame and sore and I noticed that the kidney secretions contained sediment. Soon after I used Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Bellamy's drug store, I felt better in every way and it was not long before I was enjoying the best of health. My advice to anyone suffering from kidney complaint is to try Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

$22,000 PRIZE FOR WORLD'S FASTEST MOTOR BOAT

The Wm. Wrigley Jr. Trophy for the power boat championship of the world represents over $22,000. It is a perpetual trophy to be won each year by the club whose moter speed boat entry makes the best three out of five races in competition open to the world, free for all boats under 40 feet in length.

It is a reproduction in silver of a "Flying Mercury" presenting to Neptune a hydroplane motor speed boat. Neptune with his trident, dolphins and water surrounding are in bronze. The round pedestal is of green marble. The figure of Mercury and the model speed boat contain 1,000 ounces of sterling silver. The trophy stands 5 feet 5 inches high. The base is 47 inches in diameter.

Mr. Wrigley will provide annually a replica of this big $5,000 trophy, which becomes the personal property of the winner of each year's races. To provide this trophy annually will require an endowment of about $17,500, thus giving Mr. Wrigley's trophy a value of about $22,000. In addition to these prizes are a $1,500 cash prize for the winner and a $500 cash prize for the second boat.

The first races will be held at Chicago during the Water Carnival and Naval Review, Aug. 10 to 17 inclusive, 1912. It is expected that there will be boats from all over the world.

Water Carnival week at Chicago will include the other races in the Fourth Annual Regatta of the Western Power Boat Association, the International Yacht Race between the Royal Canadian Yacht Club of Toronto and the Chicago Yacht Club, the Lipton Cup Races of Columbia Yacht Club, fireworks displays, naval parades, swimming and diving contests and exhibitions by sailors, marines and naval reserves.

In all the competitions there will be handsome trophies or liberal cash prizes. William Hale Thompson, Commodore, Associated Yacht and Power Boat Clubs, Chicago, will be glad to supply information.

HAPPY THO' MARRIED?

There are unhappy married lives, but a large percentage of these unhappy homes are due to the illness of the wife, mother or daughter. The feelings of nervousness, the befogged mind, the ill-temper, the pale and wrinkled face, hollow and circled eyes, result most often from those disorders peculiar to women. For the woman to be happy and good-looking she must naturally have good health. Dragging-down feelings, hysteria, hot-flashes or constantly returning pains and aches—are too great a drain upon a woman's vitality and strength. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription restores weak and sick women to sound health by regulating and correcting the local disorders which are generally responsible for the above distressing symptoms.

MRS. DICKOVER.

"I suffered greatly for a number of years and for the past three years was so bad that life was a misery to me," writes MRS. B. F. DICKOVER, of Utica, Ohio, Route 4. "The doctors told me I would have to go to a hospital before I would ever be better. A year ago this winter and spring I was worse than ever before. At each period I suffered like one in torment. I am the mother of six children. I was so bad for five months that I knew something must be done, so I wrote to Dr. R. V. Pierce, telling him as nearly as I could how I suffered. He outlined a course of treatment which I followed to the letter. I took two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and one of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and a fifty-cent bottle of 'Smart-Weed,' and have never suffered much since. I wish I could tell every suffering woman the world over what a boon Dr. Pierce's medicines are. There is no use wasting time and money doctoring with anything else or any one else."

The Medical Adviser by R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y., answers hosts of delicate questions about which every woman, single or married ought to know. Sent *free* on receipt of 31 stamps to pay for wrapping and mailing only.

BASE BALL GOODS FISHING TACKLE

Fruit Jars!

The season for Fruit Jars is most here and the outlook is good for a large Fruit Crop, so place your orders NOW, so you will be prepared to furnish your trade as soon as they begin to call for these goods. We have a large stock of Fruit Jars, all sizes, Jar Rubbers in black, white and red, and Jar Caps.

We can fill your wants in this line same day order is received. A pleasure to quote you prices on these goods.

J. W. Murchison & Co.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE

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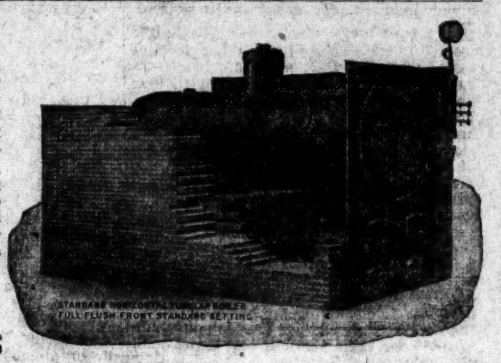
Boilers & Engines

We have the stock for quick shipments on our machinery yards. Prices lower than ever. It pays to deal direct with us on all machinery and iron goods.

Wilmington Iron Works



Stock In Our Retail Department at Cost for Cash!

AS WE DISCONTINUE OUR

Retail Department When Stock Now on Hand is Closed Out

Retiring Then from that branch of our business, and from Then on devoting our entire time to our WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT. We offer for sale our

Entire Retail Stock at Cost For Cash

The sale beginning with the opening of our store this morning, Thursday, June 13th, and continuing until said stock shall have been disposed of. Our Retail Stock is Complete at this time, embracing as it does Shoes made by the well known factories of

JAMES A. BANISTER CO., UPHAM BROS. and EXCELSIOR SHOE CO.—Shoes for Men.

ZIEGLER BROS., SMALTZ-GODWIN and the LA FRANCE.—Shoes for Ladies.

AND A COMPLETE LINE—For Boys and Girls.

No goods will be Charged, Sent Out on Approval or Laid Aside—Each article Absolutely Sold for Cash.

In retiring from the Retail Field in Wilmington we do so with personal regret, as we have been identified in this line of trade for over Ninety Years—but we appreciate the fact that Wilmington and her surrounding territory is fast growing, and the Trade demands the services of an

EXCLUSIVE JOBBING HOUSE

GEORGE R. FRENCH & SONS

THE WEEK'S NEWS IN BRIEF

Important Happenings, Day by Day, Compiled and Republished for the Benefit of the Busy Man and the Week-End Reader—New York Markets for Each Day of the Six.

SUNDAY.

Senator-elect Ollie James called on Governor Wilson at Seagirt, N. J., yesterday and it was decided that the formal notification of the Governor's nomination should take place at Seagirt, August 7th.

Engineer Thos. C. Beach was fatally hurt and 50 people more or less seriously injured yesterday afternoon when Southern passenger train No. 36 collided head-on with a freight engine in the Greensboro, N. C. yards.

The Lorimer case entered its final stage yesterday when debate relative to the second trial was begun in the Senate. A vote will be reached about the latter part of the week.

Col. Roosevelt declared last night that the Progressive movement will be the keynote of his campaign. The call for his National convention is complete, he said, and will be issued Monday.

Revised figures yesterday placed the number of dead at 26 and the number of injured at 36 in the Ligonier Valley Railroad wreck.

Congressman Underwood's campaign managers issued a "valedictory address" yesterday, declaring themselves well satisfied with the results of the campaign. Wilson's success will depend in large measure on Mr. Underwood's leadership in the House, they say.

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Flour quiet and easier. Wheat, spot easy; No. 2 red 1.14 1-4 elevator, domestic basis and export 1.15 3-4 f.o.b. afloat, both to arrive. Corn, spot steady; export 80 f.o.b. afloat. Turpentine easy. Rosin quiet.

TUESDAY.

The House will begin consideration of the Archbald impeachment report today, it being made immediate business yesterday. There is some political difference in the Senate as to the time for beginning the trial.

It became known yesterday that a movement had been started to petition President Taft to withdraw as the Republican nominee in the interest of party harmony, if the movement gains any volume Roosevelt will also be asked to compromise.

Former Judge Robert S. Hudspeth told Governor Wilson yesterday he could not accept the National chairmanship in the event he were selected and it is thought now that the Democratic nominee will undoubtedly select Wm. F. McCombs for the place.

Leaders in the Roosevelt campaign in this State met yesterday in Greensboro and decided to submit the question as to who was the rightful nominee of the party to the Republican voters.

Reports read yesterday before the National Educational Association in session at Chicago showed deplorable conditions in rural schools.

Senator Fletcher, of Florida, severely arraigned Roosevelt yesterday while speaking in defense of Senator Lorimer.

The American team at Stockholm won more laurels yesterday, carrying off all three places in the 800 metres race and breaking world's records.

The Camorrists who have been on trial at Viterbo, Italy, for two years, were yesterday adjudged guilty in varying degrees. Pandemonium broke loose when the accused men heard the verdict.

New York markets: Money on call firm, 2 1-2 to 3 per cent; ruling rate 3. Spot cotton closed steady. Flour quiet. Wheat, spot weak; No. 2 red 1.12 3-4 to 1.14 3-4 elevator domestic basis to arrive and export 1.14 3-4 f.o.b. afloat to arrive. Corn, spot easy; export 79 1-4 f.o.b. afloat. Turpentine quiet. Rosin easy.

WEDNESDAY.

James B. Reynolds and Chas. D. Hilles were yesterday elected secretary and chairman respectively, of the Republican National Committee and the campaign for the re-election of President Taft will be formally launched today.

Counsel for Judge Archbald, of the Commerce Court, against whom articles of impeachment have been reported in the House, yesterday issued a statement asking the public to suspend opinion in his case until he has had an opportunity to present his defense to the Senate.

Governor Wilson was in conference yesterday afternoon with Samuel Gompers and other labor leaders. The Democratic platform was discussed and Mr. Gompers expressed himself as being perfectly satisfied with it.

The bodies of 69 victims of explosion in an English colliery yesterday were recovered and it is believed a further search of the mine will increase the death toll to 80.

The movement to petition Taft to withdraw as the Republican candidate was only a flash in the pan. Very few Senators or Representatives could be found yesterday who knew anything about the plans.

Yesterday was another big day at the Olympic games, the 400 meter relay race furnishing the greatest sensation of the meet.

The Democratic State Committee of North Carolina at Raleigh last night elected Hon. C. A. Webb, of Asheville, as chairman. The adoption of rules for the Senatorial primary next November provoked a heated discussion.

New York markets: Money on call firmer, 2 7-8 to 3 1-2 per cent.; ruling rate 2 7-8. Spot coton closed steady. Flour quiet and lower. Wheat, spot steady; No. 2 red 1.13 to 1.15 elevator domestic basis to arrive and export 1.15 f.o.b. afloat. Corn, spot strong, export 81 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Turpentine easy. Rosin quiet.

THURSDAY

Senator Tillman yesterday sought to launch a movement in the Senate to have the government provide for the greatest battleship the world can ever construct and cease competing with other powers.

E. T. Fairchild, of Topeka, Kas., was yesterday elected president of the National Education Association after a heated contest, his opponent, Miss Grace Strachan, of New York, charging unfair tactics had been used.

Many delegates to the Prohibition Convention which opened at Atlantic City, N. J., yesterday favor a more aggressive attitude, and the other political parties were roundly denounced by Temporary Chairman Clinton N. Howard in his keynote speech.

Two alienists, giving the concluding expert testimony at the Thaw hearing yesterday testified that in their opinion Harry K. Thaw is now sane.

Men prominent in the councils of the Progressive party made it known yesterday that the convention in Chicago will likely declare for an immediate downward revision of the tariff.

Representatives Hill and Reilly, of Connecticut, yesterday engaged in a warm debate in the House and almost came to blows before the incident was closed.

The right of Senator Lorimer to his seat in the Senate will probably be decided within the next 48 hours, as he will begin the closing plea today and a vote will be taken when he has concluded.

New York markets: Money on call firm, 3 to 3 1-2 per cent; ruling rate 3. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour about steady. Wheat, spot firm; No. 2 red 1.16 elevator domestic basis to arrive and export 1.16 f.o.b. afloat to arrive. Corn, spot firm; export 82 1-4 afloat. Turpentine easy. Rosin quiet.

FRIDAY.

Senator William Lorimer yesterday began his speech defending his title to a seat in the United States Senate, his argument bristling with attacks on his newspaper and political enemies.

The lines were drawn last night for a great diplomatic struggle between the United States and Great Britain over the administration of the Panama canal.

The House yesterday adopted by a vote of 272 to 1 the articles of impeachment preferred against Judge Robert W. Archbald and the case now goes to the Senate for trial.

The National Education Association in session at Chicago yesterday practically concluded all business, Salt Lake City, Utah, being selected as the next meeting place.

Governor Wilson last night denied himself to callers and completed the rough draft of his message to the National Committee, which contains his preference for chairman of the committee and suggestions in regard to the coming campaign.

The American athletes at Stockholm took the lion's share of the contests yesterday and increased their lead over all other nations.

In about two weeks Col. Roosevelt will begin the campaign trips which are to carry him into every State of the Union in an effort to secure Progressive electors, Kansas, Iowa and Michigan being placed first on the list as they will shortly hold primaries.

New York markets: Money on call firm, 3 1-4 to 3 1-2 per cent.; ruling rate 3 1-4. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour quiet. Wheat spot irregular; No. 2 red 1.13 1-2 to 1.15 1-2 elevator domestic basis to arrive and export 1.15 1-2 f.o.b. afloat to arrive. Corn, spot firm; export 82 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Turpentine steady. Rosin quiet.

SATURDAY.

The National Prohibition Convention yesterday nominated Eugene W. Chafin, of Arizona, and Aaron S. Watkins, of Ohio, as the party's candidates for President and Vice President, respectively, this being the same ticket which was placed in the field in 1908.

The Senate again failed yesterday to take a vote on the Lorimer case and recessed until 10 o'clock this morning out of consideration for the accused Senator. Senator Lorimer made a bitter attack on John W. Kern.

By a far reaching interpretation of the immigration laws by Secretary Nagel, all bars restricting the admission of foreign born children of naturalized citizens were swept away yesterday.

Two prominent LaFollette men will call on Governor Wilson today and it is said they will support the Democratic nominee. Champ Clark will also call on the Governor this afternoon.

Wm. J. Burns, the detective, who was a star witness at the South Carolina dispensary probe yesterday, claimed he had evidence that Governor Cole L. Blease had pardoned a man for $2,000 and was guilty of other grafting.

Col. Roosevelt declared yesterday that the idea of sectionalism would not be tolerated in the new party, and said the movement was nation-wide.

American athletes won two events at the Olympic games at Stockholm yesterday, these being the 110 meters race and the broad jump. A Boston boy was disqualified, and for a few minutes an international clash was threatened.

New York markets: Money on call firm, 2 3-4 to 3 3-8 per cent; ruling rate 3 1-4; closing bid 2 3-4; offered at 3. Spot cotton closed steady. Flour steady. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 1.14 to 1.16 elevator export basis to arrive and export 1.16 f.o.b. afloat. Corn, spot firm; export 83 1-2 f.o.b. Turpentine firm. Rosin quiet.

HEART TALKS

(By T. W. C.)

An ancient Greek philosopher, I think it was Pythagoras, attributed the superiority of mankind over all other created things to the perfection of the human hand, so delicately constructed for its manifold accomplishments. That was in the period when the answer to the riddle of the universe was sought in the simple elements—when one called it fire, another water—when, in fact, all the powers of nature were defied, and the mind knew nothing which the eye saw not, or even guessed of "Stars beyond the stars."

* * *

It is strange that a man will go around all the days of his short life, burdened alike with the weight of his superiority and his inferiority. It would seem almost that there is a realization there in the—shall I say—soul? lying too deep for objective knowledge, yet somehow felt that we have come from the lowest and are destined to the highest—individually—that we are in a mere transitory state. We pause for a fugacious space here, we feel our souls expand beneath some gorgeous sunset—feel our hearts thrill beneath some close human experience and then we go on, with only the consciousness of the thrill or the expansion. Perhaps.

I do not know.

* * *

It is not unthinkable that lives are like the hardier perennials which stand to the last before the final whirlwinds, with only the rows and rows of branches to tell how many seasons they have weathered—to tell how many delicate vines have clung to their sturdy branches; how many lovers have gathered violets by their cool trysting-place nights they have looked out on the star-sown mysteries of heaven.

A whole year's growth of a giant oak, is mangled by a hapless gale, and so let us believe a lifetime (one small round of growth is the cycles of ages) may be blighted with the breath of Destiny, and that in the complete growth of lives it will not be apparent.

It is not the calamity itself nor the enormity of it which counts, but rather the way we take hold again, and the strength with which we see through to the intimate completion; because "Nothing walks with aimless feet; and not one Life shall be destroyed."

* * *

There is something within that draws us upward. Tho' I have heard said that civilization, the gift of the ages, is but a veneer, I do not believe it. It seems to me a matter of actual growth. Anatomists tell us that any new line of thought enlarges and changes the formation of brain cells. Then: How can man be the same as he was at the Dawn of the Ages?

I have heard it debated that evolution is not essentially toward the desirable, that even in civilization itself it is an open question whether the Aborigenes with their simple nomadic lives were not happier than we victims of the complexities of civilization. Happy? Well, probably not. But what is happiness? It is the chief aim of existence, or a snare for the senses? Is it the greatest thing in the world, or a mere ephemeral gratification?

Let us see. The dictionary says it is "enjoying pleasure or good—successful, prosperous, lucky, satisfied!" Ah! There we have it! Satisfied! When we settle down to being satisfied, ambition and achievement are precluded, we cease to grow or develop. We stagnate.

So, man's days are short and full of trouble, and "we look before and after, and sigh for what is not, and all our lightest laughter, with some grim pain is fraught!

And all our moments of meditation are filled up with the why and the wherefore of life, till we scarcely have time to be glad of "Small sweet things—a flower, a child, a little book!"

GINGER ALE VS. BEER.

Carbonated Beverage Put Up in New England Already Popular.

As Chartreuse long ago acknowledged the ascendency of beer, so beer is more and more yielding to the inroads made upon its territory by the wholesome, harmless and wholly democratic beverage known as ginger ale. The fact that the Clicquot Club Company put out every year 10,000,000 bottles of this popular drink implies a change in the industrial centre of gravity and puts a fair feather in the industrial cap of New England. This section of the country is evidently leading the way in the production of carbonated beverages that would pass the muster of Dr. Wiley himself as they go into the bottle, and are guaranteed to "cheer without inebriating" when they come out of it.

But it was not always thus. Half a century ago ginger ale was produced only in Ireland, and Belfast stood forth as its originator. The world wanted the drink, and America had to import it, paying an import duty of 21 cents on every dozen bottles for the privilege. By and by it was found possible to make the beverage in this country and have it fresh instead of ancient when the moment came for uncorking.

This opportunity came through the discovery some 30 years ago at Millis, Mass., of one of the finest artesian springs in the country, giving out waters as pure as any liquid known, and issuing from the ground at the temperature at which carbonate of soda gas can be most properly mixed. Right over this spring the Clicquot Club Company established their works, and today, such has been the extraordinary success of the enterprise, they have a floor space of 100,000 square feet devoted to the manufacture of ginger ale, and are turning out a daily output of 60,000 bottles, or 7,500 gallons of that beverage.

There is ginger ale and ginger ale. Some makers of the drink use saccharin, glucose, tartaric acid, citrol, phosphate acid, coal tar colors and even soap bark, not to mention other deleterious or inferior chemical extracts largely made from coal tar in order to save in the cost of production. Not so the purveyors of the National drink at Millis. They employ the purest and best grade of fine cane sugar, the best grade of Jamaica of limes and lemons, combined with a minute amount of red pepper to give the requisite degree of pungency. In this way the company find it possible to dispense with everything in the nature of preservatives, and are actually in this respect in advance of the government food laws, since they do not even avail themselves of the permission to use benzoate of soda. Nor is the best granulated sugar good enough for them—they have their sugar specially made to order without bluing; the ginger is the very best of the new younger ginger root, and all the flavorings are made in a spotless laboratory under the personal supervision of W. A. Washburn, a graduate of the Massachusetts Pharmaceutical school.

For the filling, packing and dispatching of the bottles many wonderful mechanisms are employed by the company. After being thoroughly cleansed the bottle is placed upon a small shelf, and down to its mouth come three tubes. One of these tubes comes direct from the large sanitary glass-lined kettles in which the ginger extract is made in the laboratory. An exact amount of extract of the ginger and lemon with the sweetening extract is dropped into the bottle and automatically the valves close. Then comes the cold stream of water pumped direct from the deep artesian well. The carbonating gas flows into the right proportion and immediately another arm fastens on an air-tight cap.

From this machine the bottles in cases are slowly submerged in a great pool of steaming water. Occasionally a cap is not affixed to the bottle in such a way as to make it air tight. But as soon as the bottle is submerged in the hot bath, its contents expand with a rush and unless the top is air tight small bubbles will appear on the pool's surface.

If these bottles were allowed to go into the market they would gradually leak the precious carbonating gas and the buyer would find the contents flat. As it is, a bottle, when opened, will effervesce for over an hour; in fact, Clicquot ginger ale can be poured out and the beverage will sparkle and effervesce for an hour in an open glass without losing its snap and tang.

The bottles move on over their railroad to the labeling machine, which operates much like a printing press, its almost human hand securely affixing the well known label. More white garbed men then take the bottle much like egg candlers handle eggs. They hold them to the light and if any foreign substances are noted or the proper coloring is not present, the bottles are quickly thrown one side.

So perfect are the various processes employed, however, that seldom are any of the bottles found to be imperfect. A high standard has been set for Clicquot, and with the growing popularity of Clicquot Club its manufacturers are insistent that their brand shall maintain its position as leader in its field.

ANENT MAN.

By T. C. W.

A man is a man and can take his place in the world of men, so long as he does not outrage the world of decency by wearing a shiny collar or doing other little things, which even eccentricity doesn't excuse. Man overlooks much in a man.

A woman is different. The woman may affect brains. She may run to clothes. She may be a fair damsel, or a shop girl, or a manicurist. She may be a "sweet little thing", made for fondling, or she may be the "un-feminine woman" with a possible career. She may be the frivolous Summer girl with a long string of beaux or she may be the angular female of "uncertain age" who don't care how she looks but prides herself on "doing things."

Man waits for opportunity sometimes, but if he is big enough he gets busy and makes opportunity. Sometimes Opportunity with becoming sympathy forces itself on a man—but not often.

Woman sometimes finds Opportunity knocking at her door and Opportunity, possibly because it is masculine, waits patiently for her to finish dressing and come down in answer. Once in a while woman beards Opportunity in his den and yanking him out by the ears, spins him around in confusion.

The average man thinks he pleases the average woman best when he feeds her on flattery, but she knows he doesn't mean everything he says and sometimes he half suspects she is leading him on to the utmost. Some women are below-average. The woman who has the idea that Opportunity is "A Man—Regardless" is the below-the-average woman. There are some of this sort.

THE NEW YORK HERALD

Sunday, July 14th

The Magazine section of the New York Herald for July 14th, will appear in a new dress and with many innovations. Its makeup marks an innovation in journalism and its matter is vibrant with new and up-to-date ideas. The frontispiece consists of Mr. W. H. Loomis' brilliant drawing. The Polo Girl, instinct with action, alluring in grace, beautiful in color. With the first official polo match between women having just been played, this feature is graphically interesting and timely.

The number will also include a prize Poetry Contest, directed for the purpose of ascertaining if the Muse may flourish even in a so-called material age.

Thrilling tales of the survivors of the Democratic Siege of Baltimore, an authoritative article on the Campaign Dough Bag, Delegates Who Should Not Be at Large, and the Wonderful Memory Hall of James E. Watson, Our Jim, of Rushville, Taft leader at the Republican Convention, are among the political features.

Something in which the baseball fans will delight—the first number of a series of features entitled "Batter Up!" in which J. A. Fitzgerald tells in inimitable style how Larry Doyle, coming from the lots of Caseyville, Ill., rose to his high estate as captain of the Giants. A human interest story is told of the biggest player of 'em all, Louis Sockalexis, the deerfoot of the diamond.

The number includes a Woman's Page with a varied assortment of miscellany, all written in a bright and entertaining style and illustrated in a convincing manner.

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RURAL CREDITS

These With Vocational Education Important Items in Platform

Washington, July 13.—Two planks of the platform adopted by the National Democratic convention at Baltimore were supplied by the Southern Commercial Congress.

The adoption of the planks, one of them on rural agricultural systems and the other on vocational education, shows the constructive and immensely influential work the Southern Commercial Congress is doing in the agricultural and industrial upbuilding of the sixteen Southern States and the Nation.

Both planks were prepared by Senator Duncan U. Fletcher, of Florida, and Dr. C. J. Owens, president and managing director, respectively, of the Congress, and were presented to the resolutions committee in Baltimore. They were incorporated in the platform, verbatim, as follows:

"Of equal importance with the question of currency reform is the question of rural credits or agricultural finance. Therefore, we recommend that an investigation of agricultural credit societies in foreign countries be made so that it may be ascertained whether a system of rural credits may be devised suitable to conditions in the United States."

"We recognize the value of vocational education, and urge Federal appropriations for such training and extension teaching in agriculture in cooperation with the several States."

Two other planks were submitted by the Congress. One of these provided for Federal control of improvements and levees of the Mississippi river and the other for reclamation of the swamp lands of the country. While not adopted by the resolutions committee verbatim the substance of both resolutions was incorporated in the platform.

The Southern Commercial Congress believes that a system of agricultural finance, and vocational education are two of the most important problems confronting, not only the South, but the Nation. A bill by Senator Carroll S. Page, of Vermont, providing for national vocational education, is now pending in Congress. This bill has the backing of the Southern Commercial Congress. The Congress is now organizing a national commission, comprising two leading men of each of the States in the Union, and will go abroad next May to study European systems of rural finance. David Lubin, American delegate to the International of Agriculture, at Rome, will accompany this commission on its tour.

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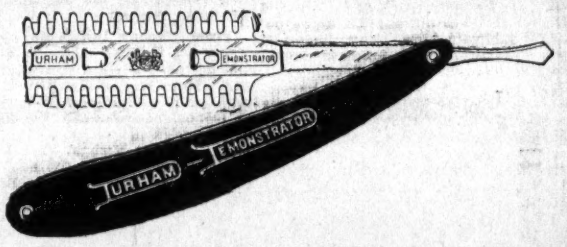

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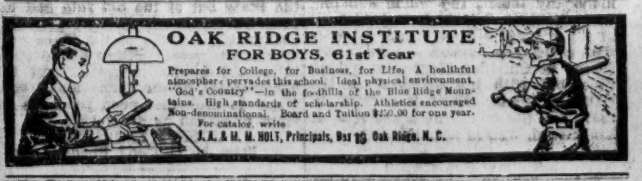

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GOSSIP OF FOREIGN CAPITALS

Proprietary Medicines Under Investigation In London—Egyptian Cotton—Labor Troubles In Great Britain

London, July 13.—Startling figures regarding the sale and use of secret proprietary medicines and appliances have been given in the testimony of Alfred Cox, secretary of the British Medical Association, before the select committee of the House of Commons, which is inquiring into the patent medicine traffic.

Cox stated that the gravest examples of the injury being done in this country by extensively advertised medicines and appliances were found among people suffering from consumption, cancer and rupture. He testified that in numerous cases of these maladies worthless remedies were tried in the early stages of the disease, and when eventually a medical man or surgeon was called in he was too late to be of any service. Frauds on the public, the witness testified, were pertrated in connection with proprietary medicines and appliances by the use of grossly exaggerated statements concerning their alleged curative properties and false statements as to the drugs used. Some of the apparatus and articles advertised were frauds pure and simple. It was estimated that in the year 1908 no less than $12,500,000, a sum sufficient to maintain forty thousand hospital beds, was spent in Great Britain on patent medicines.

Among the suggestions made by the Association for the control of the evil was one based on the American Pure Food and Drugs act, which provides that the amount and kind of drugs used in a patent preparation must be specified on the label.

* * *

The report of the American bureau of plant industry recommending that the Egyptian staple cotton be cultivated in Arizona and California on a commercial scale has been received here with interest by cotton importers who believe that the time will soon come when the United States will not be compelled to import any more of the staple. This report was followed by the annual statement of the government of Madras on the cotton crop of the Presidency for the present year. It shows an increase of sixteen per cent in the area devoted to cotton during the corresponding month last year. The general average of the crop is higher than during the past ten years.

* * *

Following on the heels of the announcement that Argentine had raised the quarantine against English cattle comes the news that the dreaded foot and mouth disease has again become epidemic here. The raising of the quarantine was followed immediately by the advent in England of a large party of Argentine stock buyers, who expected to be heavy purchasers at the Royal Stock show, but under the circumstances it is hardly likely that they will assume the risk of attempting to take any British cattle into the South American republic at this time.

The Board of Agriculutre immediately gave orders that all the remaining animals on the affected farms must be slaughtered and all movements of cattle within the threatened area were prohibited. Ireland has again closed her doors to cattle from Great Britain.

* * *

The fears of patriotic Englishmen that the oak staircase of Cromwell House was to be sold to an American have been allayed by the announcement that the South Kensington Museum has been given an option on it.

This action was taken because the house, which has been used as a home for incurable children, is about to be turned over to a boys' school and it is believed that the presence of a body of turbulent school lads would be as destructive to the famous carved stairway as an American collector.

The house, which is believed to have been built in 1614, was occupied by General Ireton, son-in-law of Oliver Cromwell, who gave it to his daughter as a dowry. The oaken stairway is beautifully carved with warlike figures copied from the Parliamentary army.

* * *

The next big labor trouble in Great Britain is expected from the shipyard workers. The federation of shipyard employers has recently refused the demands of the men for an eight-hour day and increased wages and the unions have replied by calling for a ballot of the employes as to whether they shall order a strike. A decision in favor of a strike would immediately affect 500,000 men and as the strike progressed another 500,000.

For months past the men in the various union have been preparing for a fight with the employers on the hour question, and the boilermakers have been pressing their demand for higher wages and permission to organize apprenticeships. The result of the ballot is considered a foregone conclusion and a long and bitter fight is anticipated.

* * *

A famous Stuart relic, the bedstead which was used by Prince Charles on the three nights previous to the battle of Culoden, will soon be offered for sale. It is an imposing and massive example of the best period of mahogany tester, the whole standing some fourteen feet high and with all of its original hangings and valances still attached. It was carefully preserved at Culloden House for a long time, but with the dispersal of the Culloden House effects it passed in 1897 into the hands of a resident of Kingswood, who is now offering it for sale.

Chinese Exploration

Tokyo, July 13.—An interesting explorer has just returned from the northwestern dependencies of China. He is the Rev. Zuicho Tachibana, who was sent into Chinese Turkestan, the province of Sinkiang, by Count Otani, the Lord Abbot of Hongwanji.

Tachibana is only 21 years of age, lightly built and almost feminine in appearance; yet since September, 1910, he traveled in regions hitherto unexplored and passed through marvellous experiences, bringing back with him invaluable information and many treasures. 1910 was not, however, Tachibana's first visit to the country, for in 1908 he passed through Mongolia and Sinkiang, and spent the year exploring Buddihist relics.

After this he accompanied Count Otani to London and left that capital in August, 1910. His route at this time took him through Tarpagatai, in the Chinese territory of Mongolia, to Urumptsi in the north of Sinkiang. From here he crossed the desert of Bogdo-Ola and reached Turfan on November 5th, 1910.

At this point he parted with his English servant, Hobbs, who had accompanied him and who went westward to Kutcha with heavy baggage, there to await Tachibana, who proceeded to the vast Lob Nor desert in Eastern Turkestan. For this expedition he organized a camel caravan, and reached the center of the Lob Nor desert on September 23rd.

Here in this desolate region, unexplored except by few, he found evidence of habitation and vegetation. He traversed the dry bed of what at one time must have been a great lake. He saw dead trees and unearthed huge trunks embedded deep in the sand, also pieces of ironware and tiles. Passing through the ruins of what Sven Hedin named Loulan—a fortress of days gone by — he found a frozen marsh at the foot of Lob Nor on the southern boundary of Sinkiang. Here Tachibana saw the first human being since he left Turfan. He was a hunter and on seeing Tachibana's caravan decamped, doubtless thinking they were robbers.

Leaving Lob Nor, he proceeded westward to the banks of the River Tarim. Here he found that there was no permanent snow range, but he discovered a number of relics, precious stones and an old book. He was unable to cross the range of Altyn Tagh or Gold Mountains, but proceeded further westward to Washar, where he succeeded in obtaining fresh supplies of provisions and ice, and again left for Chertchen over a great stretch of sand dunes extremely difficult to travel.

Chertchen he reached on January 13th, 1911, and having re-equipped he proceeded northward to Kuchar across the Tarim desert, camping along the marsh. Here he found wild pigs and other signs of animal life, tracks of wild camel and reached the dry bed of Usen river, a branch of the Tarim, on February 20th. The water gave out and the party dug a well 37 metres deep, where water was tapped and found to be bitter and undrinkable, but thirst drove them and after boiling it they drank. The whole party suffered from intense pains, but were able to proceed and after three days reached a small village, from which point Tachibana hastened forward on horseback to Kuchar to meet Hobbs.

Kuchar was reached on March 4th, and to Tachibana's great distress, he learned that Hobbs had died of smallpox in January. The body of the Englishman was sent to Kashgar.

During this trip Tachibana was unable to excavate to any great extent, but he found the deserts, the mountain ranges and the old forts full of scientific interest.

From Kuchar Tachibana proceeded westward through Aksu to Kashgah, the extreme western corner of Sinkiang. Here he met the British Consul who conducted the funeral service over Hobbs, who was the first foreigner to be buried in the province of Sinkiang. Leaving Kishgar on April 7th, Tachibana proceeded southward, exploring Pami valley, and reached Kho-t'an, which was explored by Dr. M. A. Stein for the Indian government. The heat at this time was extreme, and Tachibana crossed Kuluen and Attola mountains 16,500 feet high.

Later returning to Khotan, Tachibana proceeded to Kiria, and reached the Tibetan plateau, 15,000 feet above sea level, after various hardships. Here the cold was intense and the animals died of starvation. To escape the danger, Tachibana descended a steep path and glaciers. For five days Tachibana and his party were without food. Fortunately on the fifth day they met a hunter who supplied them with mutton.

Hence after recovering from this experience, Tachibana proceeded eastward toward Mongolia, along the northern base of the Altyn tagh to the borders of Kangsu. Here the British and the Russian consuls strongly urged him not to penetrate into China proper because of the revolution, and he turned back, retracing his steps to Siberia again, passing through Furfan and Urumptsi to Semiparatinsk and thence through Siberia to Japan.

Count Otani, the Lord Abbot, intends sending another expedition into the same territory and may again entrust Tachibana with the leadership if the young man's physical state is sufficiently strong to face the hardship.

GOOD ROADS ASSOCIATION.

State Convention to be Held in Charlotte—Important Session.

Chapel Hill, N. C., July 13.—We would like to call the attention of all North Carolinians who are interested in the State's progress and development to the annual convention of the North Carolina Good Roads Association, which is to be held in Charlotte August 1st and 2nd. Already a large number of delegates have been appointed to this convention, and it is expected that a large number will attend. Automobile runs are being arranged from our larger cities. It is expected that the Governor will be present, and Senators Overman and Simmons, who will discuss the building of roads from a Federal standpoint. Hon. John H. Small, and at least 1,000 good roads enthusiasts from all sections of North Carolina, who are earnest in their efforts to get the State out of the old ruts and unprogressiveness which has cost and is costing the citizens of the State such vast sums. Every citizen of the State interested in its progress and the achievement of the fundamental condition to progress—good roads, is invited to attend as a delegate.

JOSEPH HYDE PRATT,
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AN EXPANSION OF BUSINESS

How to Strengthen and Increase Southern Progress—Open Letter to Bankers, Investment Agencies and Others.

Baltimore, July 8.—Eastern, Western, English and Canadian capitalists are at the present time putting largely over $100,000,000 into Southern hydro-electric plants. Their plans will involve the ultimate expenditure of $150,000,000 to $200,000,000. Great banking houses and strong promoting concerns which have been making hese waterpower investments are also in many cases heavily interested in public utilities, especially street railways, gas and electric plants in the South.

These concerns have staked their reputation and the money of their clients upon the South, and we believe very wisely so. In order, however, to make sure that there shall be no halting, even temporarily, in the South's progress, no lessening of the market for its securities, it is incumbent upon them, as well upon the people who control the railroads and other great enterprises in this section, to bend every energy to the development of the South and Southwest to its increase in population, in manufactures, in agriculture, in city growth, and in every phase of human endeavor in order to make doubly sure the profitableness of the investments which they now have in the South. Every banking house which has put the money of its clients into hydro-electric developments, in street railway enterprises or kindred operations is vitally interested in the broadest work for Southern upbuilding. The hundreds of millions of dollars represented in these investments must be made to yield a large profit through the still broader development of every phase of Southern activity than we have yet seen. Every stockholders in these enterprises, as well as every stockholder of every railroad in the South, ought to be kept in constant touch with the progress of this section and with the opportunities which it presents for the investment of new capital and the expansion of business. The railroads of the South will need to raise a good many hundreds of millions of dollars in the next five or six years in order to increase their facilities in keeping with the potentialities of this region. They need, therefore, to cultivate among their present stockholders, as well as with the public at large, a closer acquaintanceship with the South in order that when additional capital is needed it may be the more easily secured. They should steadily broaden the knowledge of the South throughout the investing and business circles of this country and Europe, because there will be a need for almost unlimited capital to carry out the constructive work absolutely required in all parts of the South, and which will necessarily absorb hundreds of millions of dollars.

The banking houses of the East and West and England and Canada which have heavy investments in the South and the dominating powers in Southern railroads have never yet taken hold of this situation with the same energy and broadness of view which have marked the operations of other banking houses and railroad owners who have staked their reputation an the hundreds of millions of capital of their clients upon the growth of the West and the Pacific coast. The time has come for a radical change in this respect.

Every street railway or public service company in the South controlled by outside capital should be an active factor in attracting men and money to its community. No other interest is more vitally concerned as to the progress of a city than the public service corporations, whose very life depends upon the good will and the progress of the community in which it exists.

Railroad operators have often complained of the lack of capital to finance improvements in the South. They have to a large extent depended upon the bankers to take their securities and create a market for them, but they should consider the vital importance of making the whole country so thoroughly acquainted with the resources of the South as to create a world-wide investing demand for Southern railroad securities, those now outstanding, as well as the hundreds of millions that must be issued. Some of the railroads in the South are doing splendid work through their industrial and immigration departments in making known the advantages of this section for farmers and manufacturers, and yet the possibilities of the South are so limitless that the amount of money furnished to these industrial and immigration departments is picayunish as compared with what should be at their command. Not the managers of Southern railroads, except in rare cases, but the banking houses in New York and elsewhere, which dominate these roads, are the ones upon whom the blame must rest for not providing ten times as much money for the work of these departments as they now have at their command.

It cannot be too strongly emphasized that the banking and promoting houses interested in financing Southern water power developments must help to create the industries which will take the power thus generated.

Public service corporations must be leaders in the upbuilding of their communities.

The railroads and the banking houses identified with all these interests must broaden their campaign in a way which as yet they have seemed to little dream of if they would make the most of the situation and bring to their security holders and to the South the prosperity which can be created by work of this kind. These things are absolutely essential to the best interests of present investors in Southern securities, to create a broader demand for new securities and a broader expansion of the South's business activities. Very truly yours,

RICHARD H. EDMONDS,
President of Manufacturers' Record.

Cheyenne, Wyo., July 12.—Thirty people were injured, several seriously, this afternoon when the main tent and the animal tent of a circus was blown down by a windstorm.

You can always depend on some men doing nothing at all times.

TWIN COLONIES IN SOUTH

(Continued from Page Nine.)

and action of a young Italian boy—not more than 17—whose father and two older brothers had each purchased 10 acres, and who, not to be outdone, had himself taken 10. He left his mule standing in the furrow to come and talk to our party, walking about and explaining what was being done, and finally, apropos of nothing except the happiness welling up within him, he flung out his arms in a sweep that embraced the 10 acres upon which he was working and exclaimed joyously:

"'In t'ree more years I own all dis!'

"When we draw up in front of the home of a Polish family in the colony of Marathon one of the men, seeing the automobile stop, dropped the ax with which he was working and came running to meet us and show us over the place, and then led us further back to where his father and brother and himself were employed in taking out stumps and roots and preparing more land for cultivation. This family has been in the colony only a few months, but its members have made these few count and with the passing of another year will reap fine returns for their work. One of the brothers has been working somewhere in the North and sending money for the support of the family, while the other with the father cleaned up the land and put in the crop.

"In New Berlin colony we were on a place belonging to a German couple, where the wife had done most of the farm work while the husband worked for other people to earn sufficient money to keep things going until the farm would furnish the living. It will more than do that this year, and so they are preparing to buy as much more land adjoining what they have.

"A marked feature of all these colonies is the care bestowed by most of the colonists upon their homes. No matter how small the house in which the home is made, nor the nationality of the family living in it, improvement and ornamentation are immediately begun. With the gathering of a few families of the same nationality there comes an awakening of the social spirit, and soon there are societies and orders of one kind or another and the various modes of entertainment that appeal to the various peoples.

"At St. Helena a band was long ago organized, and now it furnishes music for dancing, for fete days and all special occasions. Co-operative stores have been organized and are being successfully conducted in some of the colonies, and in one at least there is a co-operative mill which does the community grinding. Churches and schools of course—the church spire soon rises in every colony and the school bell early begins to summon the young to books. The children are taught to speak and write English."

ROBESON'S COTTON CROP

Nearly As Many Bales as Whole State Of Florida

The county of Robeson, in the State of North Carolina, is a little giant when it comes to raising cotton, says the Charlotte Observer. The production of cotton in Robeson, in 1911, was 76,812 bales. Scotland, which was cut off from Robeson, produced 32,743 bales, so that the production of cotton in Robeson county as it was, amounted to 109,555 bales. But taking the crop of Robeson as that county is now formed, it is more than double the cotton crop of the entire State of Virginia. There is no county in either Oklahoma Georgia, Louisiana, or Mississippi, that can equal it in number of bales raised. There are three counties in South Carolina that barely exceed it—Anderson, with 80,382 bales; Orangeburg, with 87,976, and Spartanburg, with 78,145. There are 172 counties in Texas, many of them large ones, and only 10 of Texas' counties raise more cotton than does Robeson county. Only three raise more than Robeson and Scotland counties combined, or than Robeson county before it was dismembered. Robeson county alone comes within less than 20,000 bales of raising as much cotton as the whole State of Florida. And Robeson county isn't half trying, either. Four years ago that county raised but 47,104 bales, only a little more than Mecklenburg. With only a little prodding, the farmers of Robeson county might run their cotton crop to over a hundred thousand bales.

One-third of all deaths from all causes between the ages of 25 and 45 are from consumption.

DOCTORS ENDORSE

Newbro's Herpicide

When a doctor endorses a preparation it means more than an ordinary testimonial. His opinion is always that of the professional man devoted to the welfare of the people.

Dr. J. J. Boyd, Covington, Tenn. says: "I feel it my duty to write this for the benefit of those suffering from dandruff. In the average case a few applications of Newbro's Herpicide will remove all dandruff. It is advisable to continue its use for several weeks."

The words of J. B. Thompson, M D., No. 2 Burrough Place, Cor. Hollis St., Boston, Mass., are not less enthusiastic: "I can only speak in praise of Newbro's Herpicide. It is all that is claimed and perhaps more. Herpicide not only cleanses the scalp but brightens the hair, gives it life and makes it soft."

Dr. T. A. Moore, Duncan, Ariz., writes of his experience: "My scalp was in places covered by patches of dry, scaly material and the itching was incessant. Since using Herpicide all these evils have disappeared and my hair is soft, smooth and growing. Hair has grown on spots before but thinly covered."

Newbro's Herpicide is the original remedy to kill the dandruff germ and stop falling hair. The terrible itching which goes with dandruff is allayed almost at once.

Herpicide is for sale at Drug Stores and one dollar size bottles are guaranteed. Applications may be obtained at the leading barber shops. Be sure you get genuine Herpicide. Send 10c in postage for sample and book to The Herpicide Co., Dept. R., Detroit, Mich.

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All Bath Suits, Straw and Panama Hats included in this sale.

This sale starts Saturday morning.

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The ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD takes pleasure in announcing the inauguration July 1st 1912 of the following daily Pullman Parlor Car Service, between Wilmington and Greensboro, via Fayetteville and Sanford:

Westbound.		Eastbound.
Lv. 8:45 A. M. No. 53	Wilmington	Ar. 8:05 P. M. No. 52
Lv. 12:40 P. M. No. 53	Fayetteville	Ar. 4:45 P. M. No. 52
Ar. 1:40 P. M. No. 53	Sanford	Lv. 3:30 P. M. No. 52
Lv. 2:18 P. M.	Sanford	Ar. 3:20 P. M.
Ar. 4:45 P. M.	Greensboro	Lv. 12:50 P. M.

Thereby affording comfortable accommodations for parties visiting seashore and mountains.

Above service will be discontinued Sunday, September 15th, 1912.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
Wilmington, N. C.

BRICK! BRICK! BRICK!

We beg to announce that we have a large stock of BEST GRADE BUILDING BRICK on hand, and can make prompt deliveries.

Roger Moore's Sons & Company

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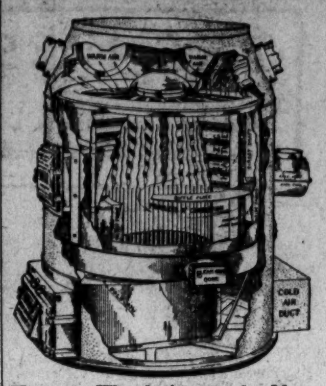

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In new houses, in remodelled houses, in houses where the old Heater must give place to the New one, look into the merits of the

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See us about the Kelsey.

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Look over these low excursion rates and attractive provisions, and then phone 160—or drop a line for any detail desired:

Wilmington to Washington, D. C., all rail or via Norfolk—$16.00.

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Wilmington to Niagara Falls, all rail—$35.85.

Wilmington to Niagara Falls, via Norfolk—$35.50.

Wilmington to Atlantic City, all rail $25.60.

Wilmington to Atlantic City, via Norfolk—$24.25.

Tickets sold daily, good to return until October 31st—are good to stop over if route so reads at Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York or Norfolk. Many other attractive trips and rates, for the asking.

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General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager,
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The line to the Celebrated Mountain Resorts of Virginia.
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ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of John Q. Myers, deceased, this is to notify all persons having claims against the said estate to present the same to me for payment on or before the 8th day of July, 1913, or this notice may be plead in bar of recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. CLARENCE L. MYERS,
jy7-1aw4w Administrator.

SALUDA, N. C.

The McAlpin House was opened for guests June 15th. Large shady place, exceptionally fine cooking; rates reasonable. Address Mrs. C. A. Stovall.
jy 7-su-6t.

CROCKETT ARSENIC-LITHIA SPRINGS

and Baths opens June 1. Elevation, 2,150 feet. Cures nervous prostration, dyspepsia, kidney disorders, malaria, rheumatic nd skin troubles and female irregularities. Clears and beautifies the complexion
Write for Booklet.
M. C. THOMAS,
Crockett Springs, Va.

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A COOL PLACE FOR THE SUMMER.

The Blowing Rock Country in the mountains of Western North Carolina. Write for illustrated booklet with rates.

Address Manager Green Park Hotel, Green Park, N. C.
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